#### AGENDA

Special Joint Meeting of the Asheboro City Board of Education and the Randolph County Board of Commissioners

February 10, 2022 at 6:00 p.m.

Charles W. McCrary Elementary School Multipurpose Room

Welcome

Mr. Michael Smith, Chair Asheboro City Board of Education

Call to Order

Mr. Darrell Frye, Chair Randolph County Board of Commissioners

Information and Reports

Dr. Aaron Woody, Superintendent Asheboro City Schools

a. Budget considerations for 2022-2023 – Dr. Aaron Woody, Superintendent

b. 10-Year Long-Range Facility Plan – Mr. Chris Scott, Director of Facilities and Maintenance

c. Asheboro High School Construction Update- Smith Sinnett Architecture

d. Discussion

Adjournment

Mr. Darrell Frye, Chair Randolph County Board of Commissioners

#### ASHEBORO CITY BOARD OF EDUCATION Charles W. McCrary Elementary School Multipurpose Room February 10, 2022 7:30 p.m.

#### 6:00 p.m. – Joint Meeting with Randolph County Board of Commissioners

#### I. Opening

- A. Call to Order
- **B.** Moment of Silence
- **C.** Pledge of Allegiance Ms. Julie Brady, Principal, South Asheboro Middle School
- \*D. Approval of Agenda

#### II. Special Recognition and Presentations

- A. School Spotlight Ms. Julie Brady, Principal, South Asheboro Middle School
- B. Community Partner Spotlight Ms. Leigh Anna Marbert, Public Information Officer
- C. Points of Pride Ms. Leigh Anna Marbert, Public Information Officer

#### III. <u>Superintendent's Report</u> – Dr. Aaron Woody, Superintendent

#### IV. Public Comments

Citizens who signed up to address the Board will be called on to make comments. Each individual speaker will be allowed three minutes for remarks. Issues or concerns involving personnel matters are not appropriate for the public comment setting.

#### V. \*Consent Agenda

- A. Approval of Minutes for January 13, 2022 Board of Education Meeting and Board Retreat for January 28-29, 2022
- **B.** Policies Recommended for Approval:
  - Policy 1720/4030/7235 Title IX Nondiscrimination On The Basis Of Sex
  - Policy 1725/4035/7246 Title IX Sexual Harassment-Prohibited Conduct and Reporting Process
  - Policy 1726/4036/7237 Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Process
  - Policy 2475 School Rules
  - Policy 7100 Recruitment And Selection of Personnel
  - Policy 7110 Information Provided By Applicant Or Employee
  - Policy 7130 Licensure
  - Policy 7262– Communicable Diseases Employees
  - Policy 7400 Job Descriptions
  - Policy 7520 Family And Medical Leave
  - Policy 7530 Military Leave
  - Policy 7820 Personnel Files
  - Policy 8110 Budget Resolution
  - Policy 9200 Care And Maintenance of Facilities

- Policy 9300 Naming Facilities
- C. Personnel
- D. Public School Building Capital Fund NC Education Lottery Application
- E. Noncompetitive Procurement Request, McGraw Hill, LLC
- F. Noncompetitive Procurement Request Really Great Reading Company, LLC
- **G.** Budget Amendment S-02
- H. Budget Amendment F-02

#### VI. Information, Reports, and Recommendations

- A. Policies Recommended for 30-Day Review Dr. Drew Maerz, Director of Support Services
  - Policy 1310/4002 Parental Involvement
  - Policy 2325 Board Meetings News Coverage
  - Policy 3100 Curriculum Development
  - Policy 3225/4312/7320 Technology Responsible Use
  - Policy 3410 Testing And Assessment Program
  - Policy 3420 Student Promotion And Accountability
  - Policy 3460 Graduation Requirements
  - Policy 4050 Children of Military Families
  - Policy 4120 Domicile Or Residence Requirements
  - Policy 4150 School Assignment
  - Policy 4152 Unsafe School Choice Transfer
  - Policy 4300 Student Behavior Policies
  - Policy 4316 Student Dress Code
  - Policy 4400 Attendance
  - Policy 4720 Surveys of Students
- B. Strategic Plan 2022-2026 Dr. Aaron Woody, Superintendent
- C. Data Benchmark Update Ms. Deanna Wiles, Director of K-12 Education

#### VII. \* Action Items

- A. School Calendar Revision 2022-2023 Dr. Drew Maerz, Director of Support Services
- **B.** Vote on Local Face Covering Policies required by SL 2021-130 (Senate Bill 654).

#### VIII. Board Operations - Chairman Michael Smith

- A. Calendar of Events
- B. Presentation of NCSBA Scholars Circle Award to Ms. Linda Cranford for 2020-2021
- IX. Adjournment

\*Item(s) requires action/approval by the Board of Education

Asheboro City Schools' Board of Education meetings are paperless. All information for the board meetings may be viewed at <u>http://www.asheboro.k12.nc.us</u> under Board of Education the Friday following the board meeting.

#### ASHEBORO CITY BOARD OF EDUCATION February 10, 2022 7:30 p.m. Charles W. McCrary Elementary School Multipurpose Room

#### Addendum

#### 6:00 p.m. - Joint Meeting with Randolph County Board of Commissioners

- I. <u>Opening</u>
- II. Special Recognition and Presentations
- III. <u>Superintendent's Report</u>

#### IV. Public Comments

#### V. <u>Consent Agenda</u>

C. Personnel (addendum added)
I. Field Trip Request – Overnight Trip for AHS Swim Team - State Championship

#### VI. Information, Reports, and Recommendations

#### VII. Action Items

B. Budget Amendment CO-01 – Ms. Sandra Spivey, Finance Officer
C. Asheboro High School Project Budget Amendment – Ms. Sandra Spivey, Finance Officer
D. Vote on Local Face Covering Policies – required by SL 2021-130 (Senate Bill 654).

#### VIII. <u>Board Operations</u> Calendar of Events – Revision

#### IX. <u>Closed Session</u>

Under NC General Statute 143-318.11.A1, to prevent disclosure of information that is privileged or confidential pursuant to the law of this State or of the United States, or not considered a public record within the Meaning of Chapter 132 of the General Statutes, the Board will enter closed session to discuss personnel matters.

#### X. Adjournment

\*Item(s) requires action/approval by the Board of Education.

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# February 10, 2022

#### **Community Partner Spotlight:**

During the February meeting of the Asheboro City Board of Education, the district will recognize the Randolph County Juvenile Day Reporting Center for their support of students and their families at South Asheboro Middle School.

#### School Spotlight:

Principal Julie Brady of South Asheboro Middle School, along with members of her School Leadership Team, will present information on computer science courses taking place at SAMS.





Points of Pride February 10, 2022

#### Hurley Earns J-100 Scholarship

Cadet Colonel Luke Hurley has been named one of 100 cadets nationwide to receive a J-100 Scholarship from Air Force JROTC. The J-100 AFJROTC Character-in-Leadership Scholarship, provides cadets a four-year scholarship with benefits including four years 100 percent paid tuition, as well as to university-owned/on-campus housing fees, a book stipend, and the standard AFROTC cadet stipend. Congratulations to Cadet Colonel Hurley.

#### ACS Students Selected for Central Bandmasters All-District Honor Bands

Eight Asheboro City Schools students were selected, through competitive audition, for the North Carolina Central District Bandmasters Association All-District Honor Bands. These students worked with outstanding musicians from around the Central District in a weekend clinic and concert on January 28-29. Students from North Asheboro Middle School included: Estefani Juarez-Rodriguez, flute; Carlos Castaneda, clarinet; Jacob Leveille, clarinet. Students from Asheboro High School included: Jaysin Martyn, clarinet; Gael Ambriz, clarinet; Meghan Prochnau, bassoon; Josue Escalante, percussion; Omar Romero-Jimenez, alto saxophone. Jaysin Martyn and Meghan Prochnau have also qualified to audition for the All-State Honor Bands in March.

#### Students Advancing to the District-Level Spelling Bee

We wish to congratulate each of our school-level spelling bee winners who have qualified to participate in the Asheboro City Schools Spelling Bee on Tuesday, February 8 at 6:00 p.m. in the South Asheboro Middle School auditorium. The winner will then advance to the regional spelling bee later this spring. Congratulations to: BAL – McKayla Ross CWM – Zamari Jefferson DLL – Kellana Dunn GBT – Garrett Richardson LPES – Allison Rodriguez NAMS – Kamryn Yow SAMS – Eva Vuncannon

#### Third Straight Title for the Blue Comet Wrestling Team

Congratulations to the Blue Comet Wrestling Team and Coaches Wes and Jake Berrier! On Wednesday, January 26, the Blue Comets defeated Ledford with a score of 48-27, affording them their third straight Mid-Piedmont Conference Championship! The team went on to compete in the NCHSAA 3A Dual playoffs on Monday, January 31.

# ASHEBORO CITY BOARD OF EDUCATION MINUTES

#### January 13, 2022 7:30 p.m. North Asheboro Middle School Theater

#### **Policy Committee**

#### Policy Committee Members present:

Ryan Patton	Linda Cranford	Gidget Kidd	Gwen Williams
Hailey Lee	Adam Hurley	Gus Agudelo	Baxter Hammer
Michael Smith	-	-	

#### **Staff Members present:**

	Dr. Aaron Woody	Dr. Drew Maerz	Carla Freemyer
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Meeting called to order at 5:57 p.m. and Dr. Maerz presented the following policy amendments:

#### Policy 1310/4002 - Parental Involvement

• Deletes a word in subsection D.11 to align with policy 3225/4312/7320

#### Policy 2325 - Board Meeting News Coverage

- Feedback given by a community member during the 30-day review
- Language updated to align with NCSBA recommendations
- Remove requirement to provide a summary, other than minutes, to media upon request
- Language update to align with policy 2302
- Consensus of the committee to continue with the policy changes recommended by the NCSBA

#### Policy 3100 - Curriculum Development

- Adds curriculum must be developed using "any other legally required resources," in recognition of new legal requirement that literacy curriculum and instruction must adhere to the statewide literacy instruction standards (to be developed by the SBE) and the new model literacy implementation plan (to be developed by NCDPI).
- Updated Legal References
- Board members asked for examples of curriculum committees and who serves on those committees

#### Policy 3225/4312/7320 - Technology Responsible Use

- Updated extensively to bring it in line with current common technology-related practices
- Eliminates the designation of the use of school technological resources as a "privilege"
- Creates an exception in authorized situations for student personal use of school technology resources for amusement or entertainment
- Adds requirement to follow terms and conditions of use for software, applications, and subscription services
- Broadens the responsibility to supervise student use of the internet to include all employees, not just teachers
- Deletes old Section D
- Updates the cross references

#### Policy 3410 - Testing and Assessment Program

- Adds the obligation to provide "interventions" to reflect new state literacy interventions requirements
- Updated legal references

#### Policy 3420 - Student Promotion and Accountability

- Updates Section E to address all literacy interventions that will be required beginning with the 2022-2023 school year
- Modifies the information about reading camps to be more general
- In accordance with change to state law effective in 2022-2023, requires the development of an individual reading plan and notice to the parent for students in K-3 demonstrating difficulty with reading development
- In accordance with S.L. 2021-8, Sec. 8, adds requirement to (1) provide access to the resources of the DPI Digital Children's Reading Initiative, and (2) provide hard copies of printable activities to children who lack digital access at home
- In accordance with state law, requires an annual submission to DPI of the LEA's plan for literacy interventions
- Minor editorial changes, updated legal references, and updates "Other Resources"

#### Policy 3460 - Graduation Requirements

- Updates terminology from "while in middle school" to "prior to grade 9"
- Updates the information about courses substituting for founding principles courses
- Updates SBE policy that established the requirements for a graduation certificate for students with disabilities

#### Policy 4050 - Children of Military Families

- Adds a new Section C about resolution of issues
- Minor editorial changes and updated cross references

#### Policy 4120 - Domicile or Residence Requirements

- Adds the new statutory requirement in Section C allowing a student to attend school tuition-free if the student is residing in the LEA with a parent, guardian, or legal custodian who is on active military duty and assigned to a military installation or reservation in North Carolina
- deletes the former basis for school admission via caregiver affidavit for students with parents or guardians on active military duty
- Adds a new Section D, Remote Enrollment of Children of Military Families

# Updated cross references

#### Policy 4150 - School Assignment

- Significant revision to make the policy more comprehensive and to clarify the distinction between reassignments and transfers
- Section B was modified to clarify that assignments are ordinarily made on the basis of domicile
- Section C was revised to clarify and simplify the process for requests for reassignment
- Section F was deleted
- Minor clarifying and editorial changes and updated cross references

#### Policy 4152 - Unsafe School Choice Transfer

- In Section A, removes the reference to the reporting requirement, which is already addressed in policy 4335, and removes statutory citations following each criminal offense
- Updated legal references

#### Policy 4300 - Student Behavior Policies

- Adds language in Section C stating that students will not be disciplined for constitutionally protected behavior
- Adds language in Section E to ensure that school discipline policies are applied consistent with students' constitutional rights

• Clarifying language, minor editorial changes, and updated legal references

#### Policy 4316 - Student Dress Code

- Clarifies that any dress code adopted by a school must be nondiscriminatory
- Editorial changes and updated cross references
- Discussion of complaints about the high school dress code being outdated; Dr. Maerz shared that a committee is being formed to review and make recommendations for the 2022-2023 school year. The committee will include a cross section of staff, students and parents.

#### Policy 4400 – Attendance

• Adds language from DPI's *School Attendance and Student Accounting Manual* regarding attendance on remote instruction days

#### Policy 4720 - Surveys of Students

- Revises the opening statement to require the superintendent to ensure all requirements of the PPRA are met, not just those pertaining to student surveys.
- Reorganizes Section A for clarity
- Adds a new Section B to address surveys created by third parties
- Updates Section C to explain the statutory rules regarding the collection, disclosure, and use of personal student information for the purpose of marketing or selling the information
- Updates former section on parent involvement to reflect policies that boards should have in place to meet PPRA requirements
- Updated legal references and cross references

Dr. Maerz informed the board that we have a recommendation from our attorney to consider consolidating some of our Title IX policies. Dr. Maerz asked the committee to think about this option, as this would move these away from the NCSBA and we would be dependent on our attorney for future updates. The committee agreed to consider this at a future meeting.

There being no further business, the meeting was adjourned at 6:58 pm.

#### Finance Committee

#### The following board members were present:

Michael SmithBaxter HammerGus AgudeloAdam Hurley

Gwen Williams

## Staff members present:

Dr. Aaron Woody

Sandra Spivey

#### Others present:

Adam Scepurek, Anderson, Smith & Wike, PLLC

Gwen Williams called the meeting to order at 7:05 p.m. and referred to Sandra Spivey.

Ms. Spivey reviewed the School Treasurers list and Bank Signature Card, which include the addition of Marsha Vickery, the new Treasurer at Asheboro High School.

Ms. Spivey reviewed the budget amendments S-01 and F-01. These amendments include adjustments for actual budget amounts allocated from State and Federal with the passing of the State budget.

Ms. Spivey reviewed the Salary Schedules for after school care workers, substitutes and bus drivers. With the recently passed State budget, all employees shall make at least \$13.00 per hour effective January 1, 2022. These schedules reflect this requirement.

Ms. Spivey introduced Adam Scepurek, partner with Anderson, Smith & Wike PLLC. Mr. Scepurek gave an overview of the recent financial audit of the 2020-2021 school year. Mr. Scepurek will be presenting the audit during the meeting tonight for the Board to approve.

There being no further business, Gwen Williams adjourned the meeting at 7:25 p.m.

#### **Board of Education**

#### **Board Members present:**

Chairman Michael Smith Hailey Lee Gidget Kidd Gus Agudelo Vice Chairman Baxter Hammer Gwen Williams Adam Hurley

Ryan Patton Linda Cranford

#### Board Members absent:

Phillip Cheek

# Dr. Beth Knott

Staff Members attending:

Dr. Aaron Woody Carla Freemyer Dr. Drew Maerz Sarah Beth Robbins Christina Kinley Angel Etheridge Sandra Spivey Leigh Anna Marbert Christopher Scott Jordan Seagraves Tracie Ross Anthony Woodyard Brian Wysong Deanna Wiles Chandra Manning Barb Skelly

#### <u>Opening</u>

Chairman Smith called the meeting to order at 7:31 p.m. and welcomed all in attendance. Mr. Smith opened the meeting with a moment of silence. He then asked Donna Lee Loflin Assistant Principal Jordan Seagraves to introduce his students who led the Pledge of Allegiance.

Upon motion by Ryan Patton and seconded by Gwen Williams, the Board unanimously approved the meeting agenda.

#### Special Recognitions & Presentations:

**Mr. Jordan Seagraves, Assistant Principal, Donna Lee Loflin Elementary School, presented the School Spotlight:** Mr. Seagraves welcomed Mr. Brian Wysong who led the School Spotlight. Mr. Wysong presented the School Spotlight by sharing a presentation titled "Equity Focus". Mr. Wysong stated that Loflin's goal is "Acceptance for All" and he shared a number of ways in which they were working towards that goal. They have added over thirty multicultural books to their library and diversified their literacy closet. They have a school-wide focus on identity and diversity and their students are engaged in activities that promote selflove and acceptance of all students. **Ms. Chandra Manning, BT Coordinator/Curriculum Specialist, presented the National Board Renewal:** Ms. Manning recognized Ms. Sharon Andrews, Instructional Facilitator at Donna Lee Loflin Elementary School, for earning recertification from the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards (NBPTS).

**Ms. Leigh Anna Marbert, Public Information Officer, presented the following Community Partner Spotlight:** Ms. Marbert shared that West Asheboro Church of God was named the Community Partner for the month of January for their newly-established partnership with Donna Lee Loflin Elementary School. This partnership has greatly benefitted many of the students, staff, and families at Loflin. Most notably, West Asheboro Church of God was able to make a donation of \$6,500 to the school thanks to their annual Christmas tree fundraiser.

# Ms. Leigh Anna Marbert, Public Information Officer, presented the following Points of Pride:

- Recognition of Keichelle Joyce, Guy B. Teachey Elementary School teacher, who is one of 27 finalists for the NCCAT 2022 Prudential Beginning Teacher of the Year award.
- Highlights from Asheboro High Schools' Advanced Manufacturing Open House event that took place in December which drew 30 students, families, and industry professionals to learn more about the Advanced Manufacturing program.
- The final point shared highlighted the district's new partnership with Youth Haven Services (YHS). YHS has established a facility on the campus of North Asheboro Middle School that will support students with significant needs relating to their social and emotional health. Youth Haven Services will begin working with referred students on January 24, 2022.

#### Superintendent's Report

Dr. Aaron Woody, Superintendent discussed the recent state-legislated bonuses and raises that will be reflected on the January 31, 2022 payroll. He also shared information about various assessments taking place in our schools that the district will use to monitor student achievement this school year.

#### Public Comments

There were no public comments.

#### Consent Agenda

Upon motion by Ryan Patton and seconded by Gwen Williams, the Board unanimously approved the following items.

- A. Approval of Minutes December 9, 2021
- \*B. Policies Recommended for Approval:
  - Policy 2125/7315 Confidential Information
  - Policy 2410 Policy Development
  - Policy 2420 Adoption Of Policies
  - Policy 2430 Dissemination And Preservation Of Policies
  - Policy 2450 Suspension Of Board Policies
  - Policy 2460 Administration In Policy Absence
  - Policy 2470 Administrative Procedures
  - Policy 2600 Consultants To The Board

- Policy 3510 Religious-Based Exemptions From School Programs
- Policy 7120 Employee Health Certificate
- C. Personnel See personnel list below.
- D. Asheboro City Schools List of School Treasurers 2021-2022
- E. Bank Signature Card for Asheboro High School
- F. Budget Amendment S-01
- G. Budget Amendment F-01
- H. Field Trip Request Overnight trip for AHS Wrestling Tournament
- I. Field Trip Request Overnight trip for AHS DECA CDC State Competition
- J. Updated 2021-2022 Salary Schedule After School Care & Substitutes
- K. Updated 2021-2022 Salary Schedule Bus Drivers & Monitors
- L. ESS Contract Amendment

#### Asheboro City Schools Personnel Transactions January 13, 2022

#### \*A. RESIGNATIONS/RETIREMENTS/SEPARATIONS

LAST	FIRST	SCHOOL	SUBJECT	EFFECTIVE
Baxter	Brooke	AHS	English	1/14/2022
Hammer	Gwen	GBT	Instructional Assistant	1/31/2022
McKinnon	Leslie	SAMS	Exceptional Children	1/14/2022
Sabogal	Jafeth	DLL	School Secretary	2/4/2022

#### **\*B. APPOINTMENTS**

LAST	FIRST	SCHOOL	SUBJECT	EFFECTIVE
Hatchett	Taylor	NAMS	Non-Faculty Coach; Girls Assistant Basketball	11/8/2021
Howard	Tony	CO	Bus Driver	1/3/2022
Lopienski	John B.	NAMS	Non-Faculty Coach; Assistant Wrestling	11/8/2021
McCarter	Justin	NAMS	Non-Faculty Coach; Boys Basketball	11/8/2021
Pike	Gabrielle	CO	Behavior Specialist	1/13/2022

#### Asheboro City Schools Personnel Transactions - ADDENDUM January 13, 2022

#### A. RESIGNATIONS/RETIREMENTS/SEPARATIONS

LAST	FIRST	SCHOOL	SUBJECT	EFFECTIVE
Bump	Luke	AHS	English	1/21/2022
Campbell	Taylor	SAMS	Agriculture Science	2/11/2022
Huff	Susan	CO	Occupational Therapist	12/31/2021
Long	Marianne	SAMS	Exceptional Children	2/4/2022

*B. APPC	INTMENTS			
LAST	FIRST	SCHOOL	SUBJECT	EFFECTIVE
Arroyo	Nicholas	AHS	Business and Information Technology	1/14/2022
Berry-Wilson	Kalie	CWM	Media Specialist	3/21/2022

Chester	Gary	NAMS	Non-Faculty Coach (various sports)	1/14/2022
Harley	Rebecca	CO	Bus Driver	1/6/2022
Marshall	Rebecca	CO	Child Nutrition Bookkeeper	2/7/2022
Turner	Robert	CO	Bus Driver	1/6/2022

#### **C. TRANSFERS**

LAST	FIRST	SCHOOL	SUBJECT	EFFECTIVE
Lawson	Rebecca	NAMS to CO	Instructional Assistant to Social Worker	TBD

#### Information and Reports

- A. Update on COVID-19 and CDC Protocols Tara Aker, Public Health Director, Randolph County Public Health share a presentation about recent COVID-19 numbers for Randolph County. She discussed percent positive rates and rates of transmission, as well as vaccination and booster information. Ms. Aker reported that the Omicron variant is three times more contagious than the Delta variant and Randolph County reported a 25.7% positivity rate today. She urged the public to be vaccinated, wear masks, social distance, practice good hygiene, and to stay home and away from others if sick.
- B. ACS Internal COVID-19 Update Ms. Carla Freemyer, Executive Director of Human Resources shared COVID-19 numbers specific to the district. She reported that prior to the holidays we were reporting 8-12 positive cases per week with minimal exposures and quarantines. The first four days of this week, we have had 65 positive cases reported. We have 99 quarantines due to school exposure, most of which are due to athletics, and 135 quarantines due to community exposure. The district provides positive COVID-19 numbers and exposures on a weekly basis using the COVID-19 Dashboard, which is updated on Fridays by 4 p.m.

\*\*Upon motion by Linda Cranford and seconded by Gwen Williams, the Board unanimously approved to vote on Action Item: A. Naming Facilities Recommendation, at this time. See below under Action Items for the vote result. The meeting continued following the approved agenda after this vote.

- C. Dr. Drew Maerz, Director of Support Services, presented policies for 30-Day Review:
  - Policy 1720/4030/7235 Title IX Nondiscrimination On The Basis Of Sex
  - Policy 1725/4035/7246 Title IX Sexual Harassment-Prohibited Conduct and Reporting Process
  - Policy 1726/4036/7237 Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Process
  - Policy 2475 School Rules
  - Policy 7100 Recruitment And Selection of Personnel
  - Policy 7110 Information Provided By Applicant Or Employee
  - Policy 7130 Licensure
  - Policy 7262– Communicable Diseases Employees
  - Policy 7400 Job Descriptions
  - Policy 7520 Family And Medical Leave
  - Policy 7530 Military Leave
  - Policy 7820 Personnel Files
  - Policy 8110 Budget Resolution
  - Policy 9200 Care And Maintenance of Facilities

- Policy 9300 Naming Facilities
- D. Facilities and Phase III Construction Updates Mr. Christ Scott, our Director of Facilities and Maintenance, provided an update on the renovation at Asheboro High School Phase III renovations. He reported renovations to the high school are on schedule according to the original timeline and he anticipates students and staff will begin utilizing the newly-renovated building in early 2023.
- E. Exceptional Education Discipline Disproportionality Ms. Tracie Ross, Director of Exceptional Education, shared a presentation about discipline disproportionality among our exceptional children's population and students districtwide. Her team has developed a number of workgroups to address this disproportionality and will update the board with their progress in the coming months.
- F. LETRS presentation Ms. Deanna Wiles, Director of K-12 Education, provided an update on the status of LETRS training in our district. LETRS, or Language Essentials for Teachers of Reading and Spelling, is the state adopted training program to address the Science of Reading, part of the Excellent Public Schools Act. This training helps teachers understand what research says about how students learn to read, and also helps them know how to apply it in their everyday practice. Administrators and central office instructional leaders in Asheboro City Schools have already begun their training. Instructional Facilitators and Reading Specialists will begin later this Spring, and Pre-K through Fifth grade teachers will follow in the Fall. The training will take 2 years and 157 hours for K-5 teachers to complete.

#### Action Items:

A. Naming Facilities Recommendation – Dr. Aaron Woody, Superintendent requested approval of a Naming Facilities Recommendation to name the AHS softball field scoreboard after retired educator and coach, Ms. Lisa Robertson. Upon motion by Ryan Patton and seconded by Vice Chairman Baxter Hammer, the board unanimously approved the recommendation.

After this vote, the board meeting resumed with the approved Agenda.

- B. 2020-2021 Auditor's Report Adam Scepurek, Anderson Smith & Wilke PLLC presented the 2020-2021 Auditor's Report. Upon motion by Vice Chairman Baxter Hammer and seconded by Gidget Kidd, the board unanimously approved the 2020-2021 Auditor's Report.
- C. ESSER III Premium Pay Bonus Ms. Sandra Spivey, Finance Officer, presented a plan for a proposed COVID Training bonus for all staff. Chairman Michael Smith, Vice Chairman Baxter Hammer, and Ryan Patton recused themselves because of a conflict of interest. Upon motion by Gus Agudelo and seconded by Linda Cranford, the Board unanimously approved for Gidget Kidd to act as Chairman Pro Tempore for the vote on this issue. Upon motion by Gus Agudelo and seconded by Linda Cranford, the plan was approved as presented. Upon motion by Ryan Patton and seconded by Hailey Lee, the Board unanimously approved for Chairman Smith to resume his leadership role in the meeting.
- D. Per Session Law 2021-130 (Senate Bill 654), the Board is required to conduct a monthly vote on Local Face Covering Policies. The Board conducted a roll call vote, which resulted in the continuation of the mask mandate inside school facilities. Those voting to continue the mask mandate included Chairman Michael Smith, Vice Chairman Baxter Hammer, Linda Cranford, Gwen Williams, Gus Agudelo and Ryan Patton. Gidget Kidd, Adam Hurley, and Hailey Lee voted for mask optional.

#### **Board Operations:**

Chairman Smith reviewed information regarding upcoming events including the Board's

winter retreat to be held on Friday and Saturday, January 28 and 29 at Randolph Community College's Corporate Training Center, and a reminder about the National School Boards Association (NSBA) annual conference to be held in April.

The next board meeting will be February 10, 2022.

Chairman Smith presented the Board Committee Assignments for 2022.

Chairman Smith announced that the Board was awarded the 2021 North Carolina School Boards Association Silver Bell Award for each member earning 12 hours of training between July 1-June 30.

#### Adjournment:

There being no further business and upon motion by Ryan Patton and seconded by Gidget Kidd, the Board unanimously approved to adjourn at 11:05 p.m.

Chairman

Secretary

#### Asheboro City Board of Education Winter Board Retreat Randolph Community College Corporate Training Center January 28-29, 2022

#### <u>January 28, 2022</u>

#### **Board Members attending:**

Michael Smith, Chairman Phillip Cheek Dr. Beth Knott Adam Hurley Baxter Hammer, Vice Chairman Linda Cranford Hailey Lee Gwen Williams

Gustavo Agudelo Ryan Patton

#### **Board Members absent:**

Gidget Kidd

#### Staff attending in person:

Dr. Aaron Woody

#### **Opening**:

Chairman Michael Smith called the meeting to order at 4:00 p.m. and welcomed all in attendance.

#### Master Board Training:

As a part of ongoing Master Board training, sponsored by the North Carolina School Boards Association, Dr. Walter Hart presented a session on *Connecting With Your Community*. The key objectives of this training were:

- 1. Communicating with the public is a two-way process;
- 2. Understanding the increased importance of public engagement;
- 3. Identifying internal and external publics;
- 4. Analyzing the public input of board meetings;
- 5. Learning five helpful ways to listen to the public;
- 6. Considering ideas to make board meetings a more positive communication tool;
- 7. Learning guidelines for communicating as an individual board member.

This session educated board members on how to translate current team strengths into a more effective board. Skills acquired through this module are foundational to subsequent Master Board training courses.

The meeting adjourned at 7:45 p.m.

## <u>January 29, 2022</u>

### THIS SESSION WAS CANCELED DUE TO INCLEMENT WEATHER.

Chairman

Secretary

# Policies For Approval

The school system does not discriminate on the basis of sex (including pregnancy, childbirth, sexual orientation, and gender identity) in its education programs or activities and is required by Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972 and federal regulations to not discriminate in such a manner. This requirement extends to admission and employment. The board will not tolerate discrimination on the basis of sex, including any form of sexual harassment as that term is defined under Title IX, in any program or activity of the school system.

#### A. INQUIRIES ABOUT TITLE IX

The board has designated a Title IX coordinator to coordinate its efforts to comply with its responsibilities under Title IX and its implementing regulations. Inquiries about the application of Title IX and its implementing federal regulations may be referred to the Title IX coordinator and/or the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights in the Office for Civil Rights at the U.S. Department of Education.

The contact information for the Title IX coordinator is as follows.

The contact information for the Asheboro City Schools Title IX Coordinator for students is:

Director of Support Services 1126 South Park Street PO Box 1103 Asheboro, NC 27204 Office: (336) 625-5104

The contact information for the Asheboro City Schools Title IX Coordinator for staff is:

Executive Director of Human Resources 1126 South Park Street PO Box 1103 Asheboro, NC 27204 Office: (336) 625-5104

The contact information for the Office for Civil Rights with jurisdiction over North Carolina is as follows.

4000 Maryland Ave, SW Washington, DC 20202-1475

 Telephone: 202-453-6020
 TDD: 800-877-8339

 FAX: 202-453-6021
 Email: OCR.DC@ed.gov

#### **B. RESOLUTION OF GRIEVANCES**

The board has established grievance procedures that provide for the prompt and equitable resolution of complaints alleging discrimination on the basis of sex (other than sexual harassment) in a program or activity of the school system occurring against a person in the United States. Students and parents or guardians may report such alleged discrimination through the process provided in policy 1740/4010, Student and Parent Grievance Procedure. Employees and applicants may use the process provided in policy 1750/7220, Grievance Procedure for Employees.

The board has adopted additional means for reporting sexual harassment specifically. Any person may report alleged sexual harassment in the education program or activities of the school system occurring against a person in the United States in accordance with policy 1725/4035/7236, Title IX Sexual Harassment – Prohibited Conduct and Reporting Process. Those who believe they have been sexually harassed may also file a formal complaint of sexual harassment in accordance with policy 1726/4036/7237, Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Process, to initiate a prompt and equitable resolution through a formal investigation and adjudication or through an informal resolution process. The board encourages students, employees, and applicants to first make a report of sexual harassment in accordance with policy 1725/4035/7236 before filing a formal complaint.

#### C. RETALIATION PROHIBITED

Retaliation against any person for the exercise of rights under Title IX or to interfere with those rights in any way is strictly prohibited and will subject the perpetrator to disciplinary action. The identity of any person who has made a report or complaint of sex discrimination or sexual harassment or who is the alleged perpetrator of sex discrimination or sexual harassment will be confidential unless otherwise required or permitted by law. Complaints alleging retaliation may be filed according to the grievance processes established in policies 1740/4010 and 1750/7220. Acts of retaliation may also be subject to policy 1760/7280, Prohibition Against Retaliation.

#### D. NOTICE OF THE BOARD'S POLICY OF NONDISCRIMINATION BASED ON SEX

The superintendent is responsible for providing notice of the board's nondiscrimination policy to students and their parents or legal guardians, employees, and applicants for admission or employment. The superintendent shall also ensure that each principal or site supervisor makes a copy of this policy available to those persons. In addition, the following must be posted on the school system website and included in all student and employee handbooks: (1) a statement of the board's policy of nondiscrimination on the basis of sex; (2) contact information for the Title IX coordinator; and (3) a statement that

Title IX inquiries may be referred to the Title IX coordinator or to the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights.

Legal References: Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972, 20 U.S.C. 1681 *et seq.*; 34 C.F.R. Part 106; *Grimm v. Gloucester County School Board*, 972 F.3d 586 (4<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2020)

Cross References: Title IX Sexual Harassment – Prohibited Conduct and Reporting Process (policy 1725/4035/7236), Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Process (policy 1726/4036/7237), Student and Parent Grievance Procedure (policy 1740/4010), Responding to Complaints (policy 1742/5060), Grievance Procedure for Employees (policy 1750/7220), Prohibition Against Retaliation (policy 1760/7280), Staff-Student Relations (policy 4040/7310)

Other Resources: Enforcement of Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 with Respect to Discrimination Based on Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity in Light of Bostock v. Clayton County, U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights (2021)

Adopted: March 11, 2021

The board acknowledges the dignity and worth of all students and employees and strives to create a safe, orderly, caring, and inviting school environment to facilitate student learning and achievement. The board will not tolerate discrimination on the basis of sex, including any form of sexual harassment as that term is defined under Title IX, in any education program or activity of the school system. The board takes seriously all reports and formal complaints of sexual harassment. The school system does not discriminate on the basis of sex in its education programs or activities, including admission and employment, in accordance with Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972 and federal regulations.

Sexual harassment, as that term is defined under Title IX, is prohibited. All incidents of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment under this policy are to be reported and treated in accordance with this policy, whether or not the incidents may also constitute violations of other board policies or standards of conduct.

Individuals who believe they have been subjected to sexual harassment prohibited by this policy or who have witnessed or have reliable information that another person has been subjected to sexual harassment prohibited by this policy should use the process provided in Policy 1726/4036/7237, Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Process.

The board has also established grievance procedures for those who believe they have been victims of sexual harassment. Those grievance procedures are designed to achieve prompt and equitable resolution of formal complaints of sexual harassment through a formal investigation and adjudication of the allegations in the complaint or through informal resolution processes. The grievance process is provided in policy 1726/4036/7237, Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Process.

#### A. INQUIRIES ABOUT TITLE IX

The board has designated a Title IX Coordinator to coordinate its efforts to comply with its responsibilities under Title IX and its implementing regulations. Inquiries about the application of Title IX and its implementing federal regulations may be referred to the Title IX Coordinator and/or the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights in the Office for Civil Rights at the U.S. Department of Education.

The contact information for the Asheboro City Schools Title IX Coordinator for students is:

Director of Support Services 1126 South Park Street PO Box 1103 Asheboro, NC 27204 Office: (336) 625-5104

The contact information for the Asheboro City Schools Title IX Coordinator for staff is:

Executive Director of Human Resources 1126 South Park Street PO Box 1103 Asheboro, NC 27204 Office: (336) 625-5104

The contact information for the Office for Civil Rights with jurisdiction over North Carolina is as follows:

4000 Maryland Ave, SW Washington, DC 20202-1475 Telephone: 202-453-6020 TDD: 800-877-8339 Fax: 202-453-6021 Email: OCR.DC@ed.gov

# B. NOTICE OF THE BOARD'S POLICY OF NONDISCRIMINATION ON THE BASIS OF SEX AND SEXUAL HARASSMENT REPORTING AND GRIEVANCE PROCESS

The superintendent is responsible for providing notice of the board's nondiscrimination policy to students and their parents or legal guardians, employees, and applicants for admission or employment. The superintendent shall also ensure that each principal or site supervisor makes a copy of this policy and policy 1726/4036/7237 available to those persons. In addition, the following must be posted on the school system website and included in all student and employee handbooks: (1) a statement of the board's policy of nondiscrimination on the basis of sex; (2) contact information for the Title IX Coordinator; and (3) a statement that Title IX inquiries may be referred to the Title IX Coordinator or to the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights.

#### C. PROHIBITED BEHAVIOR

1. Scope

Students, school system employees, volunteers, and visitors are expected to behave in a civil and respectful manner. The board expressly prohibits sexual harassment by students, employees, board members, volunteers, or visitors. "Visitors" includes parents and other family members and individuals from the community, as well as vendors, contractors, and other persons doing business with or performing services for the school system.

2. Definition of Sexual Harassment

Sexual harassment prohibited under Title IX and by this policy is conduct on the basis of sex occurring in a school system education program or activity that satisfies one or more of the following:

- a. an employee of the school system conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the school system on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct;
- b. unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the school system's education program or activities. This determination requires consideration of all the facts and circumstances, including, but not limited to, the ages and disability statuses of the harasser and the victim and the number of individuals involved and their authority;
- c. sexual assault including rape, statutory rape, fondling, and incest;
- d. dating violence;
- e. domestic violence; or stalking Sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking will be defined in accordance with applicable law and the definitions will be incorporated into an administrative regulation developed by the superintendent.

Conduct that satisfies this standard is not sexual harassment for purposes of this policy if the conduct occurred (1) outside the United States or (2) under circumstances in which the school system did not have substantial control over both the harasser and the context in which the harassment occurred. All references to "sexual harassment" in this policy mean sexual harassment that meets this definition.

Conduct that is determined not to meet the definition above may violate other board policies or established standards of conduct and will be treated accordingly. For example, conduct that does not meet the definition of Title IX sexual harassment above may nevertheless violate other board policies, including: policy 1710/4021/7230, Prohibition Against Discrimination, Harassment, and Bullying or policy 4040/7310, Staff-Student Relations.

Nothing in this policy is intended to limit discipline for violation of other board policies when appropriate and consistent with law.

#### D. ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS

The following additional definitions apply in this policy and policy 1726/4036/7237, Title IX Sexual Discrimination and Harassment Reporting and Complaint Procedures.

1. Report

A report is an oral or written notification that an individual is an alleged or suspected perpetrator or victim of sexual harassment.

Making a report initiates the interactive process with the complainant described in Section E.1, below. No disciplinary action will be taken against a respondent for sexual harassment based on a report alone.

2. Formal Complaint

A formal complaint is a document signed and filed with the Title IX Coordinator by a complainant or signed by the Title IX Coordinator alleging sexual harassment against a respondent and requesting that school officials investigate the allegation(s). Filing a formal complaint initiates the grievance process set forth in policy 1726/4036/7237, Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Process.

At the time of filing a formal complaint, a complainant must be participating in or attempting to participate in the education program or activities of the school system.

3. Complainant

The complainant is the individual(s) who is alleged to be the victim of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment, regardless of whether a formal complaint is filed.

4. Respondent

The respondent is the individual(s) who has been reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.

5. Grievance Process

Grievance process means the process for investigating and reaching a final determination of responsibility for a formal complaint of sexual harassment. The sexual harassment grievance process is set out in policy 1726/4036/7237.

6. Title IX Coordinator

The Title IX Coordinator is a school official who is designated to coordinate the school system's response to sexual harassment and allegations of sexual harassment. Contact information for the Title IX Coordinator is posted on the school system's website and listed in policy 1725/4035/7236, Title IX Sexual Harassment– Prohibited Conduct and Reporting Process.

7. Supportive Measures

Supportive measures are non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge to the complainant or the respondent before or after the filing of a formal complaint or where no formal complaint has been filed. Such measures are designed to restore or preserve equal access to the school system's education program and activities without unreasonably burdening the other party, including measures designed to protect the safety of all parties or the school system's educational environment, or deter sexual harassment.

8. Days

Days are calendar days unless specified otherwise.

9. Student(s)

"Student(s)" means the student and/or the student's parent or legal guardian unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. When the complainant or respondent is a student, references to those terms also include the student's parent or legal guardian unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

10. Actual Knowledge

"Actual knowledge" means a school employee has notice of sexual harassment or allegations of sexual harassment.

#### E. REPORTING SEXUAL HARASSMENT

1. Student Reports

Any student who believes he or she is a victim of sexual harassment occurring in the school system's education programs or activities is encouraged to report the matter to the student's principal or to the Title IX Coordinator. Reports may also be made to a teacher, counselor, assistant principal, teacher assistant, or any other school employee. Students may also report sexual harassment through the anonymous tip line, but school officials may be limited in their ability to respond if the report does not identify the complainant.

2. Mandatory Reporting by School Employees and Board Members

Any employee or member of the board of education who has actual knowledge of sexual harassment or allegations of sexual harassment occurring in the education program or any activity of the school system must report that information immediately to the appropriate Title IX Coordinator:

- a. the Executive Director of Human Resources, if involving employees; and
- b. the Director of Support Services, if only involving students.

Any of the following confers "actual knowledge" and must be reported immediately:

- a. a report of sexual harassment from a student or other person;
- b. the employee or board member witnesses conduct that is or reasonably could be sexual harassment; or
- c. the employee or board member discovers evidence of sexual harassment, such as sexualized graffiti on school property, or otherwise has reliable information or reason to believe that a student, employee, or other individual may have been sexually harassed in violation of this policy, even if no one has reported the sexual harassment.

Employees who observe an incident of harassment are expected to intervene to stop the conduct in situations in which they have supervisory control over the perpetrator, and it is safe to do so. An employee with actual knowledge of possible sexual harassment in violation of this policy who does not promptly report the conduct and/or take proper action as required by this subsection, or who knowingly provides false information about the incident, will be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal.

Any doubt about whether particular conduct is possible sexual harassment must be resolved in favor of reporting the conduct.

The mandatory reporting required by this section is in addition to required reporting under policies 4040/7310, Student-Staff Relations, and 4240/7312, Child Abuse and Related Threats to Child Safety, where the conduct at issue requires a report under either of those policies.

3. Reporting by Others

All other members of the school community are strongly encouraged to report any act that may constitute an incident of sexual harassment in violation of this policy to the school principal, the Title IX Coordinator, or the superintendent.

4. Content of the Report

To the extent possible, reports should be sufficient to put school officials on notice of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment. Employees making mandatory reports should provide as much detail about the alleged sexual harassment as is known, unless such disclosure would violate law or standards of professional ethics. Reports, other than mandatory reports by employees, may be made anonymously, but anonymous reports may limit the school system's ability to respond fully if the alleged victim is not identified.

5. Time Period for Making a Report

Reports by students and third parties can be made at any time. During nonbusiness hours, reports can be made by using the contact information for the Title IX Coordinator provided on the school system's website, in this policy, and in policy 1710/4021/7230, Prohibition Against Discrimination, Harassment, and Bullying. A report should be made within 30 days after disclosure or discovery of the facts giving rise to the report. Delays in reporting may impair the ability of school officials to investigate and respond to any subsequent formal complaint.

School employees and board members with actual knowledge of sexual harassment must report that information immediately, as provided in subsection C.2 above.

#### F. SCHOOL OFFICIALS' RESPONSE TO ACTUAL KNOWLEDGE OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT

As required to meet the school system's obligations under Title IX, school officials shall respond promptly and impartially to actual knowledge of alleged sexual harassment in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent. A response that is not deliberately indifferent is one that is not clearly unreasonable in light of the known circumstances and includes, at a minimum, the provision of supportive measures to the complainant, as described in this section.

Consistent with this duty, school officials shall respond to all reports of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment in accordance with this section. However, a report alleging conduct that is not sexual harassment as defined in this policy is not subject to this policy but may be referred to appropriate school officials as a possible violation of other board policies.

1. Title IX Coordinator Initiates Interactive Process with Complainant

Upon receiving a report of alleged sexual harassment, the Title IX Coordinator shall promptly contact the complainant and the complainant's parent or guardian confidentially. This contact must occur within three school/business days, excluding weekends, absent extenuating circumstances. The Title IX Coordinator shall also notify the principal of the report and, if an employee is the complainant or respondent, the senior human resources official or designee.

When contacting the complainant and parent or guardian, the Title IX Coordinator shall do all of the following during the contact and shall document the same:

- a. offer supportive measures;
- b. consider the complainant's wishes with respect to supportive measures;
- c. explain that supportive measures are available with or without the filing of a formal complaint; and
- d. explain the process for filing a formal complaint with the Title IX Coordinator and the response required of the school system when a complaint is filed, including all the following:
  - i. that a formal complaint will initiate the grievance process described in policy 1726/4036/7237, Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Process;
  - ii. that a formal complaint may be filed with the Title IX coordinator in person, by mail, or by electronic mail;
  - the major steps in the grievance process, including (1) a notice of the allegations that will be provided to the respondent that includes identification of the complainant and the allegations made; (2) an investigation of the allegations of sexual harassment in which both parties will have opportunity to have an advisor,

present witnesses, review evidence, pose written questions of the other party, and receive a copy of the investigative report; (3) a decision on responsibility in which a decision-maker objectively evaluates all relevant evidence and determines whether the respondent engaged in the alleged sexual harassment in violation of this policy; and (4) the opportunity for either party to appeal the decision;

- iv. the approximate time frame for concluding the grievance process;
- v. that school officials will treat both parties equitably by (1) providing remedies to the complainant if the respondent is found responsible, and (2) by not imposing disciplinary sanctions on the respondent without first following the grievance process set forth in policy 1726/4036/7237;
- vi. the circumstances under which a formal complaint might be consolidated with other formal complaints or dismissed; and
- vii. that the Title IX coordinator may have an obligation to initiate the grievance process in the absence of a formal complaint filed by the complainant and the time frame in which that decision will be made.
- 2. Title IX Coordinator Arranges Implementation of Supportive Measures

After considering the complainant's wishes, the Title IX Coordinator shall arrange the effective implementation of appropriate supportive measures unless, in the exercise of good judgment, the Title IX Coordinator determines that supportive measures should not be provided. If supportive measures are not provided to the complainant, the Title IX Coordinator shall document why supportive measures were not provided and why not providing supportive measures is not deliberately indifferent to known sexual harassment.

The supportive measures available to the complainant and the respondent are set forth in Regulation 1725/4035/7236-R, Title IX Sexual Harassment – Prohibited Conduct and Reporting Process.

If the complainant is a student with a disability, the Title IX Coordinator may need to consult with appropriate school personnel to determine whether adjustments to the student's IEP or Section 504 plan are needed to implement any supportive measures to be provided and/or whether the student's plan necessitates any adjustment to the proposed supportive measures. 3. Title IX Coordinator Determines Whether to Sign a Formal Complaint

If the complainant declined to file a formal complaint within the designated time period following the interactive process described above, the Title IX Coordinator shall determine on a case-by-case basis whether to sign, i.e., file, a formal complaint to initiate the grievance process.

The Title IX Coordinator should file a formal complaint (1) if the respondaent is a school employee and the complainant is a student; and (2) in other cases where, in the exercise of good judgment and in consultation with the school attorney as appropriate, the Coordinator determines that a grievance process is necessary to comply with the obligation not to be deliberately indifferent to known allegations of sexual harassment. Credibility or merit of the complaint shall not be considered in making the determination.

A decision by the Title IX Coordinator to sign a formal complaint is not to be construed as supportive of the complainant or in opposition to the respondent or as an indication of whether the allegations are credible or have merit, or whether there is evidence sufficient to determine responsibility. Signing a formal complaint does not make the Title IX Coordinator a complainant or party to the complaint nor relieve the Title IX Coordinator from any responsibilities under this policy.

The Title IX Coordinator shall document the decision of whether to sign a complaint and the reasons for that decision.

4. Presumption of Non-responsibility of Respondent and Bar on Disciplinary Sanctions without Due Process The respondent identified in any report alleging sexual harassment under this policy will be presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct until the respondent's responsibility is conclusively established through the grievance process outlined in policy 1726/4036/7237, Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Process.

No disciplinary sanction or other action that is not a supportive measure, including but not limited to (1) short or long-term suspension, expulsion, or transfer to an alternative school or program for student-respondents and (2) suspension, demotion, or dismissal for employee-respondents, may be imposed for a violation of this policy unless the respondent agrees to a specific disciplinary sanction or action in an informal resolution or has been determined to be responsible for the sexual harassment at the conclusion of a grievance process that complies with the process in policy 1726/4036/7237. An employeerespondent, however, may be placed on administrative leave during the pendency of the grievance process if consistent with applicable state and federal laws.

Notwithstanding the limitation just described, respondents are subject to emergency removal as described in the next paragraph.

5. Emergency Removal of Respondent from School or Employment

Any respondent is subject to removal from the school system's education program and activities, or any part of the program or activities, on an emergency basis if a school-based threat assessment team conducts an individualized safety and risk analysis and determines that removal is justified because the person poses an immediate health or safety threat to any person arising from the allegations of sexual harassment. A removal under this subsection includes a transfer of a student to an alternative education program consistent with policy 3470/4305, Alternative Learning Programs/Schools. A schedule change, and/or removing a student from an extracurricular activity is also considered a removal under this subsection where such action would not otherwise constitute a supportive measure.

The emergency removal may take place regardless of whether a formal complaint has been filed. However, any such removal must be consistent with federal and state law, including any applicable law protecting the rights of individuals with disabilities. The respondent shall receive notice of the removal and an opportunity to challenge the decision in an informal hearing with the superintendent or designee immediately following the removal.

An employee may be placed on administrative leave with or without pay during the pendency of the grievance process set out in policy 1726/4036/7237, Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Process, if consistent with state law and in accordance with any applicable requirements of state law.

The superintendent or designee shall document all emergency removal decisions under this subsection, including the immediate threat to health or safety that justified the removal.

6. Supportive Measures

Supportive measures will be available to both the complainant and respondent before or after the filing of a formal complaint or where no formal complaint has been filed. Supportive measures will remain confidential to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality does not impair the ability to provide the supportive measures. The Title IX Coordinator is responsible for coordinating the effective implementation of supportive measures.

#### G. RETALIATION PROHIBITED

Retaliation against any person for the exercise of rights under Title IX or to interfere with those rights in any way, including making a report of Title IX sexual harassment, is strictly prohibited and will subject the perpetrator to disciplinary action. The identity of any person who has made a report or complaint of sex discrimination or sexual harassment or who is the alleged perpetrator of sexual discrimination or sexual harassment will be confidential unless otherwise required or permitted by law. Complaints alleging retaliation may be filed according to the grievance processes established in policies 1740/4010 and 1750/7220. Acts of retaliation may also be subject to policy 1760/7280, Prohibition Against Retaliation.

#### H. GRIEVANCE PROCESS FOR FORMAL COMPLAINTS

The grievance process for formal complaints of sexual harassment under this policy is set out in policy 1726/4036/7237, Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Process. The policy also provides an informal resolution process for complainants who seek an alternate means of resolution to their complaint.

As described in subsection F.3 above, the Title IX Coordinator may also initiate the grievance process, as needed.

#### I. RECORDS

The Title IX Coordinator shall create and maintain for a period of seven years records of all reports and formal complaints of sexual harassment. For each report or formal complaint, the Coordinator shall document the following:

- 1. any actions, including any supportive measures, taken in response to the report or formal complaint;
- that school officials have taken measures that are designed to restore or preserve equal access to the school system's education program and activities;
- 3. why school officials believe their response to the report or complaint was not deliberately indifferent; and
- 4. if supportive measures were not provided to the complainant, why that was not clearly unreasonable in light of the known circumstances.

In conjunction with the superintendent, the Title IX Coordinator shall also maintain for seven years all materials used to train the Title IX Coordinator, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process. These materials will be made publicly available on the school system's website.

Legal References: Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972, 20 U.S.C. 1681et seq., 34 C.F.R. pt. 106; Gebser v. Lago Vista Independent School District, 524 U.S. 274 (1998); G.S. 115C-335.5; Davis v. Monroe County Board of Education, 526 U.S. 629 (1999); Questions and Answers Regarding the Department's Final Title IX Rule, U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights (2020), available at <a href="https://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/qa-titleix-20200904.pdf">https://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/qa-titleix-20200904.pdf</a>

Cross References: Prohibition Against Discrimination, Harassment, and Bullying (policy 1710/4021/7230), Discrimination, Harassment, and Bullying Complaint Procedure (policy 1720/4015/7235), Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Process (policy 1726/4036/7237), Student and Parent Grievance Procedure (policy 1740/4010/5001), Prohibition Against Retaliation (policy 1760/7280), Grievance Procedure for Employees (policy 1750/7220), Alternative Learning Programs/Schools (policy 3470/4305), Staff-Student Relations (policy 4040/7310), Child Abuse and Related Threats to Child Safety (policy 4240/7312), Bullying and Harassing Behavior Prohibited (policy 4329/7311), Discrimination and Harassment in the Workplace (policy 7232)

Other Resources: Questions and Answers on the Title IX Regulations on Sexual Harassment, U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights (July 2021), available at https://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/202107-qa-titleix.pdf

Adopted: March 11, 2021

The process provided in this policy is designed for those who believe that they have been sexually harassed in violation of policy 1725/4035/7236, Title IX Sexual Harassment – Prohibited Conduct and Reporting Process, and wish to file a formal complaint. School officials shall follow the grievance process established in this policy when responding to all formal complaints of sexual harassment.

The superintendent is responsible for notifying students and their parents or legal guardians, employees, and applicants for employment of this policy and ensuring that each principal or site supervisor provides a copy of this policy to these persons.

#### A. DEFINITIONS

All definitions in policy 1725/4035/7236, Title IX Sexual Harassment – Prohibited Conduct and Reporting Process, are incorporated by reference and have the same meaning when used in this policy, including all references to "sexual harassment" in this policy.

The following additional definitions apply in this policy.

1. Investigator

The investigator is the school official responsible for investigating and responding to a formal complaint.

2. Decision-Maker

The decision-maker is the school official responsible for making a determination regarding responsibility in response to an investigation of sexual harassment triggered by a formal complaint.

3. Investigative Report

The investigative report is a written account of the findings of the investigation conducted in response to a formal complaint.

4. Remedies

Remedies are individualized measures provided to a complainant designed to restore or preserve the complainant's equal access to the education program

and activities of the school system when a respondent is found responsible for sexual harassment.

Remedial measures available to a complainant following a determination of responsibility include counseling, mental health services referral, extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments, modifications of work or class schedules, escort services, mutual or one-way restrictions on contact between the parties, changes in work locations, leaves of absence, increased security and monitoring, and other measures determined by school officials to be necessary to restore or preserve the complainant's equal access to the education program and activities, regardless of whether such measures impose a burden on the respondent or are punitive or disciplinary in nature.

5. Disciplinary Sanctions

Disciplinary sanctions are consequences imposed on a respondent when the respondent is found responsible for sexual harassment.

#### B. FILING A FORMAL COMPLAINT TO INITIATE THE GRIEVANCE PROCESS

A formal complaint initiates the grievance process.

- 1. Individuals Who May File a Formal Complaint
  - a. Eligible Complainants

Eligible individuals who believe that they have been sexually harassed in violation of policy 1725/4035/7236, Title IX Sexual Harassment – Prohibited Conduct and Reporting Process, may initiate the grievance process for alleged sexual harassment by filing a formal written complaint with the Title IX Coordinator. To be eligible to file a formal written complaint, the complainant must be participating in or attempting to participate in the education program or activities of the school system at the time of filing.

b. The Title IX Coordinator

If the complainant does not wish to file a formal complaint and the matter has not been adequately resolved through the provision of supportive measures, the Title IX Coordinator may initiate the grievance process by signing a formal complaint. In accordance with law, only the complainant and the Title IX Coordinator may initiate the grievance process; no other individuals or school officials shall have authority to do so.

2. Time Period for Filing a Formal Complaint

There is no deadline for filing a complaint. A complaint should be filed as soon as possible after the conduct occurs, preferably within 30 days after the complainant becomes aware of the alleged sexual harassment, unless the conduct forming the basis for the complaint is ongoing. School officials will initiate the grievance process regardless of when the formal complaint is submitted, but delays in reporting may significantly impair the ability of school officials to investigate and respond to the allegations.

In addition, in some circumstances it may be necessary for the Title IX Coordinator to sign a formal complaint to initiate the grievance process in order to meet the school system's legal obligations when the Coordinator is aware of sexual harassment or alleged sexual harassment and the complainant has not yet filed a formal complaint. The Title IX Coordinator can do so at any time.

3. Contents of the Formal Complaint

The complaint should (1) contain the name and address of the complainant and the student's parent or guardian if the complainant is a minor student, (2) describe the alleged sexual harassment, (3) request an investigation of the matter, and (4) be signed by the complainant or otherwise indicate that the complainant is the person filing the complaint.

4. How to File the Formal Complaint

The complaint may be filed with the Title IX Coordinator in person, by mail, or by email. Complaint forms may be obtained from the Title IX Coordinator or on the school system website.

- 5. School System's Response to Receipt of the Formal Complaint
  - a. Upon receipt of a formal complaint of sexual harassment, the Title IX Coordinator shall engage in an interactive process with the complainant, consider the provision of supportive measures in light of the complainant's wishes, provide supportive measures as appropriate, and otherwise fulfill the requirements of Section D of policy 1725/4035/7236, Title IX Sexual Harassment – Prohibited Conduct and Reporting Process, unless the Title IX Coordinator has already done so in response to an initial report of the same allegation of sexual harassment.
  - b. School officials reserve the right to consolidate formal complaints against more than one respondent, or by more than one complainant against

one or more respondents, or by one party against the other party, where the allegations of sexual harassment arise out of the same facts or circumstances. The Title IX Coordinator shall advise the complainant if the formal complaint will be consolidated with others.

c. The formal complaint initiates the grievance process as described below.

#### C. GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF THE GRIEVANCE PROCESS FOR FORMAL COMPLAINTS

To ensure a complete, thorough, and fair grievance process for formal complaints of sexual harassment, school officials responsible for the investigation, adjudication, or appeal of a formal complaint of sexual harassment shall comply with the following requirements. Failure by any school official to comply with these requirements or other standards or procedures established in this policy is cause for disciplinary action.

#### 1. Equitable Treatment

Complainants and respondents must be treated equitably throughout the grievance process. Relevant evidence collected in the investigation of a formal complaint must be evaluated objectively. No individual designated as a Title IX Coordinator, investigator, decision-maker, or appeal decision-maker will have a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents generally or an individual complainant or respondent. Credibility determinations will not be based on a person's status as a complainant, respondent, or witness.

The complainant and respondent shall be provided an equal opportunity to have others present during any grievance proceeding, including the opportunity to be accompanied to any related meeting or proceeding by the advisor of their choice, who may be an attorney. If a party elects to be represented by an attorney, the party should notify school officials in advance so that an attorney for the school system may also be present. Any restrictions on advisor participation in any proceeding must be applied equally to both parties.

The complainant and respondent will both be provided a description of the range of supportive measures available to them.

2. Adequate Training

The Title IX Coordinator, and all persons serving as Title IX investigators, decision-makers, or appeal decision-makers shall receive training on what constitutes sexual harassment, the scope of the school system's education program and activities, how to conduct an investigation and grievance process, and how to serve impartially, including by avoiding prejudgment of the facts at issue, conflicts of interest, and bias. Decision-makers will be trained on any

technology to be used at a live hearing and on issues of relevance of questions and evidence.

Materials used to train Coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and appeal decision-makers will not rely on sex stereotypes and shall promote impartial investigations and adjudications of sexual harassment. Copyright restrictions will be taken into consideration in selecting training materials in order to comply with the school system's legal obligation to make all training materials available on the school system's website.

3. Presumption of Non-Responsibility/Innocence

At all times prior to a determination regarding responsibility by the decisionmaker, there will be a presumption that the respondent is not responsible for the alleged conduct.

4. Burden of Proof and Production of Evidence

The burden of proof and the burden of gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination regarding responsibility will at all times rest on the school system and not on the complainant or respondent. Formal rules of evidence shall not apply in the grievance process.

5. Written Notice of Meetings and Other Proceedings

Parties whose participation is invited or expected at any hearing, investigative interview, or other meeting will be provided written notice of the event's date, time, location, participants, and purpose with sufficient time for the party to prepare to participate.

6. Confidentiality and Privacy

The school system will keep confidential the identity of any individual who has made a report or formal complaint of sexual harassment, any complainant, any respondent, and any witness, except as may be permitted by FERPA, as required by law, or as necessary to carry out a Title IX proceeding. A violation of this provision may constitute retaliation.

All meetings, hearings, or other proceeding conducted pursuant to this policy will be private except to the extent that the parties are permitted to be accompanied by others as provided in subsection C.1 above.

School officials shall not access, consider, disclose, or otherwise use a party's medical, mental health, or other records that are made or maintained by a

professional or paraprofessional in connection with the provision of treatment to the party without the party's voluntary written consent.

7. No Disclosure of Privileged Information No person acting on behalf of the school system shall require, allow, rely upon, or otherwise use questions or evidence that constitute, or seek disclosure of, information protected under a legally recognized privilege, unless the person holding such privilege has waived the privilege.

# 8. Timeliness of Process

School officials shall make a good faith effort to conduct a fair, impartial grievance process in a timely manner designed to provide all parties with a prompt and equitable resolution. It is expected that in most cases, the grievance process will be concluded through the adjudication phase within 90 days after filing the formal complaint. The board reserves the right to extend this time frame or any deadline contained in this policy for good cause with written notice to the parties of the delay and the reason for the delay. Good cause may include but is not limited to the absence of the parties or witnesses, concurrent law enforcement activity, or the need for language assistance or accommodation of disabilities.

The Title IX Coordinator or other responsible school official shall make reasonable efforts to keep the complainant and respondent apprised of progress being made during any period of delay.

## D. THE GRIEVANCE PROCESS FOR FORMAL COMPLAINTS: PART I – INVESTIGATION

- 1. Step 1 Notice of Allegations
  - a. Upon the filing of a formal complaint, the Title IX Coordinator shall, within five school/business days, provide the known parties written notice of the allegations that includes:
    - notice of the allegations of sexual harassment in sufficient detail to permit the parties to prepare a response before any initial interview, including:
      - a) the identities of the parties involved, if known;
      - b) the conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment; and
      - c) the date and location of the alleged incident, if known;

- a copy of this policy to give notice of the school system's grievance process, including the investigative and adjudication procedures, and any informal resolution process available;
- ii. notice that the parties may have an advisor of their choice and that either party may inspect and review any evidence;
- iii. notice of the provision in board policy 4340, School-Level Investigations, that prohibits students and employees from knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process; and
- a statement that the respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct and that a determination regarding responsibility will be made at the conclusion of the grievance process.
- If during the investigation, the investigator decides to investigate allegations of sexual harassment not included in the initial notice provided above, notice of the additional allegations will be provided to the parties.
- 2. Step 2 Review Grounds for Dismissal of the Formal Complaint

The Title IX Coordinator shall review the allegations and determine whether the formal complaint must be dismissed without further investigation because the conduct alleged in the formal complaint, even if assumed true, would not constitute sexual harassment as defined in this policy, did not occur in the school system's education program or activities, or did not occur against a person in the United States. Such a dismissal does not preclude action under another provision of the Code of Student Conduct, board policy, or expected standards of employee behavior. The complaint will not be dismissed at this stage on the basis that the allegations are frivolous, without merit, or otherwise unfounded.

Upon a dismissal, the Title IX Coordinator must promptly send written notice of the dismissal and reason(s) therefor simultaneously to the parties. The parties have the right to appeal the decision as provided in Section F.

The Title IX Coordinator shall refer the matter that was the subject of the dismissed complaint to the principal for further action as warranted.

3. Step 3 – Initiating the Investigation

If the complaint may proceed, the Title IX Coordinator shall notify the appropriate investigator, who shall investigate the formal complaint.

- a. In order to provide a neutral and objective investigation, the investigator shall not be a party to the complaint under investigation. The investigator of a formal complaint is ordinarily determined as described below; however, the Title IX Coordinator, in consultation with the superintendent, may determine that conflict of interest, bias, or other individual circumstances warrant the assignment of a different investigator.
  - i. If the respondent is a student, the investigator is the principal or designee of the school with jurisdiction over the incident.
  - ii. If the respondent is an employee or applicant for employment, the investigator is the senior human resources official or designee.
  - iii. If the respondent is neither a student nor an employee/applicant for employment, the principal of the school/site supervisor at which the complainant is enrolled or employed shall be the investigator.
  - iv. Notwithstanding the above designations, (1) if the respondent is the senior human resources official, the superintendent shall investigate the complaint; (2) if the respondent is the superintendent or a member of the board, the Title IX Coordinator shall immediately notify the board chair who shall direct the board attorney to investigate, unless the board chair determines that outside counsel should be engaged to investigate.
- b. The investigator may request assistance from the Title IX Coordinator to conduct the investigation.
- c. The Title IX Coordinator and the investigator shall jointly assess the need for supportive measures for either party, including assessing the effectiveness of any supportive measures currently being provided to the complainant, and, as necessary, will implement appropriate measures in a timely manner and monitor the effectiveness of the measures during the pendency of the investigation and prior to a final determination regarding responsibility. Supportive measures provided to the complainant or respondent will be maintained as confidential to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality does not impair the ability to provide the supportive measures.

- d. The investigator shall explain the process of the investigation to the complainant and respondent.
- 4. Step 4 Conducting the Investigation

The investigator is responsible for gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination of whether the allegations in the formal complaint are true and whether the facts as determined by the investigator establish that sexual harassment as defined in this policy occurred. In so doing, the investigator shall impartially, promptly, and thoroughly investigate the complaint.

- The investigator shall interview all individuals who may have relevant information, including (1) the complainant; (2) the respondent; (3) individuals identified as witnesses by the complainant or respondent; and (4) any other individuals who are thought possibly to have relevant information. Prior written notice shall be provided to a party whose participation is invited or expected for any investigative interview or meeting in accordance with subsection C.5 above. The investigator shall provide the complainant and respondent an equal opportunity to present fact and expert witnesses and other evidence tending to prove or disprove the allegations.
- b. The investigator shall ensure that the burden of gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination regarding responsibility rests on the school system and not on the complainant or respondent.
- c. The investigator shall not restrict the ability of either party to gather and present relevant evidence or to discuss the allegations under investigation.
- d. The formal complaint and the investigation will be kept confidential to the extent possible. Information may be shared only with individuals who need the information in order to investigate and address the complaint appropriately and those with a legal right to access the information. Any requests by the complainant or respondent for further confidentiality will be evaluated within the context of the legal responsibilities of the school system.

The investigator may, with approval of the Title IX Coordinator, dismiss the formal complaint or any allegations therein if at any time during the investigation or decision-making process: (1) the complainant notifies the Title IX Coordinator in writing that he or she would like to withdraw the formal complaint or any allegations therein; (2) the respondent is no longer enrolled or employed by the school system; or (3) specific circumstances prevent school

officials from gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination as to the formal complaint or allegations therein. Upon dismissal, the Title IX Coordinator shall promptly send written notice of the dismissal and reason(s) therefor simultaneously to the parties. The parties have the right to appeal the decision as provided in Section F.

The investigator may consider the matter that was the subject of the dismissed complaint for action in accordance with board policy for violation of other expected standards of student or employee behavior.

- 5. Step 5 Investigative Report and Opportunity to Review Evidence
  - a. The investigator shall prepare an investigative report that fairly summarizes the relevant evidence.
  - b. Before completing the final report, the investigator shall send to each party and the party's advisor, if any, in hard copy or electronically, all the evidence collected which is directly related to the allegations raised in the formal complaint. The parties shall have 10 days to submit a written response for the investigator's consideration before the investigator finalizes the investigative report.
  - c. Following the parties' opportunity to respond to the written evidence, the investigator shall finalize the written investigative report, including a recommendation on the question of responsibility and any recommended discipline sanction.
  - d. The investigator shall provide a copy of the report to each party and the party's advisor, if any, for their review and written response. The investigator shall also notify the parties of the opportunity to submit written questions to the other party and witnesses as provided in subsection E.2 below. The parties shall have 10 days to provide a written response to the investigative report, along with the party's initial set of written questions.
  - e. The investigator shall provide to the decision-maker a copy of the investigative report, the relevant evidence, and the parties' written responses to the report and initial sets of written questions.

The investigator shall also provide a description of the procedural steps taken, starting with the receipt of the formal complaint and continuing through the preparation of the investigative report, and including any notifications to the parties, interviews with parties and witnesses, site visits, and methods used to gather other evidence.

#### E. THE GRIEVANCE PROCESS FOR FORMAL COMPLAINTS: PART II – ADJUDICATION

The superintendent or designee (hereinafter "superintendent") shall serve as the decision-maker. In his or her role as decision-maker, the superintendent shall provide for the exchange of questions between the parties and a decision on responsibility in a manner consistent with state law and as provided below.

1. Step 1 – Exchange of Questions and Answers

Whether or not there will be a hearing and regardless of whether the respondent is a student, after the parties are sent the investigative report, the superintendent shall provide the parties an opportunity to submit written, relevant questions that the party wants asked of any other party or witness, provide each party with the answers, and allow for additional, limited follow-up questions from each party in accordance with a reasonably prompt time frame established by the superintendent. The parties shall submit their initial set of written questions at the time they submit their response to the investigative report as described in subsection D.5.d above.

- a. Questions and evidence about the complainant's sexual predisposition or prior sexual behavior will be considered not relevant, unless such questions and evidence about the complainant's prior sexual behavior are offered to prove that someone other than the respondent committed the conduct alleged by the complainant, or if the questions and evidence concern specific incidents of the complainant's sexual behavior with respect to the respondent and is offered to prove consent.
- b. The superintendent must explain to the party proposing the questions any decision to exclude questions as not relevant.
- 3. Step 2 Decision on the Question Regarding Responsibility

Following the exchange of questions and/or hearing as described above, the superintendent shall decide the question regarding responsibility, any disciplinary action, and any other measures the superintendent deems appropriate. The superintendent shall consider all the relevant evidence objectively, including evidence in the investigative report, any testimony of witnesses at the hearing, if one was held, and any additional information provided by the parties through the exchange of questions and responses as provided in subsection E.2 above.

Based on an objective evaluation of the evidence, the superintendent shall determine whether the preponderance of the evidence supports a finding that the respondent is responsible for sexual harassment in violation of board policy,

and if so, what disciplinary sanction will be imposed. Remedies will be provided to the complainant if the respondent is found responsible.

4. Step 3 – Written Determination Regarding Responsibility

The superintendent shall issue a written determination regarding responsibility simultaneously to both parties that includes:

- a. identification of the allegations potentially constituting sexual harassment under board policy;
- b. a description of the procedural steps taken from the receipt of the formal complaint through the determination, including any notifications to the parties, interviews with parties and witnesses, site visits, methods used to gather other evidence, and hearings held;
- c. findings of fact supporting the determination;
- d. conclusions regarding the application of board policy and/or the Code of Student Conduct or expected standards of employee behavior to the facts including whether, the respondent engaged in prohibited sexual harassment or other proscribed conduct;
- e. a statement of, and rationale for, the result as to each allegation, including a determination regarding responsibility, any disciplinary sanctions imposed on the respondent (which may be a recommendation to the board for discipline that is beyond the authority of the superintendent or other decision-maker), and whether remedies designed to restore or preserve equal access to the school system's education program and activities will be provided to the complainant;
- f. the procedures and permissible bases for the complainant and respondent to appeal; and
- g. any other notices that are required to accompany the decision under state law, such as when the superintendent imposes a long-term suspension or recommends dismissal of an employee.

## F. GRIEVANCE PROCESS FOR FORMAL COMPLAINTS: PART III – APPEAL

The parties shall have the right to appeal to a panel composed of board of education members the determination regarding responsibility, the outcome of any disciplinary proceeding, and any dismissal of a formal complaint or any allegations therein. If a party appeals both the determination regarding responsibility and the outcome of a

disciplinary proceeding, both matters will be heard by the board at the same time. If both parties appeal, the appeals will be heard at the same time.

1. Deadline and Grounds for Appeal

Either party may appeal by submitting a request in writing to the superintendent within three school/business days of receiving the determination regarding responsibility, unless the party is entitled to a longer appeal period under state law or board policy. Any longer appeal period applicable to one party shall apply equally to the other party. The grounds for appeal may be any of the following:

- a. procedural irregularity that affected the outcome of the matter;
- b. new evidence that was not reasonably available at the time the determination regarding responsibility or dismissal was made, that could affect the outcome of the matter;
- c. the Title IX Coordinator, investigator, or decision-maker had a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents generally or the individual complainant or respondent that affected the outcome of the matter;
- d. the disciplinary sanction is inappropriate or unreasonable; or
- e. any other basis provided by law or board policy governing appeals to the board.
- 2. Notice of the Appeal

In all appeals, the other party will be notified in writing when an appeal is filed and be provided a copy of the appeal.

- 2. Appeal Procedures
  - a. The board will hear the appeal. Unless otherwise required by law, the board may designate a panel of two or more board members to hear and act on behalf of the board.
  - b. Appeal procedures will be implemented equally for both parties and will follow the procedures in policy 2500, Hearings Before the Board, modified as necessary to allow equal participation of the parties.
  - c. If the appeal includes an appeal of a disciplinary sanction, the procedures in policy 4370, Student Discipline Hearing Procedures; policy 7940,

Classified Personnel: Suspension and Dismissal; or policy 7931, Renewal and Nonrenewal of Teacher Contracts, shall also apply as applicable.

- d. After the notice of appeal is provided, both parties will be given 10 days to submit a written statement in support of, or challenging, the outcome. If the basis of the appeal is newly available evidence affecting the outcome, the party shall submit such evidence or a summary of such evidence along with the party's written statement.
- e. The board will review the record and the written argument of the parties submitted on appeal, determine whether additional information is needed from any party, and take any other steps that the board determines to be appropriate in order to respond to the appeal.
- 3. Decision on Appeal
  - a. After considering the record and written statements of the parties, the board will determine whether the grounds for the appeal have been substantiated.
  - b. If substantiated, the board will determine the appropriate response, which may include a remand for a new investigation, a new decision, or both, or such other action as the board determines is needed to correct the error in the original proceedings.
  - c. The board will provide a written decision describing the results of the appeal and rationale for the result within thirty days after receiving the appeal unless the decision is delayed for good cause. The written decision will be provided simultaneously to both parties.
- 4. When the Decision Becomes Final

If an appeal is timely filed, the determination regarding responsibility becomes final at the conclusion of the appeal process. However, if the decision on appeal is remand, the determination regarding responsibility does not become final until that process, including any appeal of the proceedings on remand, is concluded. If an appeal is not filed, the determination regarding responsibility becomes final after the three-day appeal period.

The superintendent shall ensure that a copy of the final decision is provided to the Title IX Coordinator and shall confer with the Title IX Coordinator regarding any remedies to be provided to the complainant, as described in subsection G.4 below.

# G. DISCIPLINARY CONSEQUENCES, REMEDIES, AND OTHER RESPONSES FOR SUBSTANTIATED SEXUAL HARASSMENT

## 1. Disciplinary Consequences for Students

Disciplinary consequences for substantiated sexual harassment will be assigned in accordance with the Code of Student Conduct. Based on the nature and severity of the offense and the circumstances surrounding the incident, the student will be subject to appropriate consequences and remedial actions ranging from positive behavioral interventions up to, and including, expulsion. In addition, the conduct also may be reported to law enforcement, as appropriate.

A student recommended for a long-term suspension or expulsion will have all applicable rights accorded by board policy and state law. A student with disabilities will have all rights accorded by law, including the right to a manifestation hearing before the imposition of a suspension exceeding 10 cumulative days in a school year.

This policy will not be construed to allow school officials to punish student expression or speech based on undifferentiated fear or apprehension of a disturbance or out of a desire to avoid the discomfort and unpleasantness that may accompany an unpopular viewpoint. However, false or malicious complaints of sexual harassment and false statements made in bad faith in the course of any grievance proceeding conducted pursuant to this policy are subject to disciplinary action.

Nothing in this policy will preclude the school system from taking disciplinary action against a student when the evidence does not establish sexual harassment as defined in this policy but the conduct violates other board policy and/or the Code of Student Conduct.

3. Disciplinary Consequences for Employees

Substantiated sexual harassment by employees is subject to discipline up to and including dismissal. In addition, the conduct may also be reported to law enforcement, as appropriate.

An employee recommended for suspension, demotion, or dismissal shall have all applicable rights accorded by board policy and state law.

Nothing in this policy will preclude the school system from taking disciplinary action against an employee when the evidence does not establish sexual harassment as defined in this policy, but the conduct violates other board policy or expected standards of employee behavior.

3. Consequences for Other Perpetrators

Volunteers and visitors who engage in sexual harassment will be directed to leave school property and/or be reported to law enforcement, as appropriate, in accordance with policy 5020, Visitors to the Schools. A third party under the supervision and control of the school system will be subject to termination of contracts/agreements, restricted from access to school property, and/or subject to other consequences, as appropriate. Nothing in this policy will be construed to confer on any third party a right to due process or other proceedings to which student and employee respondents are entitled under this policy unless such right exists under law.

4. Remedies

At the conclusion of the grievance process, the superintendent or other decisionmaker shall confer with the Title IX Coordinator to determine the remedies to be provided to the complainant when the respondent is found responsible for sexual harassment. The Title IX Coordinator shall consult with the complainant in determining appropriate remedies.

The Title IX Coordinator shall be responsible for the effective implementation of the remedies to be provided to the complainant.

5. Consideration of Need for More Extensive Response

If the superintendent determines that a school-wide or system-wide response is needed in order to respond to the sexual harassment in a way that is not clearly unreasonable under the circumstances, the superintendent shall provide additional staff training, harassment prevention programs, or such other measures as determined appropriate to protect the safety of the educational environment and/or to deter sexual harassment.

## H. INFORMAL RESOLUTION

The board provides informal resolution processes to resolve some formal complaints of sexual harassment without a full investigation and adjudication. Informal resolution is not available unless a formal complaint is filed and will not be used to resolve formal complaints alleging that an employee sexually harassed a student. Further, school officials shall never condition an individual's enrollment, employment, or other rights on an agreement to waive the individual's right to a formal investigation and adjudication of a formal complaint.

The Title IX Coordinator, or other school official in consultation with the Title IX Coordinator, may offer the parties an informal process to resolve a formal complaint at any time prior to reaching a final determination regarding responsibility. Before using an informal resolution process, school officials must ensure that both parties have given voluntary, informed, written consent to attempt informal resolution. Accordingly, the Title IX Coordinator, investigator, or decision-maker shall:

- 1. provide the parties (including the parent of a minor) a written notice disclosing:
  - a. the allegations;
  - b. the nature and requirements of the informal resolution process, including that if the parties agree to a resolution of the matter, the agreement precludes either party from resuming a formal complaint process arising from the same allegations; and
  - c. any consequences that could result from participating in the informal resolution process, including whether records will be maintained and could be shared; and
- 2. obtain the parties' voluntary, written consent to the informal resolution process.

Any agreement reached by the parties through informal resolution may include measures that are designed to restore or preserve the parties' equal access to the education program and activities, including measures that may be punitive or disciplinary in nature.

Any informal process should be completed within a reasonable period of time, not to exceed 60 days from filing the complaint unless special circumstances necessitate more time. At any time prior to agreeing to a resolution, any party has the right to withdraw from the informal resolution process and resume the grievance process with respect to the formal complaint.

#### I. RETALIATION PROHIBITED

Any act of retaliation or discrimination against any person for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured by Title IX or because the person has made a report or filed a formal complaint or testified, assisted, or participated or refused to participate in any investigation, proceeding, or hearing involving sexual harassment is prohibited. Any person who is found to have engaged in retaliation will be subject to discipline, up to and including dismissal. Acts of retaliation may also be subject to policy 1760/7280, Prohibition Against Retaliation.

Complaints alleging retaliation are to be treated as claims of sex discrimination and may be filed in accordance with policy 1725/4035/7236, Title IX Sexual Harassment – Prohibited Conduct and Reporting Process.

## J. RECORDS

The superintendent or designee shall maintain for a period of seven years records of the following:

- 1. each sexual harassment investigation including:
  - a. any determination regarding responsibility;
  - b. any audio or audiovisual recording or transcript from any live hearing;
  - c. any disciplinary sanctions imposed on the respondent; and
  - d. any remedies provided to the complainant designed to restore or preserve equal access to the school system's education program and activities;
- 2. any appeal and the result therefrom;
- 3. any informal resolution and the result therefrom; and
- 4. in conjunction with the Title IX Coordinator, all materials used to train Title IX Coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process. These materials will be made publicly available on the school system's website.

Legal References: Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. 1232g; Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972, 20 U.S.C. 1681et seq., 34 C.F.R. pt. 106; Gebser v. Lago Vista Independent School District, 524 U.S. 274 (1998); Davis v. Monroe County Board of Education, 526 U.S. 629 (1999); Questions and Answers Regarding the Department's Final Title IX Rule, U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights (2020), available at <a href="https://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/qa-titleix-20200904.pdf">https://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/qa-titleix-20200904.pdf</a>.

Cross References: Title IX Sexual Harassment – Prohibited Conduct and Reporting Process (policy 1725/4035/7236), Prohibition Against Retaliation (policy 1760/7280), Hearings Before the Board (policy 2500), School-Level Investigations (policy 4340), Student Discipline Hearing Procedures (policy 4370), Visitors to the Schools (policy 5020), Discrimination and Harassment in the Workplace (policy 7232), Renewal and Nonrenewal of Teacher Contracts (policy 7931), Classified Personnel: Suspension and Dismissal (policy 7940)

Other Resources: Questions and Answers on the Title IX Regulations on Sexual Harassment, U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights (July 2021), available at https://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/202107-qa-titleix.pdf

Adopted: March 11, 2021

All principals and school personnel are encouraged to initiate improvements to the educational program and services for students through school rules, standards, and procedures. Unless specifically addressed by the board, the superintendent may determine what matters will be addressed through administrative procedures developed in accordance with policy 2470, Administrative Procedures, and what matters may be addressed through school rules, standards, or procedures established by the principal.

Principals are responsible for school rules, standards, and procedures and are encouraged to involve staff, parents, students, professionals, and citizens as appropriate to the issue.

At any time, the board or superintendent may review and direct the principal to modify, expand or omit a school rule, standard or procedure. All rules, standards or procedures must be consistent with applicable policies of the board, the administrative procedures of the superintendent, and any other applicable laws and regulations.

Legal References: G.S. 115C-36, -47

Cross References: Dissemination and Preservation of Policies (policy 2430), Administrative Procedures (policy 2470)

Adopted: April 9, 1998 to become effective July 1, 1998.

Reviewed by Policy Committee on August 9, 2012

#### A. GENERAL PRINCIPLES

It is the policy of the board to provide all applicants for employment with equal employment opportunities and to provide current employees with training, compensation, promotion, and other benefits of employment without regard to race, color, religion, national origin, military affiliation, genetic information, sex (including pregnancy, childbirth, sexual orientation, and gender identity), age, or disability, except when sex, age, or physical requirements are essential occupational qualifications. All candidates will be evaluated on their merits and qualifications for positions. All employment decisions will be consistent with the board's objective of providing students with the opportunity to receive a sound basic education, as required by state law.

The board also is committed to diversity throughout the programs and practices of the school system. To further this goal, the recruitment and employment program should be designed to encourage a diverse pool of qualified applicants.

## B. RECRUITMENT

Recruitment for a specific vacancy will be undertaken only after the need and qualifications for the position are established and proper authorization is obtained.

All vacancies must be adequately publicized within the school system so that employees will be informed of opportunities for promotion or transfer to new jobs; however, the superintendent or designee may forgo publicizing a vacancy if the position will be filled through a lateral assignment, reassignment, or promotion of a current employee or if exigent circumstances necessitate that the position be filled immediately. Vacancies also may be publicized externally to attract qualified applicants.

## C. CRIMINAL HISTORY

Except as otherwise provided in Section D of this policy, applicants must notify the human resources department immediately if they are arrested, charged with, or convicted of a criminal offense (including entering a plea of guilty or *nolo contendere*) other than a minor traffic violation (i.e., speeding, parking, or a lesser violation). Notice must be in writing, must include all pertinent facts, and must be delivered to the human resources department no later than the next scheduled business day following the arrest, charge, or conviction, unless the applicant is hospitalized or incarcerated, in which case the applicant must report the alleged violation within 24 hours after his or her release. Upon judicial action in the matter, the applicant must report the disposition and pertinent facts in writing to human resources no later than the next business day following adjudication.

A criminal history check and a check of sex offender registries must be conducted on all final candidates for employment with the school system. Criminal history checks must be conducted in accordance with state law and any procedures established by the superintendent. School officials shall not require candidates to disclose expunged arrests, charges, or convictions and shall not ask candidates to voluntarily disclose such information without first advising that disclosure is not required. The superintendent or designee shall report to the State Board of Education any licensed individual who is found to have a criminal history, as required by State Board policy. Special requirements are described in Section D of this policy for criminal history checks of candidates for certain positions working with pre-school children or working in afterschool or developmental day programs.

A final candidate for employment or for hiring as an independent contractor will be excluded from hiring on the basis of criminal conduct only when doing so is job-related and consistent with business necessity. If a final candidate is found to have been convicted (including entering a plea of guilty or nolo contendere) of a criminal offense, other than a minor traffic violation, the superintendent shall determine whether the individual is qualified for employment despite the criminal history by considering, among other things, whether the individual poses a threat to the safety of students or personnel or has demonstrated that he or she does not have the integrity or honesty to fulfill the duties of the position. The following factors will be considered in making this determination: (1) the nature and gravity of the offense or conduct; (2) the time that has passed since the offense or conduct and/or completion of the sentence; and (3) the nature of the job sought. Before the superintendent may exclude a final candidate based on his or her past criminal convictions, the superintendent must give the candidate the opportunity to demonstrate that the exclusion does not properly apply to him or her. The requirements of this paragraph do not apply to a child care provider who is determined to be disgualified by the Division of Child Development and Early Education on the basis of a criminal history check conducted pursuant to G.S. 110-90.2, 42 U.S.C. 9858f, and 45 C.F.R. 98.43. (See Section D of this policy).

The board has determined that every position with the school system, regardless of whether the position is located in a school or elsewhere, potentially entails contact with students, either on a regular, occasional, or emergency basis. For that reason, no individual who is a registered sex offender subject to the provisions of policy 5022, Registered Sex Offenders, will be hired for any position with the school system.

In addition, each contract executed by the board with an independent contractor or for services of independent contractors must require the contractor to check sex offender registries as specified in policy 5022, Registered Sex Offenders.

# D. CRIMINAL HISTORY CHECKS OF CHILD CARE PROVIDERS

For purposes of this section, a "child care provider" is:

- 1. any person who works or is a final candidate seeking to work in a classroom or program licensed by the Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Child Development and Early Education (DCDEE); and
- 2. any person, including a volunteer, who has unsupervised contact with children enrolled in such classrooms or programs.

Before beginning initial employment or volunteer service and at least every three years thereafter, each child care provider must complete a criminal background check that meets the requirements of G.S. 110-90.2, 42 U.S.C. 9858f, and 45 C.F.R. 98.43 and present a letter issued by DCDEE indicating that the individual is qualified to have responsibility for the safety and well-being of children based on the individual's criminal history.

After September 30, 2019, no person shall (1) be employed, continue to be employed, or be permitted to volunteer as a child care provider, or to otherwise have unsupervised contact with students enrolled in a licensed classroom or program operated by the school system or (2) be counted in the staff/child ratio of such classroom or program, unless the person holds a current valid qualification letter issued by DCDEE. However, a child care provider with provisional status may be employed pending final results of the criminal background check but shall be subject to the restrictions established by 10A N.C.A.C. 09 .2703(f).

The application fee and cost of fingerprinting associated with the DCDEE criminal history check process shall be borne by the board.

A child care provider who has incurred any pending charges, indictments, or convictions (other than minor traffic offenses) since the last qualification letter was issued by DCDEE shall notify the Executive director of human resources in writing of such charges no later than the next scheduled business day following the arrest, charge, or conviction, unless the applicant is hospitalized or incarcerated, in which case the applicant must report the alleged violation within 24 hours after his or her release. The executive director of human resources shall notify DCDEE within one business day of being notified.

The superintendent or designee shall include the criminal history mandatory reporting requirement in all new employee orientation information for child care providers. The superintendent shall also be responsible for establishing effective recordkeeping methods and other processes as necessary to ensure compliance with all legal requirements pertaining to criminal history record checks of child care providers.

7100

## E. SELECTION

# 1. Qualifications

Candidates for employment must be selected based upon their likely ability to fulfill duties identified in the job description as well as performance standards established by the board. In making the determination, the following information must be considered:

- a. application;
- b. education and training;
- c. licensure and certification (when applicable);
- d. relevant experience;
- e. personal interviews; and
- f. references and/or background checks.

When several applicants for the same position are equally qualified and suitable for the position, employees within the school system will be given priority.

- 2. Nepotism
  - a. For purposes of this subsection, the following definitions apply.
    - i. "Immediate family" means spouse, parent, child, brother, sister, grandparent, or grandchild. The term includes the step, half, and in-law relationships.
    - ii. "Central office staff administrator" includes principals, directors, supervisors, specialists, assistant superintendents, and superintendent.
  - b. Before any immediate family of any board of education member or central office staff administrator is employed by the board or engaged in any capacity as an employee, independent contractor, or otherwise, (1) the board member or central office staff administrator must disclose the familial relationship to the board and (2) the prospective employment or engagement must be approved by the board in a duly called open session meeting.

- i. An employee who knowingly fails to disclose a familial relationship to the board as required will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including dismissal.
- ii. Notification by the employee to human resources will be deemed disclosure to the board. The human resources department is responsible for conveying the disclosure to the board before the board takes action on the prospective employment or engagement.
- c. When making recommendations for the selection and assignment of personnel, the superintendent shall attempt to avoid situations in which one employee occupies a position in which he or she has influence over the employment status, including hiring, salary, and promotion, of another employee who is a member of the first employee's immediate family.
- d. No administrative or supervisory personnel may directly supervise a member of his or her immediate family.
- 3. Employment Procedures

All applicants selected for employment must be recommended by the superintendent and approved by the board. In situations in which the employee must be hired between board meetings, the superintendent is authorized to approve hiring such personnel, contingent upon approval by the board at its next scheduled board meeting.

State guidelines must be followed in selection and employment procedures. The superintendent shall develop any other procedures necessary to implement this policy.

The superintendent shall develop procedures for verifying new employees' legal status or authorization to work in the United States as required by law.

Legal References: Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967, 29 U.S.C. 621 *et seq.*; Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. 12101 *et seq.*; Equal Educational Opportunities Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C. 1703; Equal Pay Act of 1963, 29 U.S.C. 206; Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. 1681 *et seq.*; Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008, 42 U.S.C. 2000ff *et seq.*; Military Selective Service Act, 50 U.S.C. Appx. 453; Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. 794; Title VII of the Civil Rights Acts of 1964, 42 U.S.C. 2000e *et seq.*; Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, 20 U.S.C. 1681 *et seq.*; Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994, 38 U.S.C. 4301 *et seq.*; 8 U.S.C. 1101 *et seq.*; 42 U.S.C. 9858f; 45 C.F.R. 98.43; *Bostock v.* 

*Clayton County*, 590 U.S., 140 S. Ct. 1731 (2020); *Green v. Missouri Pacific Railroad*, 523 F.2d 1290 (8<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1975); *Enforcement Guidance on the Consideration of Arrest and Conviction Records in Employment Decisions Under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964*, U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (April 25, 2012), available at <u>http://www.eeoc.gov/laws/guidance/arrest conviction.cfm</u>; G.S. 14-208.18; 15A-153; 110-90.2; 115C-12.2, -36, -47, -276(j), -332; 126-7.1(i), -16; 127A-202.1 *et seq.*; 127B-10, -12, -14; 143B-421.1, -931; *Leandro v. State.* 346 N.C. 336 (1997); 10A N.C.A.C. 09.0102, -.2701, -.2702, -.2703; 16 N.C.A.C. 6C .0313; State Board of Education Policy BENF-009

Cross References: Board Authority and Duties (policy 1010), Registered Sex Offenders (policy 5022)

Adopted: May 14, 1998 to become effective July 1, 1998

Administrative Procedure: Yes

Revised: April 8, 1998, August 14, 2008, June 14, 2012, February 13, 2015, March 11, 2016, October 5, 2017, August 16, 2018, August 8, 2019, March 12, 2020, August 12, 2021

All information provided to the human resources department by an applicant for employment or by an employee must be true, accurate, and complete to the best of that applicant's or employee's knowledge. Presenting information to the human resources department which is intended to defraud, falsify, materially misrepresent or conceal the truth will be considered just cause for terminating the application process or, as a violation of board policy, grounds for dismissing an employee.

Legal References: G.S. 115C-47(18), -325(e)(1)(o) (applicable to career status teachers), - 325.4(a)(14) (applicable to non-career status teachers)

Adopted: May 14, 1998 to become effective July 1, 1998

Updated: April 8, 1999, March 11, 2016

The board intends to comply fully with all licensure requirements of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, state law, and State Board of Education policies.

# A. LICENSURE AND OTHER QUALIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Except as otherwise permitted by the State Board of Education or state law, a person employed in a professional educator position must hold at all times a valid North Carolina professional educator's license appropriate to his or her position.
- 2. To the extent possible, all professional teaching assignments will be in the area of the professional employee's license except as may be otherwise allowed by state and federal law and State Board policy. In addition, all professional teachers employed to teach core academic subjects must be "highly qualified" as required by the State Board of Education. Core academic subjects include English, reading or language arts, mathematics, science, foreign languages, civics and government, economics, arts, history, and geography.
- 3. The board encourages alternative pathways into the teaching profession by skilled individuals from the private sector who meet state licensing requirements.
- 4. In extenuating circumstances when no other appropriately licensed professionals or persons who are eligible for a residency license are available to fill a position, the board may employ for up to one year an individual who holds a permit to teach or an emergency license to practice issued by the State Board of Education. A permit to teach or an emergency permit is not renewable.

# B. EXCEPTIONS TO LICENSURE REQUIREMENTS

1. Adjunct CTE Instructors

An unlicensed individual who meets the adjunct hiring criteria established by the State Board of Education for a specific career and technical education (CTE) career cluster may be employed as an adjunct CTE instructor for up to 20 hours per week or up to five full consecutive months of employment, provided the individual first completes preservice training and meets all other statutory requirements for serving as an adjunct instructor established by G.S. 115C-157.1.

2. Adjunct Instructors in Core Academic Subjects, Fine and Performing Arts, and Foreign Languages

In accordance with G.S. 115C-298.5, an unlicensed faculty member of a higher

education institution who meets the adjunct hiring criteria established by the State Board of Education may be employed as a temporary adjunct instructor for specific core academic subjects, fine and performing arts. And foreign language courses in grades kindergarten through twelve provided the individual first completes preservice training and meets all other statutory and State Board of Education requirements.

In addition, an individual with a related bachelor's or graduate degree may be employed as a temporary adjunct instructor to teach high-school level courses in core academic subjects, fine and performing arts, and foreign language in the individual's area of specialized knowledge or work experience provided the individual first completes preservice training required under G.S. 115C-298.5(a1).

3. Interim Principals

A retired former principal or assistant principal may be employed as an interim principal for the remainder of any school year, regardless of licensure status. Return to Work After Retirement rules in the Teachers' and State Employee's Retirement System Handbook must be followed.

#### C. BEGINNING TEACHER SUPPORT PROGRAM

The superintendent or designee shall develop a plan and a comprehensive program for beginning teacher support. The plan must be approved by the board and the Department of Public Instruction and kept on file for review. The plan must be aligned to the State Board of Education's beginning teacher support program standards and, when monitored, must demonstrate proficiency. The school system will also participate in implementing a regionally-based annual peer review and support system.

Teachers with fewer than three years of teaching experience will be required to participate in the Beginning Teacher Support Program.

## D. LICENSE CONVERSION

Teachers must meet all requirements of the State Board of Education in order to move from an initial professional license or residency license to a continuing professional license. Licensing is a state decision and cannot be appealed at the local level. The superintendent or designee shall ensure that teachers not qualifying for continuing professional licensure are informed of the process for appealing the state decision.

#### E. LICENSE RENEWAL

Licensure renewal is the responsibility of the individual, not of the school system. Any

employee who allows a license to expire must have it reinstated prior to the beginning of the next school year. A teacher whose license has expired is subject to dismissal.

The school system may offer courses, workshops, and independent study activities to help school personnel meet license renewal requirements. Any renewal activity offered must be consistent with State Board of Education policy. In addition, the superintendent or designee shall develop a procedure to determine the appropriateness of any credit offered in advance of renewal activities.

Decisions regarding the employment of teachers who fail to meet the required proficiency standard for renewal of a continuing professional license will be made in accordance with state law G.S. 115C-270.30(b)(4) and applicable State Board of Education requirements. The superintendent or designee shall determine the professional development required of a teacher whose continuing license has reverted to an initial license and/or has expired due to performance issues. The superintendent or designee may authorize or direct principals to prescribe professional development to such employees in accordance with the employee's demonstrated deficiencies.

# F. PARENTAL NOTIFICATION

At the beginning of each school year, the school system will notify the parents or guardians of each student attending a Title I school or participating in a Title I program of their right to request the following information about qualifications of their child's teacher: whether the teacher has met NC licensing requirements for the subject or grade level they are teaching; whether the teacher has had any licensure requirements waived; whether the teacher is teaching in the field of his or her certification; and whether the child is provided services by a paraprofessional, and if so, the paraprofessional's qualifications.

The school system will give notice within 10 school days to the parents of children who, after four consecutive weeks, have been taught a core academic subject by a teacher who is not highly qualified.

# G. EQUITABLE DISTRIBUTION OF TEACHERS

The superintendent shall assess whether low income, minority, learning disabled, and/or English learners are being taught by inexperienced, ineffective, or out-of-field teachers to at higher rates than students who do not fall into these categories and shall develop a plan to address any such disparities. If DPI does not require such a plan of the LEA, the superintendent is not required to develop a plan under this subsection unless he or she determines that one is needed to address inequities within the school system.

Legal References: Elementary and Secondary Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 6301 *et seq.*; 34 C.F.R. 200.55-57, 200.61; G.S. 115C art. 17E; 115C-157.4, -270.15, -270.20, -270.21, -284, -295, -298.5, -325(e)(1)(m) (applicable to career status teachers), -325.4(a)(12) (applicable to non-career status teachers), -333, -333.1;State Board of Education Policies CTED-004, DRIV-003, DRIV-004, EVAL-004, EVAL-023, EVAL,-034, LICN-001, LICN-005, LICN-021, LICN-022, TCED-016; *Beginning Teacher Support Program* Handbook (NCDPI) available at https://sites.google.com/dpi.nc.gov/ncref/bt-support-program-resources

Adopted: June 1997

Revised: January 22, 1999; December 20, 2006; June 30, 2008; September 30, 2011; March 28, 2013, September 12, 2013, June 12, 2014, June 8, 2017, February 8, 2018, August 8, 2019, March 12, 2020, January 14, 2021, August 12, 2021

It is the policy of the board to attempt to provide a safe and secure environment for all students and employees. In an effort to maintain a balance between the need to protect the rights of students and employees and to control the spread of serious communicable diseases and conditions, the superintendent will make decisions regarding the employment status of employees with communicable diseases or conditions on a case-by-case basis, in accordance with this policy. An employee suffering from a communicable disease or condition is encouraged to inform his or her principal so that appropriate accommodations may be made and appropriate precautions may be taken. This policy applies to all legally reportable communicable diseases as set forth in 15A N.C.A.C. 19A.0201. This policy shall be shared with school staff annually and with new employees as part of any initial orientation.

## A. COMMUNICABLE DISEASE DEFINED

A "communicable disease" is defined as an illness due to an infectious agent (usually a virus or bacterium), or its toxic products, which is transmitted directly or indirectly to a person from an infected person or animal.

A "communicable condition" exists if a person is infected with the communicable agent but does not have symptoms.

A "reportable disease or condition" is defined as a communicable disease or condition declared to be dangerous to the public health and required by the N.C. Department of Health and Human Services to be reported after the disease or condition is reasonably suspected to exist.

## B. REPORTING AND CONFIDENTIALITY REQUIREMENTS

1. Principal's Report to Health Department

In accordance with G.S. 130A-136, principals are required to report suspected cases of reportable communicable diseases or conditions to the county health director for investigation, along with any information forming the basis for the suspicion. Confidentiality of such reports is protected by law. Principals are immune from liability under state law for making such reports in good faith.

2. Confidentiality

Employees who become aware of another employee's reportable disease or condition may not share that information with anyone, including other school

personnel, unless specifically permitted to do so by the health director, by written consent of the affected employee, or by other applicable state or federal laws or regulations. The release of confidential information or records relating to an employee's reportable disease or condition, except as permitted by law, is a misdemeanor and may subject the employee to discipline up to and including dismissal.

## C. SAFETY CONTROL MEASURES

## 1. Handling Bodily Fluids

In order to prevent the spread of communicable disease and conditions, universal health and safety precautions, including precautions regarding the handling and cleanup of blood and other bodily fluids, must be distributed by the administration and will be followed by all school system employees. Employees are also required to follow the school system's bloodborne pathogens exposure control plan that contains universal precautions and specific work practice controls relating to the handling, disposal, and cleanup of blood and other potentially infectious materials. The bloodborne pathogens exposure control plan will be made available at each school or department. All employees are required to review and be familiar with the plan within a reasonable time after assuming employment, but not to exceed 30 days. Faculty should not allow students to be involved in the handling, disposal and cleanup of potentially infectious materials unless the student has been specifically trained in the handling of such materials and is qualified to perform first aid services.

Failure to follow universal health and safety precautions or applicable provisions of the bloodborne pathogens exposure control plan may result in disciplinary action against the offending employee. All employees have a duty to report to the school principal or the executive director of the Human Resources office any failure by a staff member or a student to follow the universal precautions, including their own.

2. Following Health Control Measures for Communicable Diseases

Employees shall follow all measures to control the spread of communicable disease as directed by the state or local health department. If neither the state nor local health departments have provided direction to contain the spread of a particular communicable disease, such as in the case of an emerging illness, employees shall implement control measures recommended by the CDC, the school nurse, or other relevant medical authority to the extent such measures are not inconsistent with this policy or another board policy addressing control measures. Any employee suffering from a communicable disease or condition is required to follow all control measures given to him or her by the health director.

Any school district employee who has reason to believe that a fellow employee is failing to follow safe practices, including a failure to use the universal precautions, must report this to his or her principal or supervisor. Supervisory personnel shall report unsafe conduct to the health department when they have reasonable concern that such conduct may cause or may have caused the spread of a communicable disease.

3. Cooperating with Health Officials

If the county health director notifies the superintendent or any other school district personnel that a school district employee with a communicable disease or condition may be posing a threat to the public health, these employees shall cooperate with the health director in eliminating the threat.

#### D. EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF EMPLOYEE

The board will follow all applicable state and federal laws and regulations and this policy in determining when an employee with a communicable disease or condition will be required to take leave from his or her position or otherwise be restricted from continuing his or her employment.

1. Requests to Alter Duties

Any employee may request that the superintendent or designee consider altering the employee's duties or other conditions of his or her employment if the employee:

- a. believes that he or she is unable to continue to perform the regular duties of the position due to a communicable disease or condition, or
- b. believes that he or she may risk transmitting the communicable disease to others by continuing to perform assigned duties.

The employee seeking alteration in the conditions of employment must apprise the superintendent or designee of his or her condition, submit medical documentation regarding such condition, suggest possible accommodations known to him or her and cooperate in any ensuing discussion and evaluation regarding whether there are possible reasonable accommodations.

2. Interdisciplinary Committee

If the superintendent so requests, the employee must give the superintendent written permission either to consult with appropriate medical personnel or to

convene an interdisciplinary committee to receive medical information regarding the employee in order to assist the superintendent in determining whether alternative employment opportunities reasonably can be provided to the affected employee. The committee may include appropriate school district personnel, appropriate medical personnel, including the employee's personal physician when possible, the health director or designee, and the employee.

3. Reasonable Accommodation Review

When addressing the issue of whether reasonable accommodation is possible, the superintendent will determine:

- a. to what degree the employee's presence in his or her current job exposes students or other staff to possible transmission of the disease; and/or
- b. whether the employee is able to continue in his or her current position with reasonable modifications.

The superintendent shall consult with the health director if there is any question as to the employee's risk of transmission on the job. If the superintendent determines that a significant risk of transmission exists in the employee's current position or that the employee is no longer able to continue in his or her current position for health reasons, the superintendent shall decide whether alternative employment opportunities are reasonably available within the school system and follow appropriate board policies for implementing or recommending a transfer.

If the employee requesting accommodation refuses to consent to the release of information to medical personnel or an interdisciplinary committee appointed by the superintendent, his or her request for an accommodation may be denied until the employee agrees to allow the superintendent to consult with the necessary parties.

4. Confidentiality of Information

Information shared with the superintendent, medical personnel, or interdisciplinary committee personnel shall be kept confidential and separate from other personnel file information and may be shared with other school employees only with the written permission of the employee as necessary to explore, design, or implement possible accommodations or as otherwise allowed by law.

Nothing in this policy is intended to grant or confer any employment rights beyond those existing by law or contract.

Legal References: The Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. § 12101 *et seq.* 29 C.F.R. pt. 1630; G.S. 130A, art. 6; 10A N.C.A.C 41A .0101 *et seq.* 

Cross Reference: Communicable Diseases – Students (policy 4230), Occupational Exposure to Bloodborne Pathogens (policy 7260)

Adopted: May 13, 1999

Revised: September 12, 2002, October 11, 2007, May 10, 2018

Job descriptions must be developed for all positions. A job description must identify the essential functions of the position and should stress expected working relationships with other employees and whatever duties are directly or indirectly related to student performance.

Job descriptions will be used as a criterion in screening applicants and evaluating employees. Job descriptions also will be used in organizational planning, budgeting, and personnel administration.

Job descriptions will be on file and available to employees and applicants in the Human Resources office.

Legal References: G.S. 115C-47(18), -307

Adopted: May 14, 1998 to become effective July 1, 1998

Revised: March 11, 2016

All eligible employees will be provided leave as required by the federal Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (FMLA), as amended, and applicable state laws and State Board of Education policies. The FMLA allows eligible employees to take job-protected, unpaid leave, or to substitute appropriate paid leave if the employee has earned or accrued it, for up to a total of 12 work weeks (or 26 work weeks in certain cases) in any 12-month period for certain qualifying conditions or events. The employee may continue to participate in the school system's group insurance plan while on FMLA leave.

This policy is intended for guidance only and is not intended to alter or expand the school system's responsibilities beyond the requirements of law. If any provision of this policy is inconsistent with federal law or regulation, the federal rule must take precedence. The superintendent is authorized to develop additional regulations for FMLA leave consistent with the requirements of the law and this policy. Employees can find more information about FMLA leave in the North Carolina Public Schools *Benefits and Employment Policy Manual.* 

The board strictly prohibits interfering with, restraining or denying the ability of any employee to exercise any right provided by the FMLA. The board also strictly prohibits any type of discrimination against or discharge of an employee who has filed a complaint in regard to the FMLA. A copy of this policy will be provided to each employee upon hiring.

## A. DEFINITIONS

1. Serious Health Condition

A serious health condition is an illness, injury, impairment or physical or mental condition that involves either an overnight stay in a medical care facility or continuing treatment by a health care provider for a condition that either prevents the employee from performing the functions of the employee's job or prevents the qualified family member from participating in school or other daily activities.

2. Continuing Treatment

Subject to certain conditions, the continuing treatment requirement in the above definition of "serious health condition" may be met by a period of incapacity of more than three consecutive calendar days combined with at least two visits to a health care provider or one visit and a regimen of continuing treatment or incapacity due to pregnancy or a chronic condition. Other conditions may meet the definition of continuing treatment.

3. Other Terms

Unless otherwise noted, all terms in this policy must be defined in accordance with 29 C.F.R. pt. 825.

#### B. ELIGIBILITY

Generally, employees are eligible for unpaid FMLA leave if they have:

- 1. been employed by the school system for at least 12 months (not necessarily consecutively); and
- 2. worked at least 1,250 hours during the previous 12 months.

Further information about these requirements can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations at 29 C.F.R. 825.110.

# C. QUALIFYING CONDITIONS

Except in cases of leave to care for a covered servicemember with a serious illness or injury, an eligible employee is entitled to a total of 12 workweeks of FMLA leave during any 12-month period for any one or more of the following reasons:

- 1. the birth and first-year care of the employee's child;
- 2. adoption or foster placement of a child with the employee;
- 3. a serious health condition of the employee or the employee's spouse, child or parent;
- 4. a qualifying exigency (see Section F) arising out of the fact that the spouse or a son, daughter or parent of the employee has been deployed, or is on notice of an impending deployment to a foreign country as a member of the regular Armed Forces on active duty or as a member of the Reserve components of the Armed Forces under a federal call or order to active duty in support of a contingency operation; or
- 5. to care for a covered servicemember with a serious illness or injury ("covered servicemember" and "serious injury or illness" are defined in federal regulation 29 C.F.R. 825. An employee who is a spouse, son, daughter, parent or next of kin of the servicemember may take leave for a period of up to 26 workweeks under this provision.

#### D. DETERMINING THE **12-MONTH PERIOD**

The 12-month period during which an employee is eligible for FMLA leave will be a 12month period, rolled forward from the date the employee's first FMLA leave begins. except that the period for leave to care for a covered servicemember with a serious injury or illness begins on the first day the employee takes leave for this reason and ends 12 months later.

# E. ENTITLEMENT TO LEAVE

Eligible employees may take leave as follows:

- 1. **Medical leave for serious health conditions**: A combined total of 12 workweeks during a 12-month period. The leave may be taken intermittently or on a reduced leave schedule as is medically necessary.
- 2. Family leave for pregnancy, birth of a child, or placement of a child for foster care or adoption: A combined total of 12 consecutive workweeks during a 12-month period. Eligibility for FMLA leave expires 12 months from the birth, foster care placement, or adoption of the child. Leave must be used in a single block of time unless the board agrees to another arrangement.
- 3. **Military service exigency**: A combined total of 12 workweeks during a 12month period. The leave may be taken intermittently or on a reduced leave schedule.
- 4. Leave to care for injured service member: A combined total of no more than 26 workweeks during a single 12-month period. The leave may be taken intermittently or on a reduced leave schedule. If combined with other types of FMLA leave, the total leave taken in a single 12-month period still may not exceed 26 weeks.
- 5. **Spouses employed by the school system**: Spouses who are both employed by the school system and eligible for FMLA leave are limited in the amount of family leave they may take for the birth and care of a newborn child, for the placement of a child for adoption or foster care, or to care for a parent who has a serious health condition to a combined total of 12 weeks (or 26 weeks if leave to care for a covered service member with a serious injury or illness is also used).

## F. QUALIFIED MILITARY SERVICE EXIGENCIES

A military service exigency that qualifies for FMLA leave must be defined in accordance with federal regulations. Qualified exigencies may include:

- 1. short-notice deployment;
- 2. military events and related activities;
- 3. school and childcare activities;

7520

- 4. financial and legal arrangements;
- 5. counseling;
- 6. rest and recuperation leave;
- 7. post-deployment activities;
- 8. parental care; and
- 9. additional activities agreed upon by the board and employee.

# G. INTERMITTENT OR REDUCES WORK SCHEDULE

- 1. An employee may take FMLA leave on an intermittent or reduced leave schedule as required for the health of the employee or family member, due to a qualifying exigency, or as otherwise approved by the superintendent. The employee must make a reasonable effort to schedule treatment so as not to disrupt unduly the operations of the school. Whenever possible, the employee should discuss scheduling with his or her immediate supervisor prior to scheduling any medical treatment in order to accommodate the work schedule.
- 2. An employee who requests intermittent or reduced leave time for medical treatment of a serious health condition may be required to give the reasons for the intermittent or reduced leave schedule and the schedule for treatment.
- 3. To better accommodate an employee's need for intermittent or reduced leave for a serious health condition, the school system may require an employee to take an alternative position during the period of leave. The alternative position must have equal pay and benefits, but it does not have to have equivalent duties.
- 4. Employees may take intermittent leave in increments of one hour.
- 5. Instructional personnel are subject to special rules for taking intermittent or reduced leave. (See Section H.)

#### H. INSTRUCTIONAL PERSONNEL

The following special rules apply to instructional personnel only. For the purposes of this policy, instructional personnel are teachers, athletic coaches, driving instructors, special education assistants and any other employees whose principal function is to teach and instruct students.

- 1. Use of Intermittent or Reduced Schedule Leave
  - a. Instructional employees may use intermittent or reduced schedule leave only when the employee and the school system have reached an agreement on how the leave will be used.
  - b. If an instructional employee requests intermittent or reduced schedule leave for more than 20 percent of the workdays of the duration of a leave due to medical treatment, the school system may require the employee to take continuous leave for up to the entire duration of the scheduled leave or to transfer to an alternative position with equivalent pay and benefits for the period of leave.
  - c. Instructional employees who take intermittent or reduced schedule leave that constitutes 20 percent or less of the workdays during the leave period are not subject to transfer to an alternative position.
- 2. Extension of FMLA Leave at School System Discretion

The school system may require instructional personnel to continue leave through the end of the school semester if any of the following conditions exist:

- a. the leave will begin more than five weeks before the end of the term; the leave will last at least three weeks; and the employee would return to work in the last three weeks of the academic term;
- b. the leave is for a purpose other than the employee's own serious health condition or for a military exigency; the leave will begin in the last five weeks of the term; the leave will last more than two weeks; and the employee would return to work during the last two weeks of the academic term; or
- c. the leave is for a purpose other than the employee's own serious health condition or for a military exigency; the leave will begin in the last three weeks of the term; and the leave will last at least five days.

If the school system requires an instructional employee to take leave until the end of the academic term, only the period of leave until the employee is ready and able to return to work will be charged against the employee's FMLA entitlement.

# I. EMPLOYEE'S RESPONSIBILITY WHEN REQUESTING LEAVE

To ensure that employees receive proper notification of their rights and responsibilities and that leave is properly designated, all employees requesting any type of leave must make the request to the human resources officer or designee.

- 1. Employee's Responsibilities When Leave is Foreseeable
  - a. The employee must provide 30 days' advance notice of the need to take FMLA leave when the need is foreseeable. If this amount of notice is not possible, then notice must be given as soon as practicable, taking into account all of the facts and circumstances.
  - b. The employee must provide sufficient information for the school system reasonably to determine (1) whether the FMLA may apply to the leave request and (2) the anticipated timing and duration of the leave. This information would include, for example, notice that the employee is unable to perform job functions, notice that the family member is unable to perform daily activities, notice of the need for hospitalization or continuing treatment by a health care provider or notice of circumstances supporting the need for military family leave.
  - c. If the employee does not provide 30 days' notice and there is no reasonable justification for the delay, the school system may delay the FMLA leave until at least 30 days after the employee provides notice of the need for FMLA leave.
  - d. If an instructional employee fails to give the required notice of foreseeable leave for an intermittent or reduced leave schedule, the school system may require the employee to take continuous leave for the duration of his or her treatment or may temporarily transfer the employee to an alternative position for which the employee is qualified and that has the same benefits. (See Section H.)
- 2. Employee's Responsibilities When Leave is Not Foreseeable
  - a. When leave is not foreseeable, the employee must comply with the usual school system procedures for notifying his or her supervisor of the absence and requesting leave, including any applicable requirements established by policy 7510, Leave. If the employee fails to do so, the leave may be delayed or denied.
  - b. When giving notice of an absence, the employee must inform the supervisor if the requested leave is for a reason for which FMLA leave was previously taken or certified.
  - c. The employee also must notify human resources officer or designee of the need for FMLA leave as soon as practicable.

d. All employee responsibilities in the FMLA for notice, medical certification, fitness for duty certification and notice of intent to return to work apply as specified in this policy and policy 7510.

# J. SCHOOL SYSTEM'S DESIGNATION AND NOTICE TO EMPLOYEE

- 1. Whether or not the employee specifically requests FMLA leave, the human resources officer or designee is responsible for asking any questions of the employee necessary to make a determination of whether the leave is FMLA-eligible, unless the employee has already requested and received FMLA leave or certification for the same condition or event. The human resources officer may require the employee to provide notice of the need and the reason for leave.
- 2. The human resources officer or designee shall provide all legally-required notices to the employee within five days of receiving this information or otherwise learning that an employee's leave may be for an FMLA-qualifying reason, unless there is a justifiable delay, such as a delay for documentation.

The required notices must indicate whether the employee is eligible under the FMLA. If the employee is eligible, the notice must specify any additional information required from the employee and must explain the employee's rights and responsibilities under the FMLA. If the employee is not eligible, the notice must provide a reason for the ineligibility. The required notices also must state whether the leave will be designated as FMLA-protected and, if so, the amount of leave that will be counted against the employee's leave entitlement.

- 3. Leave may be designated as both FMLA-eligible and as leave under the school system's paid leave policy if paid leave has been substituted. Such leave would be counted toward the employee's 12-week FMLA entitlement. In addition, the human resources officer may designate an absence (taken as paid or unpaid leave) that meets the criteria for an FMLA-qualifying absence as part of the employee's total FMLA entitlement, whether or not the employee has requested FMLA leave. (See Section M.)
- 4. Leave that has been taken for an FMLA-qualifying reason may be retroactively designated as FMLA leave with appropriate notice to the employee, provided that such designation does not cause harm or injury to the employee.

# K. CERTIFICATION

The school system reserves the right to require employees to provide certification of any FMLA-qualifying event or condition of the employee or the employee's spouse, child, parent or next of kin, including certification for military exigency leave. The school system will not request more medical certification information than that allowed by the

FMLA and the Americans with Disabilities Act. The human resource officer may request a second or third opinion at the school system's expense if reason to doubt the validity of a medical certification exists. The school system may require periodic recertification to support the leave, as permitted by law.

# L. RETURN TO WORK

The school system may require an employee to periodically report on his or her status and intent to return to work. Any employee who is taking leave through the end of an academic semester must report on his or her intent to return to work no later than four weeks before the end of the academic semester. In addition, the school system may require the employee to report on his or her intent to return to work on a regular basis while on FMLA leave.

Before an employee returns to work from FMLA leave taken for the employee's own serious health condition, the employee must present a "fitness-for-duty" certification that states that the employee is able to return to work. This requirement does not apply to an employee taking intermittent leave unless the employee's condition presents a reasonable safety concern.

# M. SUBSTITUTION OF PAID LEAVE

- 1. The school system will substitute appropriate paid leave, including sick leave, personal leave and vacation time for unpaid, FMLA leave to the extent allowed by law and policy, giving proper notice to the employee that the leave is designated as FMLA. If an employee has exhausted his or her accrued paid leave but an FMLA-qualifying reason for absence continues, the school system will designate resulting absences as protected FMLA leave until the employee has used all allowable FMLA leave. Such absences will be unpaid.
- 2. When an employee has an absence (taken as paid or unpaid leave) that meets the criteria for an FMLA-qualified absence, the school system may, with proper notice to the employee, designate the absence as part of the employee's total annual FMLA entitlement. If the absence continues for more than 10 days, all employee responsibilities in the FMLA to provide notice for foreseeable and unforeseeable leave, medical certification, fitness for duty certification and notice of intent to return to work apply as specified in this policy and policy 7510.
- 3. An employee must not be permitted to exhaust paid leave before beginning FMLA leave if it has been determined that the employee's reason for using paid leave meets the FMLA eligibility requirements.

#### N. RESTORATION TO EQUIVALENT POSITION

1. Generally

7520

Employees, except "key" employees, will be restored to the same or an equivalent position upon return from FMLA leave.

The equivalent position will have virtually identical pay, benefits and working conditions, including privileges, perquisites and status, as the position the employee held prior to the leave. The position also must involve substantially similar duties and responsibilities, which must entail substantially equivalent skill, effort, responsibility and authority. All positions within the same job classification are considered "equivalent positions" for the purposes of this policy, so long as these conditions are met. For licensed employees, all positions with the same salary and licensure requirements also will be considered equivalent positions, so long as these conditions are met.

2. Key Employees

Key employees do not have the right to be restored to the same or an equivalent position upon their return from FMLA leave. Key employees are salaried FMLAeligible employees who are among the highest paid 10 percent of all employees. If restoring a key employee would result in substantial and grievous economic injury to the school system, then the school system has no obligation to restore the employee to the same or an equivalent position.

An employee will be informed at the time leave is taken if he or she is considered a key employee and will be informed once a determination is made that the employee will not be restored to the same or an equivalent position upon return from FMLA leave. A key employee who has been informed that he or she will not be restored still has the right to health benefits for the full period in which he or she is eligible for FMLA leave.

# **O. CONTINUATION OF HEALTH BENEFITS**

Health care coverage and benefits will be continued for the duration of an employee's FMLA leave on the same conditions as would have been provided if the employee had continued working. Employees do not have the right to the accrual of earned benefits during FMLA leave. If an employee takes intermittent or reduced leave, he or she has the right to maintain the same health care benefits, but earned benefits may be reduced in proportion to hours worked when such a reduction is normally based upon hours worked.

The school system may recover from the employee the cost of health insurance premiums paid on behalf of the employee while the employee was on unpaid FMLA leave if the employee does not return to work after the leave, so long as the reason for not returning does not relate to a serious health condition or to circumstances beyond his or her control.

# P. POSTING REQUIREMENT

The superintendent or designee shall ensure that notices of FMLA provisions and information on procedures for filing complaints are posted in places that are readily accessible to employees and applicants.

# Q. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENT

The human resources office shall maintain records of the following information for at least three years: basic payroll and identifying employee data, the dates (or hours) of FMLA leave taken by each employee, and premium payments of employee benefits. Medical information, such as that relating to medical certifications, also will be maintained in the human resources office in confidential medical records.

The human resources officer will maintain for at least three years copies of employee notices, including general and specific notices, any other documents describing employee benefits or policies and records of disputes between the school system and any employee regarding designation of FMLA leave.

# **R. ENFORCEMENT**

An employee may file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Labor or bring a private lawsuit against the school system for violations of the FMLA.

FMLA does not affect any federal or state law prohibiting discrimination or supersede any state or local law that provides greater family or medical leave rights.

# S. OUTSIDE EMPLOYMENT/FALSIFICATION OF RECORDS

The school system may deny FMLA benefits to an employee who engages in selfemployment or employment for any employer while on continuous leave if the employee fraudulently obtained FMLA leave. Falsification of records and failure to correct records known to be false are violations of this policy and will result in discipline, which may include termination from employment.

Legal References: Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. 12101 *et seq.*; Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, as amended, 29 U.S.C. 2601 *et seq.*; 29 C.F.R. pt. 825; National Defense Authorization Act for 2008, Pub. L. 110-181 sec. 585; *North Carolina Public Schools Benefits and Employment Policy Manual*, N.C. Department of Public Instruction (current version)

Cross References: Leave (policy 7510)

Adopted: May 13, 2010

Revised: June 30, 2009; September 30, 2010; March 28, 2013, September 12, 2013

An employee will be eligible for all considerations of military leave in accordance with State Board of Education policy, the federal Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA), and Article 16 of Chapter 127A of the North Carolina General Statutes.

Employees are encouraged to schedule short periods of required active duty during vacation periods so as not to interfere with regular duties of the individual's employment.

# A. NOTICE AND DOCUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Employees must provide to the superintendent advance written or oral notice of any absences due to military obligations, except in cases of emergency assignment or other conditions that make notice impossible or unreasonable.
- 2. For leave periods exceeding 30 days, the employee must provide either written documentation evidencing performance of military duty or identify the military command in order for the school to verify the request.

#### B. SHORT-TERM MILITARY LEAVE WITH PAY

- 1. In accordance with State Board of Education policy, an employee who is a member of a reserve component of the U.S. Armed Forces may take up to 15 workdays of paid military leave for active duty training per federal fiscal year, which runs from October 1 through September 30. Members of the National Guard may take additional paid leave beyond these 15 days for special state activities when so authorized by the governor.
- 2. After an employee has used all of his or her paid military leave, the employee may choose to use any accumulated vacation leave, bonus leave, or comp time during the period of military service; however, no employee will be forced to use such paid leave during military service.

# C. UNPAID MILITARY LEAVE FOR EXTENDED ACTIVE DUTY

- 1. Employees may take extended leaves of absence for state or federal military duty under honorable services status, for required training, or for special emergency management in accordance with state and federal law and State Board policy. Such leave is unpaid, except as described in paragraph C.2, below. The employee may use any available eligible paid leave prior to going on unpaid leave.
- 2. During periods of extended military leaves, which must not exceed five years

cumulatively plus any period of additional service imposed by law, the employee will be paid the difference in military base pay and state salary, including non-performance-based bonuses, when the military pay is less than the state salary. Differential pay will be paid from the same source of funds as the employee's public school salary. An employee may not receive differential pay while absent on any type of paid leave.

# D. REINSTATEMENT FROM MILITARY LEAVE

- 1. If the individual applies for reinstatement following separation from military duty, his or her reemployment and related rights are governed by the provisions of the USERRA (for members of reserve components of the U.S. Armed Forces, including members of the North Carolina National Guard returning from active federal duty, from active state duty for a period of 14 days or more, and from active state duty in response to a national emergency or major disaster declared by the President) or Article 16 of G.S. 127A (for members of the North Carolina National Guard returning from all other active state duty).
- 2. Employees must meet all applicable state or federal deadlines for reporting back to work or applying for reinstatement.
- 3. Under certain circumstances, an employee may receive teaching experience credit and retirement credit for service in the military, in accordance with State Board regulations.

# E. EXPLANATION OF BENEFITS

When an employee is determined to be eligible for unpaid military leave under this policy, the superintendent or designee shall provide the employee with an explanation of his or her rights and benefits, including those related to leave, salary increases, medical insurance options, retirement status, the possibility of differential pay, and reinstatement rights.

# F. COMPLIANCE WITH OTHER REQUIREMENTS

The board will follow and apply all other applicable legal requirements when administering military leave under this policy.

Legal References: Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994, 38 U.S.C. 4301 *et seq.*; G.S. 115C-47, -302.1(g), -302.1(g1); 127A art. 16; 16 N.C.A.C. 6C .0406; *North Carolina Public Schools Benefits and Employment Policy Manual*, §§ 9.6 – 10.4 (2008-2009)

Cross References: Leave (policy 7510)

Adopted: May 14, 1998 to become effective July 1, 1998

Revised: May 13, 2010, February 8, 2018

7820

Personnel files, which may consist of paper or electronic records, will be maintained in the human resources office for all employees as provided by law. The superintendent and all supervisors are directed to ensure that all appropriate employment-related information is submitted to the files. Employees will be provided with all procedural protections as provided by law.

The superintendent has overall responsibility for granting or denying access to personnel records consistent with this policy.

# A. RECORDS MAINTAINED

The following records must be maintained in the personnel file:

- 1. evaluation reports made by the administration;
- 2. commendations for and complaints against the employee (see Section C);
- 3. written suggestions for corrections and improvements made by the administration;
- 4. certificates;
- 5. employee's standard test scores;
- 6. employee's academic records;
- 7. application forms;
- 8. any request to the State Board of Education to revoke the employee's teaching license; and
- 9. other pertinent records or reports.

# B. CERTAIN EMPLOYEE RECORDS MAINTAINED SEPARATELY

The following employee information must be kept separate from the employee's general personnel information, in accordance with legal and/or board requirements:

1. Pre-Employment Information

Letters of reference about an employee obtained before his or her employment and, for teachers, any other pre-employment information collected, must be filed separately from the employee's general personnel information and must not be made available to the employee.

2. Criminal Record Check

Data from a criminal history check must be maintained in a locked, secure location separate from the employee's personnel file. The superintendent shall designate which school officials have a need to know the results of the criminal history check. Only those officials so designated may obtain access to the records.

3. Medical Information

Employee medical information, including the following, must be kept in a separate confidential file and may be subject to special disclosure rules:

- a. health certificates (see policy 7120, Employee Health Certificate);
- b. drug test results, except that drug use or alcohol use contrary to board policy or law also may be documented in the employee's personnel file (see policy 7241, Drug and Alcohol Testing of Commercial Motor Vehicle Operators);
- c. information related to an employee's communicable disease/condition or possible occupational exposure to bloodborne pathogens (see policies 7260, Occupational Exposure to Bloodborne Pathogens, and 7262, Communicable Diseases Employees);
- d. medical information related to leave under the Family and Medical Leave Act (see policy 7520, Family and Medical Leave); and
- e. genetic information, as defined by the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008.
- 4. Complaints/Reports of Harassment or Discrimination

The superintendent or designee shall maintain records of all reports and complaints of harassment and discrimination and the resolution of such complaints. Allegations of harassment or discrimination must be kept confidential to the extent possible. Employees involved in the allegations will be identified only to individuals who need the information to investigate or resolve the matter, or to ensure that due process is provided to the accused employee (see policies 1710/4020/7230, Discrimination and Harassment Prohibited by Federal Law,

7820

7232, Discrimination and Harassment in the Workplace).

If the allegations are substantiated through investigation, the superintendent or designee shall ensure that the provisions of Section C, below, are followed to the extent that they do not conflict with the rights of any individual.

# C. PLACEMENT OF RECORDS IN PERSONNEL FILE

All evaluations, commendations, complaints, or suggestions for correction or improvement must be placed in the employee's central office personnel file after the following requirements are met:

- 1. the comment is signed and dated by the person who made the evaluation, commendation, complaint, or suggestion;
- 2. if the comment is a complaint, the employee's supervisor has attempted to resolve the issue raised therein and documentation of such efforts is attached with the supervisor's recommendation to the superintendent as to whether the complaint contains any invalid, irrelevant, outdated, or false information; and
- 3. the employee has received a copy of the evaluation, commendation, complaint, or suggestion five days before it is placed in the file.

All written complaints that are signed and dated must be submitted regardless of whether the supervisor considers the complaint to be resolved.

The supervisor is expected to use good judgment in determining when a document should be submitted to the file immediately and when a delay is justified, such as when there exists a plan of improvement that is frequently revised. However, all evaluations, commendations, complaints, or suggestions for correction or improvement should be submitted by the end of the school year or in time to be considered in an evaluation process, whichever is sooner. The supervisor or principal should seek clarification from the associate superintendent of human resources as necessary to comply with this policy.

The employee may offer a denial or explanation of the evaluation, commendation, complaint, or suggestion, and any such denial or explanation will become part of his or her personnel file, provided that it is signed and dated.

The superintendent may exercise statutory authority not to place in an employee's file a letter of complaint that contains invalid, irrelevant, outdated, or false information, or a letter of complaint when there is no documentation of an attempt to resolve the issue.

As provided in policy 7900, Resignation, if a career employee who has been recommended for dismissal under the applicable state law resigns without the written consent of the superintendent, then: (1) the superintendent shall report the matter to the State Board of Education; (2) the employee shall be deemed to have consented to the placement of the written notice of the superintendent's intention to recommend dismissal in the employee's personnel file; and (3) the employee shall be deemed to have consented to have consented to the release to prospective employers, upon request, of the fact that the superintendent has reported this employee to the State Board of Education. For purposes of this provision, "career employee" means (1) a teacher or an administrator with career status, or (2) an administrator or a non-career status teacher during the term of his or her contract.

# D. ACCESS TO PERSONNEL FILE

- 1. Every employee has the right to inspect his or her personnel file, including any portions of the file maintained in electronic format only, during regular working hours, provided that three days' notice is given to the human resources office.
- 2. The following persons may be permitted to access a personnel file without the consent of the employee about whom the file is maintained:
  - a. school officials involved in the screening, selection, or evaluation of the individual for employment or other personnel action;
  - b. members of the board of education, if the examination of the file relates to the duties and responsibilities of the board member;
  - c. the board attorney;
  - d. the superintendent and other supervisory personnel;
  - e. the hearing officer in a demotion or dismissal procedure regarding the employee; and
  - f. law enforcement and the District Attorney to assist in the investigation of a report made to law enforcement pursuant to G.S. 115C-288(g) or regarding an arson; an attempted arson; or the destruction of, theft from, theft of, embezzlement from, or embezzlement of any personal or real property owned by the board. Five days' written notice will be given to the employee prior to such disclosure.
- 3. No other person may have access to a personnel file except under the following circumstances:

- a. when an employee gives written consent to the release of his or her records, which specifies the records to be released and to whom they are to be released;
- b. pursuant to a subpoena or court order; or
- c. when the board has determined, and the superintendent has documented, that the release or inspection of information is essential to maintaining the integrity of the board or the quality of services provided by the board.
- d. the superintendent or designee determines that disclosure to a court of law, or a state or federal administrative agency having a quasi-judicial function, is necessary to adequately defend against a claim filed by a current or former employee against the board or a school official or employee for any alleged act or omission arising during the course and scope of his or her official duties or employment. Such disclosures will be limited to those confidential portions of the personnel file of the employee who filed the claim and only to the extent necessary for the defense of the board.
- 4. Each request for consent to release records must be handled separately.
- 5. It is a criminal violation for an employee or board member to do either of the following:
  - a. knowingly, willfully, and with malice, permit any unauthorized person to have access to information contained in a personnel file; or
  - b. knowingly and willfully examine, remove, or copy a personnel file that he or she is not specifically authorized to access pursuant to G.S. 115C-321.

#### E. INFORMATION AVAILABLE TO PARENTS OF STUDENTS ATTENDING TITLE I SCHOOLS

The following information about a student's teacher(s) or paraprofessional(s) providing services to a student must be provided upon request to the parent of a student attending a Title I school:

- 1. whether the teacher has met North Carolina qualification and licensing criteria for the grade level(s) and subject area(s) in which the teacher provides instruction;
- 2. whether the teacher is teaching under emergency or other provisional status through which North Carolina qualification or licensing criteria have been waived;
- 3. whether the teacher is teaching in the field of discipline of his or her certification;

7820

and

4. the qualifications of any paraprofessional providing services to the student.

# F. PUBLIC INFORMATION

- 1. The following information contained in an employee's personnel file must be open to inspection upon request by members of the general public:
  - a. name;
  - b. age;
  - c. the date of original employment or appointment;
  - d. the terms of any past or current contract by which the employee is employed, whether written or oral, to the extent that the board has the written contract or a record of the oral contract in its possession;
  - e. current position;
  - f. title;
  - g. current salary (includes pay, benefits, incentives, bonuses, deferred compensation, and all other forms of compensation paid to the employee);
  - h. the date and amount of each increase or decrease in salary with the board;
  - i. the date and type of each promotion, demotion, transfer, suspension, separation, or other change in position classification with the board;
  - j. the date and general description of the reasons for each promotion with the board;
  - k. the date and type of each dismissal, suspension, or demotion for disciplinary reasons taken by the board, and if the disciplinary action was a dismissal, a copy of the written notice of the final decision of the board setting forth the specific acts or omissions that are the basis of the dismissal; and
  - I. the office or station to which the employee is currently assigned.

- 2. The name of a participant in the North Carolina Address Confidentiality Program is not a public record, is not open to inspection, and must be redacted from any records released.
- 3. Volunteer records are not considered public records.
- 4. Under no circumstances will the following be released pursuant to a public records request or as part of any employee directory:
  - a. personal identifying information, as defined in policy 4705/7825, Confidentiality of Personal Identifying Information; or
  - b. the name, address, or telephone number of a participant in the North Carolina Address Confidentiality Program.

#### G. REMOVAL OF RECORDS

An employee may petition the board to remove any information from his or her personnel file that the employee deems invalid, irrelevant, or outdated.

Legal References: Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008, 42 U.S.C. 2000ff *et seq.*; Elementary and Secondary Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 6312(e)(1)(A); G.S. 114-19.2; 115C-36, -47(18), -209.1, -288(g), -319 to -321, -325(b) and (o) (applicable to career status teachers), -325.2 and -325.9 (applicable to non-career status teachers); 16 N.C.A.C. 6C .0313

Cross References: Discrimination and Harassment Prohibited by Federal Law (policy 1710/4020/7230), Title IX Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Sex (policy 1720/4030/7235), Title IX Sexual Harassment – Prohibited Conduct and Reporting Process (policy 1725/4035/7236), Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Process (policy 1726/4036/7237), Confidential Information (policy 2125/7315), North Carolina Address Confidentiality Program (policy 4250/5075/7316), Confidentiality of Personal Identifying Information (policy 4705/7825), Public Records – Retention, Release, and Disposition (policy 5070/7350), Employee Health Certificate (policy 7120), Discrimination and Harassment in the Workplace (policy 7232), Drug and Alcohol Testing of Commercial Motor Vehicle Operators (policy 7241), Occupational Exposure to Bloodborne Pathogens (policy 7260), Communicable Diseases – Employees (policy 7821), Resignation (policy 7900)

Adopted: March 8, 2012

Revised: February 12, 2015, June 8, 2017, May 13, 2021

Through the budget resolution, the board appropriates sums it determines are sufficient and proper for the budget year. The board will provide maximum flexibility in the use of funds to enable the schools to accomplish their student performance goals. The school system will not expend any monies, regardless of their source, except in accordance with the budget resolution adopted by the board.

# ADOPTION OF RESOLUTION

Once the board of county commissioners has appropriated money to the local current expense fund and capital outlay fund, the board may determine whether such funds are sufficient. If the board determines that the appropriation is insufficient, the board may utilize the procedure provided by law for resolution of disputes between a board of education and a board of county commissioners.

After the board of county commissioners has appropriated funds and after the conclusion of any dispute regarding the appropriation, the board of education will adopt a budget resolution in conformance with all legal requirements. The budget resolution will be entered in the minutes of the board. Within five days after adoption, copies will be filed with the superintendent, the school finance officer, and the county finance officer.

Legal References: G.S. 115C-105.25, -425, -431, -432, -433

Adopted: May 14, 1998 to become effective July 1, 1998

Administrative Procedure: None

Reviewed by Policy Committee on August 8, 2013

The board strives to maintain the school system's facilities in good condition in order to:

- 1. continue to provide a safe, orderly and inviting educational environment;
- 2. protect financial investments in the facility;
- 3. reduce the need for major repair; and
- 4. facilitate the conservation of energy resources.

All staff, students and visitors to the school are expected to use reasonable care to prevent property damage. Principals and teachers are to instruct students in the proper care of public property. Anyone who willfully or carelessly damages school property may be held financially liable, as provided by law, including G.S. 115C-523.

Principals must inspect their school buildings for health, fire and safety hazards on a regular basis and as required by law. Principals shall notify the superintendent or designee immediately of unsanitary conditions or repairs needed to meet safety standards. Any employee who observes a potential hazard shall notify his or her supervisor or the principal immediately. Proper signs indicating potential hazards or recommended safety precautions must be posted.

The maintenance department shall make reasonable efforts to maintain the facilities in good condition and to make needed repairs.

The superintendent is directed to ensure that facilities are evaluated and inspected in accordance with the facilities inventory as provided in policy 9000, Planning to Address Facility Needs.

Legal References: G.S. 1-538.1; 115C-40, -47, -276(c), -288(f), -307(h), -523, -524

Cross References: School Safety (policy 1510/4200/7270), Planning to Address Facility Needs (policy 9000)

Adopted: July 11, 2013

The board considers naming facilities to be a significant endeavor since the name of a facility can reflect upon the students, staff, school system, and community.

The superintendent will involve the staff and students assigned to the facility and the students' parents in the process of identifying possible names for a new school facility or facility being renamed. The superintendent shall consider the following criteria as well as other factors the superintendent determines to be relevant in identifying potential names for the facility:

- 1. the name should not be so similar to the names of existing facilities as to cause confusion;
- 2. the name should include a designation of the type of school, such as elementary, middle, high or brief description of a school of a specialized kind of school;
- 3. the name may be in honor or memory of an individual who has helped students in this school system succeed through financial contributions or educational leadership;
- 4. the name may be that of an educational leader of prominence and reputation beyond the school system; however, priority will be given to the names of educational leaders who have directly or indirectly helped students in this school district to succeed; and
- 5. the name may specify the geographic locality of the school.

The superintendent will submit a recommended name or limited list of recommended names to the board for approval.

Legal References: G.S. 115C-36, -47

Adopted: May 14, 1998 to become effective July 1, 1998

Administrative Procedure: None

Reviewed by Policy Committee on August 8, 2013

# Asheboro City Schools Personnel Transactions February 10, 2022

# \*A. RESIGNATIONS/RETIREMENTS/SEPARATIONS

LAST	FIRST	SCHOOL	SUBJECT	EFFECTIVE
Little	Delores	CO	Bus Driver	2/4/2022
Luther	Paulette	СО	Bus Driver	2/4/2022
Settle	MaKira	AHS	Exceptional Children	1/28/2022
Walker	Emily	NAMS	Science	2/4/2022

# **\*B. APPOINTMENTS**

LAST	FIRST	SCHOOL	SUBJECT	EFFECTIVE
Cable	Vincent	AHS	Non-Faculty Coach (Track)	2/14/2022
Graves	Margie	CO	Bus Driver	2/14/2022
Headen	Cameron	AHS	Non-Faculty Coach (Track)	2/14/2022
Sanchez	Elva	GBT	Instructional Assistant	2/1/2022

# Asheboro City Schools Personnel Transactions - ADDENDUM February 10, 2022

# \*A. RESIGNATIONS/RETIREMENTS/SEPARATIONS

Alexandra

Paige

DLL

AHS

Jasso

Phillips

LAST	FIRST	SCHOOL	SUBJECT	EFFECTIVE		
Nelson	Jennifer	NAMS	English Language Arts	3/11/2022		
*B. APPOINT	MENTS					
LAST	FIRST	SCHOOL	SUBJECT	EFFECTIVE		
Creed	Stacy	DLL	Teacher/Interventionist	2/28/2022		
Gonzalez	Sheral	CO	Bus Monitor	2/7/2022		
Groseclose	Raymond	CO	Substitute Bus Driver	2/7/2022		

School Secretary

Health Room Assistant

3/1/2022

2/21/2022

# ASHEBORO CITY SCHOOLS CERTIFIED APPOINTMENTS February 10, 2022

NAME Creed, Stacy COLLEGE/DEGREE

LICENSURE

Elementary, K-6

UNC – Chapel Hill B: Journalism and Mass Communication Greensboro College School of Education License Plus Program

Ms. Stacy Creed is recommended to serve students at Donna Lee Loflin Elementary School as an Intervention Teacher. Ms. Creed is a veteran educator who took a break from teaching and is ready to return to her passion, teaching. Ms. Creed taught ten years at Southern Elementary School in Guilford County. While at Southern Elementary, Ms. Creed was recognized as their Teacher of the Year and Top 25% of GCS Reading Teachers. Currently, Ms. Creed works for the NC Department of Public Safety in the HR office, and is looking forward to joining the team at Loflin. We are excited to welcome Ms. Creed to Asheboro City Schools.

# APPLICATION PUBLIC SCHOOL BUILDING CAPITAL FUND NORTH CAROLINA EDUCATION LOTTERY

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_\_
Date: \_\_\_\_\_

County:	Contact Person:
LEA:	
Address:	
Project Title:	
Location:	
Type of Facility:	
<ul> <li>with G.S. 115C-546.2. Further, G.S. 115C-546.2.</li> <li>(3) No county shall have to provide match (4) A county may use monies in this Fund administrative units and to retire indebtednes (5) A county may not use monies in this I As used in this section, "Public School Buildi are used for instructional and related purpose</li> </ul>	to pay for school construction projects in local school ss incurred for school construction projects. Fund to pay for school technology needs. ngs" shall include only facilities for individual schools that es, and does not include central administration, <b>ns must be submitted within one year following the</b>
Short description of Construction Project:	
Short description of Construction Project:	
Short description of Construction Project:	
Short description of Construction Project: Estimated Costs: Purchase of Land	\$
Short description of Construction Project: Estimated Costs: Purchase of Land Planning and Design Services	\$
Short description of Construction Project: Estimated Costs: Purchase of Land Planning and Design Services New Construction	\$
Short description of Construction Project: Estimated Costs: Purchase of Land Planning and Design Services	\$
Short description of Construction Project: Estimated Costs: Purchase of Land Planning and Design Services New Construction Additions / Renovations Repair	\$
Short description of Construction Project: Estimated Costs: Purchase of Land Planning and Design Services New Construction Additions / Renovations Repair	\$
Short description of Construction Project: Estimated Costs: Purchase of Land Planning and Design Services New Construction Additions / Renovations Repair Debt Payment / Bond Payment TOTAL	\$\$
Short description of Construction Project: Estimated Costs: Purchase of Land Planning and Design Services New Construction Additions / Renovations Repair Debt Payment / Bond Payment TOTAL Estimated Project Beginning Date:	\$\$

(Signature — Chair, County Commissioners)

(Date)

# FEDERAL FUNDS NONCOMPETITIVE PROCUREMENT REQUEST

Submit the completed form via email to <u>ProcurementWaiversTeam@dpi.nc.gov</u> (attach any additional documentation). One request must be submitted for each individual issue (e.g., one email / request per vendor); they cannot be combined.

LEA Name and Unit Number: Asheboro City Schools-761

Name and Title of Individual Submitting Request: Dr. Wendy Rich, Assistant Superintendent of Curriculum and Instruction

#### **Vendor Name:** McGraw Hill LLC

**Federal Funding Source (including PRC):** ESSER III Funds-PRC 185

# Scope of Work:

The *Number Worlds* curriculum will be utilized to help address learning loss as a result of COVID-19, along with our significant math deficits, while providing research-based, scientifically aligned instruction to our students receiving specially designed math instruction within the Exceptional Children's Department. This program will provide a comprehensive, integrated set of tools to identify math weaknesses, group and teach students identified as having math deficits. The net effect is to increase students' mathematical skills by emphasizing communication, logic, reasoning, modeling, instructional tools, precision, structure, and patterns to solve problems. Students will be assessed with the use of the comprehensive placement assessments for students K-8. These assessments will be used as baseline data for students' growth during additional progress monitoring measures. Progress monitoring probes are provided within the program and will be administered continuously during the scope and sequence. Instructional materials for teachers are outlined without extensive teacher prep work. This instruction is designed to be delivered face to face, virtual or hybrid, which will allow for any future changes in our lesson delivery. The refined scope and sequences accelerate students into performing math skills required to think critically when given real world application to everyday scenarios, as well as increase retention of concepts and math vocabulary development for students.

As many of our students enrolled within the Exceptional Children's program are ESL. The focus on academic vocabulary being emphasized by providing opportunities to build academic language and create context prior to the start of the lesson is a significant need for our students.

The teachers will support the pathway instruction through engaging students with games, embedded digital resources, high leverage instructional activities and project-based learning. Students will utilize student workbooks to complete cumulative and controlled practice of skills.

A digital platform will also be used to merge learning, complete formative assessments and provide continued practice of skills. Progress monitoring tools will also be utilized for continuous monitoring of student skill acquisition.

# **Deliverables:**

# This curriculum provides administrators:

-Placement tests for accurate placement of students within the program. -Ability to monitor the progress monitoring data of all students to ensure fidelity of instruction and skill acquisition.

#### This curriculum provides teachers:

-Professional development for the *Number Worlds* curriculum will be provided via virtual implementation training modules.

-The *Number Worlds* Weekly Planner provides helpful information before lessons begin, making teacher preparation simple and effective.

-Weekly Planners map out the entire week of lessons, complete with Learning Objectives and all of the resources

needed to maximize instructional time. Prepared instructional lesson plans that require no teacher prep following explicit scope and sequence. Daily lesson activities emphasize using communication, logic, reasoning, modeling, tools, precision, structure, and patterns to solve problems.

-Teachers can access all digital planning tools and resources online, making *Number Worlds* easy-to-use in a variety of educational settings.

-Diagnostic Assessments, Formative Assessments, and Informal Assessments. Teachers can use the online assessment tool or the Student Assessment Record to record their observations for informal assessments. Formative Assessments are completed via the use of an online testing measure which prepares students for high stakes tests.

-Progress Monitoring Tools provided to provide immediate feedback to teachers of students' skill acquisitions and how to provide targeted remediation for identified students.

-Digital version of *Number Worlds* instructional materials, workbooks, and manipulatives will be provided to all EC teachers

-Online Community is available to provide continuous support for teachers.

*Number Worlds* is designed for student differentiation. It effectively provides opportunities to build academic language and create context prior to the start of the lesson, which supports ESL students. Opportunities are provided for students to spend more time learning critical math concepts with hands-on and digital interactive games. Teachers are provided aid in adapting instruction to fit the various learning environments for students. Teachers are also able to swiftly adapt instruction and provide targeted remediation for struggling students.

-Student kits

-An online digital learning practice portal for students

-Virtual Follow-up and Support within ongoing support to maximize the success of the lessons and provide clarification about the instructional techniques and routines or assist in analysis of initial results with the mastery formative assessments.

# This curriculum provides students:

-Intensive targeting of critical math standards in order to provide explicit instruction to aid in students' ability to achieve math success and quickly close the grade level gap in their mathematical skills.

-Students provided extensive practice with specific math skills after first taking an assessment to gauge their math competencies.

-Skill practice is completed through practice problems, math based games, and real world application.

-Diagnostic assessments which determines how best to support each individual student's skill/concept understanding

-Students' kits to use during lessons, which include digital tools and hands-on learning materials

-Workbooks for additional practice

-Highly engaging online learning games that provides repeated practice of skills

-Students collaborate on project-based learning activities to increase long-term retention of concepts.

-Students are challenged to apply and demonstrate mastery of concepts and skills by expressing understanding through discussion, research, and presentation of real world scenarios to increase college and career readiness.

**Cost:** \$52,185.89

**Noncompete Justification:** Select one or more of the procurement policy provisions below that best describes the exception to the Uniform Guidance bidding requirements for procuring goods or services valued \$10,000 or greater with federal funds.

	<b>Inadequate Competition:</b> After solicitation of a number of potential sources, competition is determined to be inadequate. Bids were solicited and, no responsive bid is received, or only a single responsive bid is received and is rejected. Provide a copy of RFP or informal bid request, non-responsive answers, and, if one bid was received copy of the bid and reason for why it was rejected.
	<b>Public Exigency:</b> When life, safety or health of the public must be sustained through the immediate delivery of products or performance of services or a critical agency mandate, statutory or operational requirement must be fulfilled immediately. Please use the "other" box below to provide a narrative to support the selection of this justification.
	<b>Highly Specialized Professional Services:</b> The procurement of professional services should be conducted through a bid process, the requesting unit can demonstrate that such services, due to unique or special circumstances, can't be procured in this manner. A resume or other details about the unique qualifications of this supplier must be attached. In addition, please use the "other" box below to provide a narrative to support the selection of this justification.
	<b>Highly Specialized Technical Services:</b> Another supplier cannot be chosen because the supplier provides services in connection with the assembly, installation or servicing of equipment of a highly technical or specialized nature. In addition, please use the "other" box below to provide a narrative to support the selection of this justification.
	<b>Proprietary Software / Hardware:</b> The requested upgrade to proprietary software or hardware is available only from this supplier, which performs the service only on a direct basis. Attach documentation supporting that the hardware or software is proprietary and that only this supplier and can perform the requested upgrade.
	<b>Equipment Continuity:</b> The requesting unit seeks equipment that must be compatible with existing equipment and/or standardizing on equipment which is necessary to assure interchangeability of parts. Please use the "other" box below to provide a narrative to support the selection of this justification.
Х	<b>Curriculum Continuity:</b> The requesting unit seeks curriculum that must be compatible with existing materials. Please provide a narrative in the "other" box below to explain how the existing materials are compatible with the requested material/services and how putting out for bid would cause a financial or significant hardship. You must also demonstrate that the Supplement vs Supplant compliance is being met for existing materials.
	<b>Amendment/Change Order:</b> Requests, not covered under existing contract, where current supplier is best positioned based on skill, knowledge, familiarity with the project to provide the extra work resulting in a cost savings to the unit over the cost of a new supplier. This also includes amendments that result in an extension of the term due to the successor contract or bidding process being incomplete prior to expiration of the current contract.

# **Other (Please Explain in Detail):**

This curriculum supports the needs of our students receiving specially designed instruction within the Department of Exceptional Children. This provides research-based, scientifically based math instruction which supports the need of students with disabilities, as well as dually identified students with ESL/EC needs. Our students have demonstrated a significant loss of instruction in the area of math which requires immediate instructional support that provides explicit scope and sequence that will remediate their learning loss in the shortest amount of time.

With the limited existing materials found within the special education classrooms for math, these materials are not meeting the intensive instructional need along with the need for curriculum that offers the flexibility of explicit, direct, and systematic instruction during these current times where schools should be ready for the provision of in-person and/or virtual instruction. This curriculum can be administered in a less amount of time which offers the availability for full participation in core without supplanting core instruction and offering in the least restrictive environment, while following a well defined scope and sequence of the math standards.



# PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF NORTH CAROLINA

**STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION** Eric C. Davis, Chairman **DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION** Mark Johnson, Superintendent of Public Instruction WWW.DPI.NC.GOV

- TO Mackenzie Palmer, Senior Accountant Asheboro City Schools-761
- **FROM** Krystie Terry, Procurement Specialist NC Department of Public Instruction

DATE January 31, 2022

# **APPROVAL OF REQUEST FOR AUTHORIZATION OF NONCOMPETITIVE PROCUREMENT PROPOSAL – McGraw Hill, LLC**

As the pass-through entity for programs authorized under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (ESEA), as amended by the Every Student Succeeds Act of 2015 (ESSA), the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction (DPI) may waive competitive procurement requirements for funding from authorized grant programs in accordance with Uniform Guidance §200.320 (2 CFR §200.320(f)(3)).

Based on information provided by Asheboro City Schools, the Federal Program Monitoring and Support (FPMS) Division and the Monitoring and Compliance section approves the request for authorization of the noncompetitive proposal for the vendor **McGraw Hill, LLC** for the period of availability of grant funds used to obtain this procurement. This was approved for Asheboro City Schools for curriculum continuity. The expected cost of this contract is **\$52,185.89** and is related to ESSER III PRC (185).

Note that all procurements, including sole source procurements, must comply with the general procurement standards identified in Uniform Guidance §200.318 (2 CFR §200.318) and be adequately documented for potential review by auditors and/or monitors.

If you need additional information, please contact me (<u>Krystie.Terry@dpi.nc.gov</u>) or your Federal Program Administrator.

c: Matt C. Hoskins, Ed.D., Assistant Director, Exceptional Children Division

# FEDERAL FUNDS NONCOMPETITIVE PROCUREMENT REQUEST

Submit the completed form via email to <u>ProcurementWaiversTeam@dpi.nc.gov</u> (attach any additional documentation). One request must be submitted for each individual issue (e.g., one email / request per vendor); they cannot be combined.

LEA Name and Unit Number: Asheboro City Schools-761

Name and Title of Individual Submitting Request: Dr. Wendy Rich, Assistant Superintendent of Curriculum and Instruction

Vendor Name: Really Great Reading Company, LLC

**Federal Funding Source (including PRC):** ESSER III Funds-PRC 185

# Scope of Work:

The Really Great Reading K-12 curriculum will be utilized to help address learning loss as a result of COVID-19, along with our significant reading deficits, while providing research-based, scientifically aligned instruction to our students receiving specially designed reading instruction within the Exceptional Children's Department. This program will provide a comprehensive, integrated set of tools to diagnose, group and teach students with decoding weaknesses. The net effect is to increase students' comprehension and demonstrate increased reading fluency. Students will be assessed with the use of the comprehensive assessments for students K-12. These assessments will be used as baseline data for students' growth during additional progress monitoring measures. Progress monitoring probes are provided within the program and will be administered continuously during the scope and sequence. Instructional materials for teachers are outlined to lead to strong decoding and fluent reading, without extensive teacher prep work. This instruction is designed to be delivered face to face, virtual or hybrid, which will allow for any future changes in our lesson delivery. The refined scope and sequences accelerate students into reading multisyllabic words quickly, as well as increase vocabulary development for students.

As many of our students enrolled within the Exceptional Children's program are ESL the focus on academic vocabulary being emphasized, along with decoding, comprehension and reading fluency development is a significant need for our students.

The teachers will support the pathway instruction through the use of graphic motion videos and hands-on learning opportunities. This includes the use of magnetic letter tiles, color tiles and other components to complete the lessons. Students will use dry erase boards to read and spell multi-syllable words. Students will utilize student workbooks to complete cumulative and controlled practice of skills.

A digital platform will also be used to merge learning, complete formative assessments and provide continued practice of skills.

# **Deliverables:**

# This curriculum provides administrators:

-Overview workshops designed for administrators and other school leaders to assist in facilitating the program with fidelity.

-Fidelity Checklists to determine the effectiveness and fidelity of the implementation of Really Great Reading materials.

# This curriculum provides teachers:

-Professional development for the Really Great Reading Curriculum will be provided via virtual implementation training modules.

-Prepared instructional lesson plans that requires no teacher prep following explicit scope and sequence based on

the science of reading

-Diagnostic Assessments, Formative Assessments, Progress Monitoring Tools

-An online tool for each teacher

-Student kits

-An online Reading Playground practice portal for students

-Virtual Follow-up and Support within ongoing support to maximize the success of the lessons and provide clarification about the instructional techniques and routines or assist in analysis of initial results with the mastery formative assessments.

# This curriculum provides students:

-Diagnostic assessments which determines how best to support each individual student's skill/concept understanding

-Students' kits to use during lessons

-Workbooks for additional practice

-Highly engaging online learning games that provides repeated practice of skills

Cost: \$59,139.84

**Noncompete Justification:** Select one or more of the procurement policy provisions below that best describes the exception to the Uniform Guidance bidding requirements for procuring goods or services valued \$10,000 or greater with federal funds.

**Inadequate Competition:** After solicitation of a number of potential sources, competition is determined to be inadequate. Bids were solicited and, no responsive bid is received, or only a single responsive bid is received and is rejected. Provide a copy of RFP or informal bid request, non-responsive answers, and, if one bid was received copy of the bid and reason for why it was rejected.

**Public Exigency:** When life, safety or health of the public must be sustained through the immediate delivery of products or performance of services or a critical agency mandate, statutory or operational requirement must be fulfilled immediately. Please use the "other" box below to provide a narrative to support the selection of this justification.

**Highly Specialized Professional Services:** The procurement of professional services should be conducted through a bid process, the requesting unit can demonstrate that such services, due to unique or special circumstances, can't be procured in this manner. A resume or other details about the unique qualifications of this supplier must be attached. In addition, please use the "other" box below to provide a narrative to support the selection of this justification.

**Highly Specialized Technical Services:** Another supplier cannot be chosen because the supplier provides services in connection with the assembly, installation or servicing of equipment of a highly technical or specialized nature. In addition, please use the "other" box below to provide a narrative to support the selection of this justification.

**Proprietary Software / Hardware:** The requested upgrade to proprietary software or hardware is available only from this supplier, which performs the service only on a direct basis. Attach documentation supporting that the hardware or software is proprietary and that only this supplier and can perform the requested upgrade.

**Equipment Continuity:** The requesting unit seeks equipment that must be compatible with existing equipment and/or standardizing on equipment which is necessary to assure interchangeability of parts. Please use the "other" box below to provide a narrative to support the selection of this justification.

X	<b>Curriculum Continuity:</b> The requesting unit seeks curriculum that must be compatible with existing materials. Please provide a narrative in the "other" box below to explain how the existing materials are compatible with the requested material/services and how putting out for bid would cause a financial or significant hardship. You must also demonstrate that the Supplement vs Supplant compliance is being met for existing materials.			
	Amendment/Change Order: Requests, not covered under existing contract, where current supplier is best positioned based on skill, knowledge, familiarity with the project to provide the extra work resulting in a cost savings to the unit over the cost of a new supplier. This also includes amendments that result in an extension of the term due to the successor contract or bidding process being incomplete prior to expiration of the current contract.			

# Other (Please Explain in Detail):

This curriculum will align with the district's initiative of the science of reading. This curriculum supports the needs of K-12 students. This provides research-based, scientifically based reading instruction that supports the need of students with disabilities, as well as dually identified students with ESL/EC needs. Our students have demonstrated a significant loss of instruction in the area of reading that requires immediate instructional support that provides explicit scope and sequence that will remediate their learning loss in the shortest amount of time.

Existing materials are not meeting the intensive instructional need along with the need for curriculum that offers the flexibility of explicit, direct, and systematic instruction during current times with the need for in-person and/or virtual instruction. This curriculum can be administered in a less amount of time which offers the availability for full participation in core without supplanting core instruction and offering in the least restrictive environment.



# PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF NORTH CAROLINA

**STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION** Eric C. Davis, Chairman **DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION** Mark Johnson, Superintendent of Public Instruction WWW.DPI.NC.GOV

- TO Mackenzie Palmer, Senior Accountant Asheboro City Schools-761
- **FROM** Krystie Terry, Procurement Specialist NC Department of Public Instruction

DATE January 12, 2022

# **APPROVAL OF REQUEST FOR AUTHORIZATION OF NONCOMPETITIVE PROCUREMENT PROPOSAL – Really Great Reading Company, LLC**

As the pass-through entity for programs authorized under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (ESEA), as amended by the Every Student Succeeds Act of 2015 (ESSA), the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction (DPI) may waive competitive procurement requirements for funding from authorized grant programs in accordance with Uniform Guidance §200.320 (2 CFR §200.320(f)(3)).

Based on information provided by Asheboro City Schools, the Federal Program Monitoring and Support (FPMS) Division and the Monitoring and Compliance section approves the request for authorization of the noncompetitive proposal for the vendor **Really Great Reading Company, LLC** for the period of availability of grant funds used to obtain this procurement. This was approved for Asheboro City Schools for Highly Specialized Professional Services. The expected cost of this contract is **\$59,139.84** and is related to ESSER III PRC (185).

Note that all procurements, including sole source procurements, must comply with the general procurement standards identified in Uniform Guidance §200.318 (2 CFR §200.318) and be adequately documented for potential review by auditors and/or monitors.

If you need additional information, please contact me (<u>Krystie.Terry@dpi.nc.gov</u>) or your Federal Program Administrator.

c: Matt C. Hoskins, Ed.D., Assistant Director, Exceptional Children Division

# Budget Amendment Asheboro City Schools Administrative Unit State Public School Fund

The Asheboro City Board of Education at a regular meeting on the 10th day of February, 2022, passed the following resolution.

Be it resolved that the following amendment be made to the budget resolution for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

<u>REVENUE</u> 1.3100.000	State Allocation	\$	168,636
		\$	168,636
<u>EXPENDITURE</u>			
1.5120.014	CTE - Career Technical Education	\$	32,277
1.5110.048 1.6550.056	Instructional Bonus Pay - Other Performance Bonuses Transportation Services - Transportation of Pupils		22,420 28,616
1.5230.063	Pre-K Children With Disabilities - Children With Special Needs		85,323
		\$	168,636
Total Appropriation in Current Budget Total Increase/Decrease of above amendment			34,934,089 168,636
Total Appropriation in Current Amended Budget			35,102,725

Passed by majority vote of the Board of Education of Asheboro City on the 10th day of February, 2022.

Chairman, Board of Education

Secretary

# Budget Amendment Asheboro City Schools Administrative Unit Federal Funds

The Asheboro City Board of Education at a regular meeting on the 10th day of February, 2022, passed the following resolution.

Be it resolved that the following amendment be made to the budget resolution for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

#### <u>REVENUE</u>

3.3600.118 3.3600.119 3.3600.171 3.3600.176 3.3600.177	IDEA-Part B Targeted Assistance IDEA Preschool Part B Targeted Assistance ESSER II FPMS-CRRSA-ESSER II-Summer Programs FPMS-CRRSA-ESSER II-Summer Programs		\$ 8,500.00 442.13 11,280.00 6,486.00 4,209.00	
		\$	30,917.13	
EXPENDITURE 3.5210.118 3.5230.119 3.5110.171 3.5350.176 3.5350.177	Children w/ Disabilities Curricular Services Pre-K Children w/ Disabilities Curricular Services Regular Curricular Services Extended Day/Year Instructional Services Extended Day/Year Instructional Services	\$	8,500.00 442.13 11,280.00 6,486.00 4,209.00	
		\$ _	30,917.13	
Total Appropriation in Current Budget Total Increase/Decrease of above amendment		\$	14,740,848.00 30,917.13	
Total Appropriation in Current Amended Budget		\$	14,771,765.13	

Passed by majority vote of the Board of Education of Asheboro City on the 10th day of February, 2022.

Chairman, Board of Education

Form 8 Procedure No. 3320.01 5/2017

# Overnight Trip

#### ASHEBORO CITY SCHOOLS FIELD TRIP / TRANSPORTATION REQUEST SEND TO SUPERINTENDENT – CENTRAL OFFICE

Group Making Request: AH	o Swim	School:	AHS		
Destination: Cory NC		Da	ate of Trip:	DIID	-2/11
Number of Students Involved: 6		Percent of Total Group:		100	
Reasons for Students Not Attendir	ng: NIA				
Transportation Method:	ctivity Bus Dus	Private Automobile	Other:		
Charter Bus Service, state name of vendor here: NIA					
If using Travel Company, state name of Vendor here:					
**The Travel Company must use an approved ACS Charter Bus Company					
Number of Vehicles Needed (to be secured by the Central Office):					
Number of Drivers Needed (to be secured by the Central Office):					
Departure Time: 6:000	Return Time: 10 pm	Round Trip Miles (e	estimated)	150	miles
Estimated Cost to the Student:					
Purpose(s) of the Field Trip:	State Champ	ionskips			

List below the names of adult chaperones who will be accompanying this group on the field trip. Place an "\*" by individuals who are licensed to drive school vehicles and who will be serving in that capacity for you.

Chuck Hinson\* Es Shawn Columbia

If approved, the following procedures must be followed; (1) Written parental permission is required for all field trips. This permission should be acquired using the Asheboro City Schools Parental Field Trip Permission Form; (2) No students can serve as drivers; private vehicles are used as a last resort; and (3) All students in a class or group shall have an opportunity to attend—means will provided for students to participate when necessary.

I certify that all those requirements, in addition to the general guidelines on the back of this form, will be fully met.

Chuck Hins	Group Responsible for Paying for the Trip)	
	and	2/1/22
Approved:	Principal	Dạte
	Clan m. U	2/8/22
Approved:	Superintendent or Designee	Date
	0	
Transportation	·	
Scheduled: Special Comments/Res	ponse: Transportation Supervisor	Date

# Policies For 30-Day Review

The board recognizes the critical role of parents in the education of their children and in the schools. The board directs school administrators to develop programs that will promote and support parental involvement in student learning and achievement at school and at home and encourage successful progress toward graduation. Each parent is encouraged to learn about the educational program, the educational goals and objectives of the school system, and his or her own child's progress. The board also encourages parents to participate in activities designed by school personnel to involve them, such as parent conferences, in order to encourage effective communication.

The board directs each principal or designee to develop a parental involvement plan as a part of the school improvement plan. This plan must include, at a minimum, efforts that meet the requirements established in this policy. In addition, the plan must include ways to enhance parental involvement in the following areas:

- 1. meaningful two-way communication between home and school;
- 2. promotion of responsible parenting;
- 3. involvement of parents and guardians in student learning;
- 4. promotion of volunteering;
- 5. involvement of parents and guardians in school decisions that affect children and families;
- 6. parental training;
- 7. community collaboration; and
- 8. promotion of student health awareness.

This policy applies to the parents, legal guardians, and legal custodians of students who are under 18 years old and are not married.

# A. PARENT COMMUNICATION AND CONFERENCES

The board encourages school personnel to have regular contact with parents for commendation as well as for notification of concerns. Principals or designees shall plan for periodic communication with parents. Teachers are responsible for scheduling conferences with parents.

The principal or designee shall strive, through oral or written communication or other means, to include the parents of students identified as at-risk in the implementation and review of academic and/or behavioral interventions for their children, in accordance with policy 3405, Students at Risk of Academic Failure.

The principal or designee shall provide the parent of each student in kindergarten, first, or second grade with written notification of the student's reading progress. The notice will be provided three times a year, following each benchmark assessment and will include: (1) assessment results, (2) whether the child may not reach reading proficiency by the end of third grade; and (3) instructional support activities for use at home.

The board encourages the superintendent to work with local business leaders, including the local chambers of commerce, to encourage employers to adopt as part of their stated personnel policies time for employees who are parents or guardians to attend conferences with their child's teachers.

# B. PARENTAL NOTIFICATION

Each principal or designee of a Title I school shall effectively notify parents of all parental rights and other required information regarding Title I schools and programs, in accordance with federal law. Parents of students in Title I schools shall receive a copy of the system-wide Title I parent and family engagement policy (policy 1320/3560) and the school-wide parent involvement plan.

In addition, annually every building principal or designee shall effectively notify parents of the following:

- 1. parental rights related to student records (see policy 4700, Student Records);
- 2. parental rights related to student surveys (see policy 4720, Surveys of Students);
- 3. the approximate dates of any non-emergency, invasive physical examination or screening that is: (a) required as a condition of attendance, (b) administered and scheduled in advance by the school administration, and (c) not necessary to protect the immediate health and safety of students;
- 4. the schedule of pesticide use on school property and their right to request notification of nonscheduled pesticide use (see policy 9205, Pest Management);
- 5. student behavior policies, the Code of Student Conduct, and school standards and rules (see policies in the 4300 series);
- the permissible use of seclusion and restraint in the schools (see regulation 4302-R, Rules for Use of Seclusion and Restraint in Schools);

- 7. policy 1720/4015/7225, Discrimination, Harassment, and Bullying Complaint Procedure;
- 8. policy 1740/4010, Student and Parent Grievance Procedure;
- 9. the dates of the system-wide and state-mandated tests that students will be required to take during that school year, how the results from the tests will be used and the consequences thereof, and whether each test is required by the State Board of Education or by the local board;
- grading practices that will be followed at the school and, for parents of high school students, the method of computing the grade point averages that will be used for determining class rank (see policies 3400, Evaluation of Student Progress and 3450, Class Rankings);
- 11. available opportunities and the enrollment process for students to take advanced courses and information explaining the value of taking advanced courses;
- 12. if applicable, that their child will be provided advanced learning opportunities in mathematics or will be placed in an advanced mathematics course;
- 13. a clear and concise explanation of the North Carolina testing and accountability system that includes all information required by federal law;
- 14. a report containing information about the school system and each school, including, but not limited to:
  - a. the following information both in the aggregate and disaggregated by category: student achievement, graduation rates, performance on other school quality and/or student success indicators, the progress of students toward meeting long-term goals established by the state, student performance on measures of school climate and safety, and, as available, the rate of enrollment in post-secondary education;
  - b. the performance of the school system on academic assessments as compared to the state as a whole and the performance of each school on academic assessments as compared to the state and school system as a whole;
  - c. the percentage and number of students who are:
    - i. assessed,

- ii. assessed using alternate assessments,
- iii. involved in preschool and accelerated coursework programs, and
- iv. English learners achieving proficiency;
- d. the per pupil expenditures of federal, state, and local funds;
- e. teacher qualifications.
- 15. the grade earned by the school on the most recent annual report card issued for it by the State Board of Education if the grade was a D or F;
- 16. supportive services available to students, including guidance, counseling and health services (see policy 3610, Counseling Program);
- 17. information about meningococcal meningitis and influenza, including the causes, symptoms, and vaccines, how the diseases are spread, and places where parents and guardians may obtain additional information and vaccinations for their children;
- 18. for parents of students in grades 5 through 12, information about cervical cancer, cervical dysplasia, and human papillomavirus, including the causes and symptoms of these diseases, how they are transmitted, how they may be prevented by vaccination, including the benefits and possible side effects of vaccination, and places parents and guardians may obtain additional information and vaccinations for their children;
- 19. how to reach school officials in emergency situations during non-school hours;
- 20. information about and an application form for free and reduced price meals and/or free milk (see policy 6225, Free and Reduced Price Food Services);
- 21. information about the school breakfast program;
- 22. information about the availability and location of free summer food service program meals for students when school is not in session;
- 23. for parents of children with disabilities, procedural safeguards (see also policy 1730/4022/7231, Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Disabilities);
- 24. information on the availability of the asbestos management plan and planned or in-progress inspections, re-inspections, response actions, and post-response

actions, including periodic re-inspection and surveillance activities;

- 25. education rights of homeless students (see policy 4125, Homeless Students);
- 26. the content and implementation of the local school wellness policy (see policy 6140, Student Wellness);
- 27. their right to take four hours of unpaid leave from their jobs every year in order to volunteer in their child's school as stated in G.S. 95-28.3 (see policy 5015, School Volunteers);
- 28. that the school system does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, disability, or age (see policies 1710/4021/7230, Prohibition Against Discrimination, Harassment, and Bullying and 1730/4022/7231, Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Disabilities);
- 29. that the school system provides equal access to its facilities, programs and activities to the Boy Scouts and other designated youth groups (see policy 1710/4021/7230, Prohibition Against Discrimination, Harassment, and Bullying); and
- 30. the availability of and the process for requesting a waiver or reduction of student fees (see policy 4600, Student Fees).

#### C. OPPORTUNITIES TO WITHHOLD CONSENT/OPT OUT

As a part of the annual notification described above, parents will be effectively notified that they may opt out of any of the following:

- 1. release of student directory information about their child for school purposes or to outside organizations (see policy 4700, Student Records);
- 2. release of their child's name, address, and telephone listing to military recruiters or institutions of higher education (see policy 4700, Student Records);
- 3. their child's participation in curricula related to (a) prevention of sexually transmitted diseases, including HIV/AIDS; (b) avoidance of out-of-wedlock pregnancy; or (c) reproductive health and safety education, as provided in policy 3540, Comprehensive Health Education Program. A copy of the materials that will be used in these curricula will be available in the school media center during the school year and at other times that the media center is available to the public. To meet any review periods required by law, materials also may be made available for review in the central office;

- 4. their child's participation in academic or career guidance or personal or social counseling services of a generic nature offered to groups of students (e.g., peer relations strategies offered to all sixth graders). However, parental notification and permission are not required for: (a) short-duration academic, career, personal, or social guidance and counseling and crisis intervention that is needed to maintain order, discipline, or a productive learning environment; (b) student-initiated individual or group counseling targeted at a student's specific concerns or needs; and (c) counseling if child abuse or neglect is suspected (see policies 3610, Counseling Program, and 4240/7312, Child Abuse and Related Threats to Child Safety;
- 5. their child's participation in non-Department of Education-funded surveys concerning protected topics (see policy 4720, Surveys of Students);
- 6. their child's participation in any non-emergency, invasive physical examination or screening that is: (a) required as a condition of attendance; (b) administered and scheduled in advance by the school administration; and (c) not necessary to protect the immediate health and safety of students;
- 7. the collection, disclosure, or use of their child's personal information for marketing purposes (see policy 4720, Surveys of Students); and
- 8. release of their child's free and reduced-price meal information to State Medicaid or State children's health insurance program (SCHIP).

Any parent or legal guardian who wishes to opt out/withhold consent must do so in writing after receiving notice. Otherwise, consent to the programs or activities is presumed. After the annual notification, the school is not required to provide further notice to the parent or legal guardian as to the manner in which student directory information is used, the curriculum is provided, or guidance programs are made available.

#### D. PARENTAL PERMISSION REQUIRED

Written parental permission is required prior to the following activities:

- 1. the administration of medications to students by employees of the school system (see policy 6125, Administering Medicines to Students);
- the release of student records that are not considered directory information, unless the release is allowed or required by law (see policy 4700, Student Records);
- 3. off-campus trips;

- 4. students' participation in high-impact or high-risk sports or extracurricular activities, such as football or mountain climbing (see policy 4220, Student Insurance Program);
- 5. all decisions or actions as required by the IDEA with regard to providing special education or related services to students with disabilities (see policy 3520, Special Education Programs/Rights of Students with Disabilities);
- 6. certain health services, as required by law;
- 7. participation in a mental health assessment or mental health services under circumstances prescribed by federal law;
- 8. students' participation in programs or services that provide information about where to obtain contraceptives or abortion referral services;
- 9. students' participation in surveys funded by the Department of Education that are conducted concerning protected topics (see policy 4720, Surveys of Students);
- 10. disclosure of students' free and reduced price lunch eligibility information or eligibility status; and
- 11. students' access to the Internet, as described in policy 3225/4312/7230, Technology Responsible Use.

Legal References: Elementary and Secondary Education Act, as amended, 20 U.S.C. 6301 *et seq.*, 34 C.F.R. pt. 200; Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. 1232g, 34 C.F.R. pt. 99; Protection of Pupil Rights Amendment, 20 U.S.C. 1232h, 34 C.F.R. pt. 98; Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 USC 1400, *et seq.*; Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act, 15 U.S.C. 2641, *et seq.*; McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 11431, *et seq.*; 42 U.S.C. 1758, 7 C.F.R. pt. 245; 42 U.S.C. 1758b; National School Lunch Program, 42 U.S.C. 1751 *et seq.*, 7 C.F.R. 210.12; Boy Scouts of America Equal Access Act, 20 U.S.C. 7905, 34 C.F.R. 108.9; 20 U.S.C. 7908; G.S. 90-21.1; 95-28.3; 115C-47(47), -47(51), -47(54), -47(58), -81.25, -81.30, -81.36, -105.41, -109.1, 174.26(d) -307(c), -375.4, -390.2, -391.1, -407.16; 16 N.C.A.C. 6D .0307; State Board of Education Policies KNEC-002, PRNT-000, TEST-001

Cross References: Title I Parent and Family Engagement (policy 1320/3560), Prohibition Against Discrimination, Harassment, and Bullying (policy 1710/4021/7230), Discrimination, Harassment, and Bullying Complaint Procedure (policy 1720/4015/7225), Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Disabilities (policy 1730/4022/7231), Student and Parent Grievance Procedure (policy 1740/4010), Technology Responsible Use (policy 3225/4312/7320), Evaluation of Student Progress (policy 3400), Students at Risk of Academic Failure (policy 3405), Class Rankings (policy 3450), Special Education Programs/Rights of Students with Disabilities (policy 3520), Comprehensive Health Education Program (policy 3540), Counseling Program (policy 3610),

Extracurricular Activities and Student Organizations (policy 3620), Homeless Students (policy 4125), Student Insurance Program (policy 4220), Child Abuse and Related Threats to Child Safety (policy 4240/7312), Student Behavior Policies (4300 series), Rules for Use of Seclusion and Restraint in Schools (regulation 4302-R), Student Fees (policy 4600), Student Records (policy 4700), Surveys of Students (policy 4720), School Volunteers (policy 5015), Registered Sex Offenders (policy 5022), Administering Medicines to Students (policy 6125), Student Wellness (policy 6140), Free and Reduced Price Meal Services (policy 6225), Pest Management (policy 9205)

Adopted: April 14, 2011

Revised: March 14, 2013, August 8, 2013, August 14, 2014, January 8, 2015, May 12, 2016, March 9, 2017, July 13, 2017, March 8, 2018, December 13, 2018, January 9, 2020, August 13, 2020, September 9, 2021

All meetings of the board of education, except closed sessions, will be open to representatives of the news media. Mechanical devices may be used during meetings to record, broadcast or photograph board meetings if they do not interfere with the ability of the board to conduct its business.

The placement and use of any equipment necessary to broadcast, film, or record a meeting may be regulated by the board to prevent undue interference with the meeting, but not in such a way as to frustrate the coverage of the meeting.

If a meeting room is too small to accommodate all of the personnel and equipment necessary to broadcast, film or record a meeting, the board may require equipment to be pooled. If the news media requests an alternate meeting place in order to facilitate news coverage and the board grants the request, the news media making the request are responsible for paying any additional costs that may be involved in securing an alternate site. The board must act in good faith in carrying out these provisions.

If the board holds a remote meeting (see policy 2302, Remote Participation in Board Meetings), it will provide a means for members of the public to listen to the meeting. Notice of a virtual meeting must specify how public access will be provided.

Legal References: G.S. 143-318.11, -318.13, -318.14

Cross References: Remote Participation in Board Meetings (policy 2302), Closed Sessions (policy 2321), News Media Relations (policy 5040)

Adopted: April 9, 1998 to become effective July 1, 1998

Reviewed by Policy Committee on July 12, 2012

The board recognizes that curriculum development must be an ongoing process in order to address continually the changing needs and diversity of all students and to fulfill the educational goals of the board. The board further recognizes that while educators must be responsible for developing the curriculum, parents, other governmental agencies, businesses, and members of the public have valuable insights in the type of curriculum needed.

# A. CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

The curriculum must be developed to meet state and board requirements, using the current statewide instructional standards and any other legally required resources as a foundation. The superintendent shall establish a curriculum committee to coordinate curriculum planning and ensure that the curriculum is aligned with the current statewide instructional standards and includes subject-area competencies for each grade level. The committee must include central office administrators, teachers, and school administrators representing the various schools and grade levels. Teachers should receive appropriate training so that they may participate in curriculum development. The committee also must seek input from parents, the community, and experts in order to make fully informed decisions.

The superintendent or designee shall direct the committee to review periodically the curriculum content used in courses addressing the founding principles of our nation.

The committee may recommend that the board expand subject areas and objectives of the curriculum to meet the educational goals of the board and state and federal laws. The committee also may recommend eliminating subject areas or objectives that are not state-required or related to the educational goals of the board.

# B. CURRICULUM MODIFICATION BY INDIVIDUAL SCHOOLS

The principal is the instructional leader of the school and is responsible for determining whether the curriculum meets the needs of the students of the school. Accordingly, the principal or designee may consider modifying the curriculum.

If a school official wishes to modify the curriculum, he or she may submit a proposal to the central curriculum committee. Unless the curriculum committee has significant concerns about the proposal, the committee will approve the changes so long as the curriculum maintains continuity. After being approved by the curriculum committee, the proposal must be submitted to the board for approval as a part of the school improvement plan process if the modifications include: (1) expanding or reducing the subject areas or objectives; (2) eliminating subject areas or objectives not required by the

Policy Code:

state; or (3) waiving local board policies. The curriculum committee shall ensure that the curriculum continues to be aligned with the current statewide instructional standards.

# C. EVALUATION

The superintendent shall ensure that the methods for meeting curriculum objectives are regularly evaluated for their effectiveness. The board also encourages external curriculum audits by professional curriculum assessors.

Legal References: G.S. 115C art. 8 pt. 1; 115C-47; S.L. 2021-8, sec. 5(a)

Cross References: Goals and Objectives of the Educational Program (policy 3000), School Improvement Plan (policy 3430)

Adopted: May 14, 1998 to become effective July 1, 1998

Revised: October 9, 2014, July 9, 2015, March 8, 2018

Administrative Procedure: Yes

The board provides its students and staff access to a variety of technological resources. These resources provide opportunities to enhance learning, appeal to different learning styles, improve communication within the school community and with the larger global community, and achieve the educational goals established by the board. Through the school system's technological resources, users can observe events as they occur around the world, interact with others on a variety of subjects, and acquire access to current and in-depth information.

The board intends that students and employees benefit from these resources while remaining within the bounds of safe, legal, and responsible use. Accordingly, the board establishes this policy to govern student and employee use of school system technological resources. This policy applies regardless of whether such use occurs on or off school system property, and it applies to all school system technological resources, including but not limited to computer networks and connections, the resources, tools, and learning environments made available by or on the networks, and all devices that connect to those networks.

# A. EXPECTATIONS FOR USE OF SCHOOL TECHNOLOGICAL RESOURCES

The use of school system technological resources, including access to the Internet, is a expected to be exercised in an appropriate and responsible manner. Individual users of the school system's technological resources are responsible for their behavior and communications when using those resources. Responsible use of school system technological resources is use that is ethical, respectful, academically honest, and supportive of student learning. Each user has the responsibility to respect others in the school community and on the Internet. Users are expected to abide by the generally accepted rules of network etiquette.

General student and employee behavior standards, including those prescribed in applicable board policies, the Code of Student Conduct, and other regulations and school rules, apply to use of school technological resources, including access to the Internet.

In addition, anyone who uses school system computers or electronic devices, accesses the school's electronic storage or network, or connects to the Internet using school system-provided access must comply with the additional rules for responsible use listed in Section B, below. These rules are intended to clarify expectations for conduct but should not be construed as all-inclusive.

All students must be trained about appropriate online behavior as provided in policy 3226/4205, Internet Safety.

Failure to adhere to these requirements of this policy will result in disciplinary action,

including revocation of user privileges. Willful misuse may result in criminal prosecution under applicable state and federal law, disciplinary action for students, and/or adverse personnel action for employees.

# B. RULES FOR USE OF SCHOOL TECHNOLOGICAL RESOURCES

- 1. School system technological resources are provided for school-related purposes only. Acceptable uses of such technological resources are limited to responsible, efficient, and legal activities that support learning and teaching. Use of school system technological resources for commercial gain or profit is prohibited. Student personal use of school system technological resources for amusement or entertainment is also prohibited unless approved for special situations by the teacher or school administrator. Because some incidental and occasional personal use by employees is inevitable, the board permits infrequent and brief personal use by employees so long as it occurs on personal time, does not interfere with school system business, and is not otherwise prohibited by board policy or procedure.
- 2. Unless authorized by law to do so, users may not make copies of software purchased by the school system. Under no circumstance may software purchased by the school system be copied for personal use.
- 3. Users must comply with all applicable laws, board policies, administrative regulations, and school standards and rules, including those relating to copyrights and trademarks, confidential information, and public records. Plagiarism of Internet resources will be treated in the same manner as any other incidents of plagiarism, as stated in the Code of Student Conduct.
- 4. Users must follow any software, application, or subscription services terms and conditions of use.
- 5. No user of technological resources, including a person sending or receiving electronic communications, may engage in creating, intentionally viewing, accessing, downloading, storing, printing, or transmitting images, graphics (including still or moving pictures), sound files, text files, documents, messages, or other material that is obscene, defamatory, profane, pornographic, harassing, abusive, or considered to be harmful to minors.
- 6. Users must not circumvent fire walls. The use of anonymous proxies to circumvent content filtering is prohibited.
- 7. Users may not install or use any Internet-based file sharing program designed to facilitate sharing of copyrighted material.

- 8. Users of technological resources may not send electronic communications fraudulently (i.e., by misrepresenting the identity of the sender).
- 9. Users must respect the privacy of others.
  - a. Students must not reveal any personally identifying, private, or confidential information about themselves or fellow students when using e-mail, chat rooms, blogs, or other forms of electronic communication Such information includes, for example, a person's home address or telephone number, credit or checking account information, or social security number. For further information regarding what constitutes personal identifying information, see policy 4705/7825, Confidentiality of Personal Identifying Information.
  - b. School employees must not disclose on school system websites or web pages or elsewhere on the Internet any personally identifiable, private, or confidential information concerning students (including names, addresses, or pictures) without the written permission of a parent or guardian or an eligible student, except as otherwise permitted by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) or policy 4700, Student Records.
  - c. Users may not forward or post personal communications without the author's prior consent.
  - d. Students may not use school system technological resources to capture audio, video, or still pictures of other students and/or employees in which such individuals can be personally identified, nor share such media in any way, without consent of the students and/or employees and the principal or designee. An exception will be made for settings where students and staff cannot be identified beyond the context of a sports performance or other public event or when otherwise approved by the principal.
- 10. Users may not intentionally or negligently damage computers, computer systems, electronic devices, software, computer networks, or data of any user connected to school system technological resources. Users may not knowingly or negligently transmit computer viruses or self-replicating messages or deliberately try to degrade or disrupt system performance, including by streaming audio or video for non-instructional purposes. Users may not disable antivirus programs installed on school system-owned or issued devices.
- 11. Users may not create or introduce games, network communications programs, or any foreign program or software onto any school system computer, electronic device, or network without the express permission of the technology director or designee.

- 12. Users are prohibited from engaging in unauthorized or unlawful activities, such as "hacking" or using the computer network to gain or attempt to gain unauthorized or unlawful access to other computers, computer systems, or accounts.
- 13. Users are prohibited from using another individual's ID or password for any technological resource or account without permission from the individual. Sharing of an individual's ID or password is strongly discouraged.
- 14. Users may not read, alter, change, block, execute, or delete files or communications belonging to another user without the owner's express prior permission.
- 15. Employees shall not use passwords or user IDs for any data system (e.g. the state student information and instructional improvement system applications, time keeping software, etc.) for an unauthorized or improper purpose.
- 16. If a user identifies or encounters an instance of unauthorized access or another security concern, he or she must immediately notify a teacher, school system administrator, or the technology department. Users must not share the problem with other users. Any user identified as a security risk will be denied access.
- 17. It is the user's responsibility to back up data and other important files.
- 18. Employees shall make reasonable efforts to supervise students' use of the Internet during instructional time.
- 19. Views may be expressed on the Internet or other technological resources as representing the view of the school system or part of the school system only with prior approval by the superintendent or designee.
- 20. Users who are issued school system-owned and -maintained devices for home use (such as laptops, Chromebooks, etc.) must adhere to any other reasonable rules or guidelines issued by the superintendent or technology department for the use of such devices.

# C. RESTRICTED MATERIAL ON THE INTERNET

The Internet and electronic communications offer fluid environments in which students may access or be exposed to materials and information from diverse and rapidly changing sources, including some that may be harmful to students. The board recognizes that it is impossible to predict with certainty what information on the Internet students may access or obtain. Nevertheless school system personnel shall take reasonable precautions to prevent students from accessing material and information that is obscene, pornographic, or otherwise harmful to minors, including violence, nudity, or graphic language that does not serve a legitimate pedagogical purpose. The superintendent shall ensure that technology protection measures are used as provided in policy 3226/4205, Internet Safety, and are disabled or minimized only when permitted by law and board policy. The board is not responsible for the content accessed by using a cellular network to connect a personal device to the Internet.

#### D. PRIVACY

Students, employees, visitors, and other users have no expectation of privacy in anything they create, store, send, delete, receive, or display when using the school system's network, devices, Internet access, email system, or other technological resources owned or issued by the school system, whether the resources are used at school or elsewhere, and even if the use is for personal purposes. Users should not assume that files or communications created, transmitted or displayed using school system technological resources or stored on servers, the storage mediums of individual devices, or on school managed cloud services will be private. Under certain circumstances, school officials may be required to disclose such electronic information to law enforcement or other third parties, for example, as a response to a document production request in a lawsuit against the board, in response to a public records request, or as evidence of illegal activity in a criminal investigation.

The school system may, without notice, (1) monitor, track, and/or log network access, communications, and use; (2) monitor and allocate fileserver space; and (3) access, review, copy, store, delete, or disclose the content of all user files, regardless of medium, the content of electronic mailboxes issued by the school system, and system outputs, such as printouts, at any time for any lawful purpose. Such purposes may include, but are not limited to, maintaining system integrity, security, or functionality, ensuring compliance with board policy and applicable laws and regulations, protecting the school system from liability, and complying with public records requests. School system personnel shall monitor online activities of individuals who access the Internet via a school-owned device.

By using the school system's network, Internet access, electronic devices, email system, devices, or other technological resources, individuals consent to have that use monitored by authorized school system personnel as described in this policy.

# E. USE OF PERSONAL TECHNOLOGY ON SCHOOL SYSTEM PROPERTY

Users many not use private Wi-Fi hotspots or other personal technology on campus to access Internet outside the school system's wireless network. Each principal, in consultation with the Technology Director, may establish rules for his or her school site as to whether and how other personal technology devices (including, but not limited to smart phones, tablets, laptops, etc.) may be used on campus. Student, employee, visitor

and other personal devices are governed by policy 4318, Use of Wireless Communication Devices. Use of personal technology devices is also subject to any rules established by the superintendent under a bring your own device plan authorized by Section C of policy 3220, Technology in the Educational Program, and for employees, policy 3228/7323, Use of Personal Technology to Conduct School Business. The school system assumes no responsibility for personal technology devices brought to school.

# F. PERSONAL WEBSITES

The superintendent may use any means available to request the removal of personal websites that substantially disrupt the school environment or that utilize school system or individual school names, logos, or trademarks without permission.

1. Students

Though school personnel generally do not monitor students' Internet activity conducted on non-school system devices during non-school hours, when the student's online behavior has a direct and immediate effect on school safety or maintaining order and discipline in the schools, the student may be disciplined in accordance with board policy to the extent consistent with law (see the student behavior policies in the 4300 series).

2. Employees

Employees' personal websites are subject to policy 7335, Employee Use of Social Media. Employees may not use their personal websites to communicate with students, as prohibited by policy 7335 and policy 4040/7310, Staff-Student Relations.

3. Volunteers

Volunteers are to maintain appropriate relationships with students at all times. Volunteers are encouraged to block students from viewing personal information on volunteer personal websites or online networking profiles in order to prevent the possibility that students could view materials that are not age appropriate. An individual volunteer's relationship with the school system may be terminated if the volunteer engages in inappropriate online interaction with students.

# G. USE AGREEMENTS

All students, parents, and employees will be informed annually of the information in this policy. Prior to using school system technological resources, students and employees must agree to comply with the requirements of this policy and consent to the school system's use of monitoring systems to monitor and detect inappropriate use of technological resources. In addition, the student's parent must consent to the student

accessing the Internet and to the school system monitoring the student's Internet activity and electronic mailbox issued by the school system.

Legal References: U.S. Const. amend. I; Children's Internet Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. 254(h)(5); Electronic Communications Privacy Act, 18 U.S.C. 2510-2522; Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. 1232g; 17 U.S.C. 101 et seq.; 20 U.S.C. 7131; G.S. 115C-325(e) (applicable to career status teachers), -325.4 (applicable to non-career status teachers)

Cross References: Curriculum and Instructional Guides (policy 3115), Technology in the Educational Program (policy 3220), Internet Safety (policy 3226/4205), Copyright Compliance (policy 3230/7330), Web Page Development (policy 3227/7322), Student Behavior Policies (all policies in the 4300 series), Student Records (policy 4700), Confidentiality of Personal Identifying Information (policy 4705/7825), Public Records – Retention, Release, and Disposition (policy 5070/7350), Use of Equipment, Materials, and Supplies (policy 6520), Network Security (policy 6524), Staff Responsibilities (policy 7300), Employee Use of Social Media (policy 7335)

Revised: July 15, 2005; January 20, 2009; August 29, 2012, November 21, 2013, March 12, 2015, February 9, 2017

The board believes that an effective testing and assessment program evaluates the progress of individual students and helps ensure that educational goals and objectives are being met for every child. A testing program also assists in the continued refinement of the instructional program. In addition, data from tests and assessments provide measures of student learning that are useful for evaluating educator effectiveness.

Every effort will be made to ensure that the testing program contributes to the learning process rather than detracts from it. Efforts also will be made to use only culture-free or culture-fair tests in order to ensure that measurements are reasonably accurate.

# A. ADMINISTRATION OF TESTS, SCREENINGS, AND OTHER ASSESSMENTS

The superintendent shall provide for the proper administration of all state-required tests, screenings, and other assessments and any state-required remedial instruction, interventions, and/or retesting in accordance with all requirements established by law or the State Board of Education.

Results from the North Carolina End of Course, and End of Grade Exams will be used in determining students' final grades in accordance with policy 3420, Student Promotion and Accountability.

The superintendent shall provide for the online administration of state-required tests to the extent required by the State Board of Education or the Department of Public Instruction, and otherwise as feasible within available resources. The superintendent shall keep the board informed of any resources or other measures needed to support online test administration.

Students may participate in field testing and other sample testing as designated by the State Board or the Department of Public Instruction.

The superintendent shall develop security and administration procedures for the state testing program and other assessments that are consistent with State Board of Education requirements and relevant law. The superintendent shall ensure that all relevant personnel are instructed in such procedures. All testing personnel, teachers, and school administrators are required to be familiar with and adhere to all applicable testing manuals, handbooks, and guides, including the Testing Code of Ethics, for state and locally-required Failure to follow procedures may result in disciplinary sanctions, including termination or revocation of administrative and/or teaching licenses.

#### B. HIGH SCHOOL AND MIDDLE SCHOOL END-OF-COURSE TESTING

Students taking courses for high school credit must take all end-of-course (EOC) tests and Career and Technical Education (CTE) State Assessments required by the State Board of Education. For all students, excluding English Learner students in their first year in a U.S. school and students following the Occupational Course of Study Pathway, the results of EOC tests and CTE State Assessments will count as 20 percent of a student's final grade in each high school course for which there is an EOC test or CTE State Assessment. However, the results of such assessments will not factor into a student's final grade in a course during the initial implementation year of a new assessment for that course where scores are not immediately available due to standard setting.

#### C. MINIMIZING TIME SPENT TESTING

The superintendent or designee shall ensure that the time students spend taking standardized state and local tests and the frequency of field testing at a particular school are minimized. Specifically, the superintendent shall ensure the following.

- 1. Schools will devote no more than two days of instructional time per year to the taking of practice tests that do not have the primary purpose of assessing current student learning.
- 2. Students will not be subject to field tests or national tests during the two-week period preceding their school's administration of end-of-grade tests, end-of-course tests, or regularly scheduled final exams.
- 3. No school will participate in more than two field tests at any one grade level during a school year.
- 4. All annual assessments of student achievement adopted by the State Board of Education pursuant to G.S. 115C-174.11(c)(1) and (3) and all final exams for courses will be administered within the final ten instructional days of the school year for year-long courses and within the final five instructional days of the semester for semester courses. Exceptions will be permitted on an individual basis to accommodate a student's individualized education program or Section 504 plans; for the administration of final exams for courses with national or international curricula required to be held at designated times; for make-up testing; and as otherwise permitted by the Department of Public Instruction.
- 5. A report of local standardized testing is provided to the board for review in evennumbered years and, if required, a plan for reducing the time spent on such testing is subsequently prepared and submitted to the State Board of Education in compliance with state law.

3410

Cross References: Professional and Staff Development (policy 1610/7800), Goals and Objectives of the Educational Program (policy 3000), Student Promotion and Accountability (policy 3420), Student Records (policy 4700), Public Records – Retention, Release, and Disposition (policy 5070/7350)

Other References: *Testing Security: Protocol and Procedures for School Personnel (NCDPI)*, available at https://www.dpi.nc.gov/districts-schools/testing-and-school-accountability/testing-policy-and-operations/testing-security; *North Carolina Test Coordinators' Policies and Procedures Handbook*, available at http://www.dpi.state.nc.us/accountability/policies/generalinfo

Adopted: January 9, 2014

Revised: June 12, 2014, January 8, 2015, September 8, 2016, August 10, 2017, May 10, 2018, December 13, 2018, July 9, 2020, March 11, 2021

#### A. PURPOSE

The board believes that students should progress to the next level of study only after they are proficient in their knowledge and application of the current curriculum level. To the extent reasonably possible, students should be given as much or as little time as they need to be proficient at a particular level of study. Students will be promoted to the next level of study as described in this policy.

#### **B.** STUDENT PROMOTION STANDARDS

The superintendent shall develop (1) proposed promotion standards and (2) a process to be used in determining a student's readiness to progress to the next level of study and shall submit the standards and process to the board for approval. The standards will be based, in part, upon proficiency in reading. The standards and process must provide multiple criteria for assessing a student's readiness to progress to the next level of study, such as standardized test scores, formative and diagnostic assessments, grades, a portfolio or anthology of the student's work and, when appropriate, accepted standards for assessing developmental growth. The standards and process will incorporate all state law and State Board of Education policy requirements, including those for the assessment and promotion of third grade students as described in G.S. 115C-83.6 *et seq.* and State Board of Education Policies KNEC-002 and -003.

Principals shall ensure that the promotion standards are used by teachers and school administrators in assessing each student's readiness to progress to the next level of study. Principals have the authority to promote or retain students based upon the standards approved by the board and any applicable standards set by the State Board of Education.

To reduce the number of students who do not meet promotion standards, the board directs school administrators and teachers to address the needs of students who are not making adequate academic progress as required by policy 3405, Students at Risk of Academic Failure.

#### C. LOCAL PROMOTION STANDARDS

1. Grades Kindergarten, 1 and 2

Students in grades K, 1 and 2 will be expected to demonstrate grade level proficiency on the current state instructional standards in reading, writing, and mathematics. Multiple measures are to be used to determine grade level

proficiency on the current state instructional standards including, but not limited, to:

- a. K-5 Portfolio, including writing samples
- b. K-2 math benchmark assessments
- c. Demonstration of the current state grade level instructional standards
- d. Teacher observation and recommendation
- e. Reading 3D Diagnostic Data

Students who are performing below grade level will be provided intervention strategies according to the school remediation plan and the student's individual growth plan. Students who are still performing below grade level after receiving intervention will not be promoted, unless otherwise determined by the school principal in accordance with Subsection E of this policy.

2. Grades 3-5

Students in grades 3, 4 and 5 will be expected to demonstrate grade level proficiency in reading, writing, mathematics, science, and social studies. Multiple measures are to be used to determine grade level proficiency including, but not limited, to:

- a. Standardized test scores from the North Carolina End-of-Grade tests
- b. Demonstration of the current state grade level instructional standards
- c. K-5 portfolios, including writing samples
- d. Benchmark assessments
- e. Teacher observation and recommendation
- f. Reading 3D Diagnostic Data

Students who are performing below grade level will be provided intervention strategies according to the school remediation plan and the student's individual growth plan. Students who are still performing below grade level after receiving intervention will not be promoted, unless otherwise determined by the school principal in accordance with Subsection E of this policy.

3. Grades 6-8

Students in grades 6, 7 and 8 will be expected to demonstrate grade level proficiency in reading, writing, mathematics, science, and social studies. Multiple

measures are to be used to determine grade level proficiency including, but not limited, to:

- a. Standardized test scores from the North Carolina End-of-Grade tests
- b. Pass five courses: one of which must be language arts, one of which must be mathematics, one of which must be science or social studies
- c. Grades
- d. Student work portfolios, including writing samples
- e. Benchmark assessments
- f. Teacher observation and recommendation

Students who are performing below grade level will be provided intervention strategies according to the school remediation plan and the student's individual growth plan. Students who are still performing below grade level after receiving intervention will not be promoted, unless otherwise determined by the school principal in accordance with Subsection E of this policy.

4. Grades 6-8 End of Course and End of Grade Assessments

The End of Course (EOC) and End of Grade (EOG) Assessments results shall count as twenty percent (20%) of a student's final grade in each middle school course for which such a test is administered. However, the results of such assessments will not factor into a student's final grade in a course during the initial implementation year of a new assessment for that course where scores are not immediately available due to standard setting. Middle school students requiring multiple final assessments, within a single subject, should have the assessments averaged for the final exam score. This requirement does not apply for students assessed on the Extended Content Standards or English Learner students in their first year in the United States.

5. High School End of Course Exams and Assessments

The End of Course (EOC) assessment and vocational post assessment results shall count as twenty percent (20%) of a student's final grade in each high school course for which such a test is administered. However, the results of such

assessments will not factor into a student's final grade in a course during the initial implementation year of a new assessment for that course where scores are not immediately available due to standard setting. This applies to the English, Mathematics, and Science End-of-Course assessments. (State Board of Education Policy TEST-003, -011, -016) All other high school courses are also required to administer a final exam that shall count as twenty percent (20%) of a student's final grade. Further, CTE students who earn a credential that is approved under Department of Public Instruction guidelines or successfully complete the CTE Performance Based Measurement as evidence of technical skill attainment will not be required to take the CTE Post-Assessment in the course. This requirement does not apply for students following the Future Ready Occupational Course of Study or English Learner students in their first year in the United States

6. Diploma Standards

To receive a North Carolina high school diploma, a student must complete the requirements set forth in policy 3460, Graduation Requirements.

#### D. INTERVENTION FOR STUDENTS UNLIKELY TO MEET PROMOTION STANDARDS

The goal of Asheboro City Schools is to identify, as early as possible, students who are unlikely to meet the standards for progression to the next level of study so that the school can provide appropriate intervention. Intervention must be provided for any student who does not meet grade level proficiencies established by the State or who is determined to be at-risk of not meeting grade level proficiencies or making progress toward graduation established by the Local Board or State.

Every student who does not meet grade level proficiency, is at risk of academic failure, or is not making progress toward graduation shall have developed for them an individual growth plan constructed by the student's teacher(s) whether the student is promoted or retained. Each plan shall include student assessment data, intervention strategies, and progress monitoring strategies (Students At Risk of Academic Failure, policy 3405).

#### 1. Intervention Plans

Each school must submit to the board the school's plan for intervention as part of the school's yearly improvement plan. Schools also must include in the school improvement plan the types of intervention strategies that will be offered at the school. At a minimum, the intervention plan must address the following elements:

- a. identification of and intervention for students at risk of failing the student accountability standards;
- b. differentiated instruction for students who have been retained; and
- c. meeting individual students' needs.
- 2. Intervention Strategies

Intervention involves identifying strategies specifically designed to increase grade level proficiency. Strategies may include, but are not limited to, alternative learning models, special homework, smaller classes, flexible grouping, tutorial sessions, extended school day, Saturday school, modified instructional programs, parental involvement, small or large group counseling sessions, summer school instruction, participation in or restriction of participation in extracurricular activities, individualized instruction or goals, and remedial instruction or retention.

Extended instructional opportunities should be different from and supplemental to regular classroom instruction. The school will involve parents and the student in discussing intervention strategies. Students will participate in the intervention strategies and demonstrate acceptable growth and achievement.

#### E. REVIEW OF STUDENT PROMOTION STANDARDS

1. Previous retentions

Previous retentions may be a factor in waiving student promotion standards.

2. Review Process

In the case where a student's promotion is in question, the principal must consider the following before recommending promotion or retention.

Teachers shall provide documentation of the student's performance during a review process. Documentation may include but is not limited to:

1. Student work samples;

- 2. Other assessment data;
- 3. Information supplied by parents;
- 4. For student with disabilities, information that is included in the individualized education program; and
- 5. Other information that verifies that a student is at grade level or, is making adequate progress to meet grade level requirements.

Light's Retention Scale should be considered for deciding whether or not a student should be retained.

#### F. APPEALS OF PROMOTION DECISIONS

1. Appeal to the Superintendent

Within five workdays of receiving the principal's written decision to promote or retain a student, the student's parents may appeal the decision to the superintendent. The superintendent may overturn the principal's decision only upon a finding that the principal's decision was arbitrary and capricious (i.e., without a rational basis) or was otherwise an abuse of discretion.

The superintendent must render a decision within 10 workdays of receiving the appeal. The superintendent may support the principal's decision, remand it back to the principal for consideration of additional issues or reverse the decision.

The superintendent's findings must be in writing and must be provided to the parents.

2. Appeal to the Board of Education

The superintendent's decision to promote or retain a student may be appealed to the board in accordance with the procedures set forth in subsection E.5 of policy 1740/4010, Student and Parent Grievance Procedure.

#### G. LITERACY INTERVENTIONS

1. Reading Camps

The board will provide reading camp opportunities as required by law at no fee for students who are entitled to this intervention under state law. The superintendent or designee shall encourage parents of eligible students to enroll their students in a reading camp. To the extent resources permit, the board may offer fee-based reading camp opportunities for students in eligible grades who are not entitled to attend at no cost. Annually, the board may establish criteria for priority enrollment in its fee-based reading camps and may set the attendance fee at an amount not to exceed the statutory limit. If offered, the superintendent or designee shall notify interested parents of the application procedure for the feebased reading camps.

2. Individual Reading Plans

Beginning in the 2022-2023 school year, an Individual Reading Plan (IRP) will be developed in accordance with state law for any student in kindergarten through third grade demonstrating difficulty with reading development based on the results of either (1) the first diagnostic or formative assessment of the school year or (2) the first diagnostic or formative assessment of the second semester of the school year. The student's teacher shall notify the parent or guardian that the student has demonstrated difficulty with reading development and that an IRP has been developed for the student. The notice provided must include all other information required under G.S. 115C-83.6B(b) and should be in the parents' native language when appropriate foreign language resources are readily available.

3. Digital Children's Reading Initiative

The school system will provide access through the school system website to available resources from the Department of Public Instruction's Digital Children's Reading Initiative as required by law. Printable activities from those resources will be provided in hard copy to students who do not have digital access at home.

4. Approval of Literacy Intervention Plan

By the established deadline each year, the superintendent or designee shall submit to the Department of Public Instruction for approval a plan for the literacy interventions the school system will offer in the following school year, as required by G.S. 115C-83.6A.

# H. PROMOTION AND ACCOUNTABILITY STANDARDS FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

To the extent possible, students with disabilities must be held to the same promotion standards as all other students. However, for students who take alternative assessments in lieu of the end-of-grade (EOG) or end-of-course (EOC) tests, promotion decisions must be based on criteria recommended by the IEP team.

All intervention strategies and other opportunities, benefits and resources that are made

available to students without disabilities must be made available to those students with disabilities who are subject to the student promotion standards. Such opportunities must be in addition to the special education services provided to the student.

#### I. PROMOTION AND ACCOUNTABILITY STANDARDS FOR STUDENTS WITH LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENCY

To the extent possible, students with limited English proficiency will be held to the same standards as all other students.

All intervention and other opportunities, benefits, and resources that are made available to other students must be made available to students with limited English proficiency who participate in the student promotion standards.

#### J. CREDIT BY DEMONSTRATED MASTERY

The superintendent, or designee, shall provide opportunities for students in grades 9 through 12 to earn course credit by demonstrating mastery of course material without first completing the regular period of classroom instruction in the course. Students in grades 6 through 8 may earn credit by demonstrated mastery for high school courses offered in middle school. To earn credit by demonstrated mastery, students must demonstrate a deep understanding of the content standards and application of knowledge through a multi-phase assessment, in accordance with standards established by the State Board of Education and any additional standards established by the superintendent.

# K. CREDIT RECOVERY

Students who fail a high school course may retake parts of the course through credit recovery to earn credit for the course. Credit recovery delivers a subset of the blueprint of the original course in order to specifically address deficiencies in a student's mastery of the course and target specific components of a course necessary for completion. A preassessment of the student's understanding of the course material will be administered at the beginning of the course and the credit recovery will be tailored to meet the needs of the individual student. The length of a credit recovery course is dictated by the skills and knowledge the student needs to recover and not a fixed length of seat time.

Any EOC exam associated with the credit recovery course will be administered no later than 30 days upon completion of the credit recovery course. The credit recovery will be graded as pass or fail and will not impact the student's grade point average. The original grade for the course will remain on the student's transcript.

The superintendent shall develop procedures addressing the implementation of credit recovery opportunities across the school system.

#### L. REPEATING A COURSE FOR CREDIT

# 1. Repeating a Previously Failed Course

As provided in State Board of Education policy CCRE-001, high school students who fail a course for credit may repeat that course. To take advantage of this option, the student must repeat the entire course. When a student initially fails a high school course and successfully repeats the course for credit, the new course grade will replace the original failing grade for the course on the student's transcript and in calculations of the student's GPA, class rank, and honor roll eligibility. The superintendent may develop procedures for students to indicate their intent to repeat a course for credit under this paragraph and may establish any other rules as necessary and consistent with State Board policy.

2. Repeating a Course for which Credit was Earned (Grade Replacement)

The board recognizes that high school students may need to repeat a course for which they have earned credit in order to increase their understanding of the course content, to improve skill mastery, or to meet postsecondary goals. Students may repeat a course for which they have previously earned credit, subject to the following preconditions and any other reasonable rules established by the superintendent:

- a. the student must make a written request to repeat the course;
- b. the principal or designee must approve the request;
- c. there must be space available after seats have been assigned to students who are taking the course for the first time or repeating a previously failed course;
- d. the course to be repeated must be a duplicate of the original class and course number and must be taken during the regular school day at a high school in this school system or through the North Carolina Virtual Public School;
- e. upon completion of the repeated course, the higher course grade, current or original mark, will be used on the student's transcript and in calculations of the student's GPA, class rank, and honor roll eligibility;
- f. credit towards graduation for the repeated course will be given only once;
- g. a course may be repeated only one time; and

h. students may repeat a maximum of four previously passed courses during their high school careers.

The superintendent shall require notice to students and parents of these preconditions and of any other relevant information deemed advisable by the superintendent.

#### M. ACCELERATION

Some students may need less time to learn the curriculum. The Board recognizes our responsibility to provide an array of services that maximizes the potential of each of these students. Teachers are encouraged to challenge these students by expanding the curriculum, providing opportunities to explore subjects in greater detail or providing different types of educational experiences. Differentiated programs and services may be provided through such strategies as appropriate classroom groupings, increased pace instruction, challenging subject classes, differentiated units, content modification, subject advancement, grade skipping, alternative products, enrichment opportunities, curriculum compacting, or individual projects and contracts. To challenge a student sufficiently, the principal may reassign the student to a different class or level of study and/or may identify concurrent enrollment or other curriculum expansion options (see policy 3101, Dual Enrollment).

#### N. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

1. Superintendent's Report to the Board

At least on an annual basis, the superintendent shall provide the board with the following information for each school:

- a. aggregate student performance scores on state-mandated tests and any other standardized tests used by a school or the school system;
- b. the number and percentage of students retained and/or not meeting the standards for their grade level;
- c. the number and percentage of third grade students exempt from mandatory third grade retention by category of exemption as listed in state law; and
- d. remedial or additional educational opportunities provided by the school system and the success of these efforts in helping students meet promotion standards.
- 2. Report to the North Carolina State Board of Education and Department of Public Instruction

3. Publication on the School System Website

Information about the reading performance of third grade students will be posted on the school system website in accordance with state law.

# O. RESOURCES

Consistent with the objective of improving student performance, the board will provide schools with maximum flexibility in the allocation of state funds. School personnel are expected to budget financial resources in a manner that will meet the standards established in this policy. The board will consider requests to transfer funds from other funding allotment categories to intervention strategies as part of the school improvement plan submitted by school officials. All funds will be used in a fiscally sound manner in accordance with policy 8300, Fiscal Management Standards.

# P. NOTIFICATION TO PARENTS

The superintendent or designee shall provide information regarding promotion standards to all students and parents. In addition, if a kindergarten, first grade, second grade or third grade student (1) is demonstrating difficulty with reading development; (2) is not reading at grade level; or (3) has an individual growth plan under G.S. 115C-105.41, the student's teacher shall provide the student's parents timely written notice advising that if the student is not demonstrating reading proficiency by the end of third grade, the student will be retained, unless exempt from mandatory retention for good cause. Parents are encouraged to help their children meet the promotion standards and will have opportunities to discuss the promotion standards and procedures with teachers and the principal. Information provided to parents should be in the parents' native language when appropriate foreign language resources are readily available.

The teacher of a student who does not meet promotion standards must notify the student's parents that the student has failed to meet the standards for progression to the next level of study and must provide the parents with information concerning retesting, intervention, review and appeal opportunities. When a student is to be retained, the principal shall provide the student's parents written notice of the retention and, if the student will be retained in accordance with G.S. 115C-83.7(a) for failure to demonstrate reading proficiency, (1) written notice of the reason the student is not eligible for a good cause exemption as provided in G.S. 115C-83.7(b) and (2) a description of proposed literacy interventions that will be provided to the student to remediate areas where the student had not demonstrated <del>of</del> reading proficiency. Teachers shall provide parents of

students retained under G.S. 115C-83.7(a) at least monthly written reports on student progress toward reading proficiency. The evaluation of a student's progress will be based upon the student's classroom work, observations, tests, assessments and other relevant information.

#### Q. CHILDREN OF MILITARY FAMILIES

As required by the Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children (G.S. 115C-407.5) and policy 4155, Assignment to Classes, school administrators have the authority to exercise flexibility in waiving course or program prerequisites or other preconditions for the placement of children of military families in courses or programs offered by the school system.

Legal References: G.S. 115C-36, -45(c), -47, -81, -83.2, -83.3, -83.6, -83.6A, -83.6B, -83.7, -83.7A, -83.8, -83.9, 83.10, -83.11, -105.21, -174.11, -288(a), -407.5; S.L. 2021-8; State Board of Education Policy CCRE-001, KNEC-002, KNEC-003

Cross References: Student and Parent Grievance Procedure (policy 1740/4010), Goals and Objectives of the Educational Program (policy 3000), Dual Enrollment (policy 3101), Students At-Risk of Academic Failure (policy 3405), School Improvement Plan (policy 3430), Graduation Requirements (policy 3460), Extracurricular Activities and Student Organizations (policy 3620), Children of Military Families (policy 4050), Assignment to Classes (policy 4155), Fiscal Management Standards (policy 8300)

Other Resources: *Guidelines for Testing Students Identified as English Learners*, (N.C. Department of Public Instruction) available at https://www.dpi.nc.gov/districts-schools/testing-and-school-accountability/testing-policy-and-operations/testing-students-identified-english-learners; Read to Achieve Implementation Guide, available at https://www.dpi.nc.gov/districts-schools/classroom-resources/early-learning-read-achieve/k-3-literacy

Adopted: August 11, 2011

Revised: August 8, 2013, January 9, 2014, October 9, 2014, March 12, 2015, July 14, 2016, July 13, 2017, May 10, 2018, December 13, 2018, September 12, 2019, November 12, 2020

All awards of high school course credit must be consistent with State Board of Education requirements. Any inconsistency between board policy and State Board graduation requirements will be resolved by following the State Board requirements. While the board

3460

Policy Code:

# **GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS**

The board recognizes the importance of setting rigorous graduation requirements to help ensure that students are receiving an education that will prepare them to be career and college ready and productive members of society.

In order to graduate from high school, students must meet the following requirements:

- 1. successful completion of all course unit requirements as described in Section A; and
- 2. successful completion of cardiopulmonary resuscitation instruction.

The principal shall ensure that students and parents are aware of all graduation requirements. School counseling program staff shall assist students in selecting their high school courses to ensure that students are taking all of the required units and selecting electives consistent with their post-graduation plans. For students who have transferred to the school system during high school or who, for other reasons, have completed course work outside of the school system, the principal shall determine what course work will be applied as credit toward graduation. The principal shall consider the requirements of the Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children (G.S. 115C-407.5) and the requirements of subsection C.3 of this policy in determining the graduation requirements for children of military families.

#### Α. **COURSE UNITS REQUIRED**

All students must fulfill the course unit requirements of the Future-Ready Core Course of Study, unless they are approved for the Future-Ready Occupational Course of Study. The tables below list the course unit requirement for the Future-Ready Core Course of Study and the Future-ready Occupational Course of Study based on the student's year of entry into ninth grade for the first time.

In accordance with policy 3101, Dual Enrollment, and State Board of Education requirements, students may earn certain high school credit for college courses completed. In addition, students may earn credit for certain high school courses in the Future-Ready Core Course of Study completed prior to grade 9, as authorized by the State Board of Education. Students also have the opportunity to meet course unit requirements without completing the regular period of classroom instruction by demonstrating mastery of the course material in accordance with policy 3420, Student Promotion and Accountability, and State Board of Education requirements.

endeavors to keep its policy up to date with current State Board of Education graduation requirements, students should verify current requirements with their school counselors when planning course schedules or making other decisions based on graduation requirements.

Courses Required*	State Requirements	Local Requirements
English	4 sequential (English I, II, III, and IV)	
Mathematics	4 (NC Math 1, 2, and 3 and a fourth math course	
	aligned with the student's post-high school plans.)**	
	(A principal may exempt a student from this math	
	sequence. Exempt students will be required to pass	
	NC Math 1 and 2 and two other application-based	
	math courses or selected CTE courses, as identified	
	on the NC DPI math options chart.)***	
Science	3 (a physical science course, Biology, and	
	earth/environmental science)	
Social Studies	4 (including: (1) a founding principles course which	
	shall be either American History: Founding Principles,	
	Civics and Economics or Founding Principles of the	
	United States of America and North Carolina: Civic	
	Literacy; <sup>+</sup> (2) two American history courses which	
	shall be either (a) American History I and II, (b)	
	American History I or II and another Social Studies	
	course, or (c) American History and another Social	
	Studies course; and (3) World History)	
Health/P.E.	1	
Electives	6 (2 electives must be any combination of Career and	
	Technical Education, Arts Education, or World	
	Language; 4 must be from one of the following:	
	Career and Technical Education, J.R.O.T.C., Arts	
	Education, or any other subject area or cross-	
	disciplinary course. A four-course concentration is	
	recommended.)±	
Total Credits	22	28

1. Future-Ready Core Course of Study Credits Required for Students Entering Ninth Grade for the First Time before 2020-2021

\* Certain International Baccalaureate (IB), Advanced Placement (AP), and Cambridge International Examination (CIE) courses will satisfy specific graduation requirements. See SBE Policy GRAD-008.

- \*\* Students who are learning disabled in math may have other options for meeting the four mathematics credits requirement. See DPI memo of August 24, 2016 available at http://bit.ly/DPIMemo, and the math option chart liked below.
- \*\*\* Students seeking to complete minimum course requirements for UNC universities must complete four mathematics courses, including a fourth math course with Math 3 as a prerequisite. The math options chart is available at <a href="https://sites.google.com/dpi.nc.gov/k-12-mathematics/resources/hs-mathematics/math-options-charts?authuser=0">https://sites.google.com/dpi.nc.gov/k-12-mathematics/resources/hs-mathematics/math-options-charts?authuser=0</a>.
- <sup>+</sup> The founding principles courses, American History: Founding Principles, Civics and Economics and Founding Principles of the United States of America and North Carolina: Civic Literacy, must follow the North Carolina Standard Course of Study (NCSCOS) in its entirety and may not be satisfied by any other courses. See SBE Policies CCRE-001 and GRAD-004.
- ± Students seeking to complete minimum course requirements for UNC universities must complete two credits of a single world language.

3460

2. Future-Ready Core Course of Study Credits Required for Students Entering Ninth Grade for the First Time in 2020-2021

<b>Courses Required</b>	State Requirements	Local
		Requirements
English	4 sequential (English I, II, III, and IV)	
Mathematics	4 (NC Math 1, 2, and 3 and a fourth math course	
	aligned with the student's post-high school plans.)**	
	(A principal may exempt a student from this math	
	sequence. Exempt students will be required to pass	
	NC Math 1 and 2 and two other application-based	
	math courses or selected CTE courses, as identified	
	on the NC DPI math options chart.)***	
Science	3 (a physical science course, Biology, and	
	earth/environmental science)	
Social Studies	4 (including (1) a founding principles course which	
	shall be either American History: Founding Principles,	
	Civics and Economics or Founding Principles of the	
	United States of America and North Carolina: Civic	
	Literacy; † (2) an American History course which shall	
	be either (a) American History I, (b) American History	
	II, or (c) American History; (3) World History; ± and (4)	
	Economics and Personal Finance <sup>^</sup> )	
Health/P.E.	1	
Electives	6 (2 electives must be any combination of Career and	
	Technical Education, Arts Education, or World	
	Language; 4 must be from one of the following:	
	Career and Technical Education, J.R.O.T.C., Arts	
	Education, or any other subject area or cross-	
	disciplinary course. A four-course concentration is	
	recommended.)‡	
Total Credits	22	28

\* Certain Advanced Placement (AP) courses satisfy specific graduation requirements. See SBE policy GCS-L-008.

\*\* Students who are learning disabled in math may have other options for meeting the four mathematics credits requirement. See DPI memo of August 24, 2016 available at <a href="http://bit.ly/DPIMemo">http://bit.ly/DPIMemo</a>, and the math option chart liked below.

- \*\*\* Students seeking to complete minimum course requirements for UNC universities must complete four mathematics courses, including a fourth math course with Math 3 as a prerequisite. The math options chart is available at https://sites.google.com/dpi.nc.gov/k-12-mathematics/resources/hs-mathematics/math-optionscharts?authuser=0.
- <sup>+</sup> The founding principles courses, American History: Founding Principles, Civics and Economics and Founding Principles of the United States of America and North Carolina: Civic must follow the North Carolina Standard Course of Study (NCSCOS) in its entirety and may not be satisfied by any other courses, except as provided in SBE Policy GRAD-008. See also SBE Policies CCRE-001 and GRAD-004.
- ± It is strongly recommended that students take World History in the first year of their high school Social Studies course sequence due to the nature of the adoption of the new Social Studies Standard Course of Study effective in 2021-2022.
- ^ This course must, at a minimum, include the standards established by the second edition of the Voluntary National Content Standards in Economics and the 2013 National Standards for Financial Literacy, as developed by the Council for Economic Education.
- + Students seeking to complete minimum course requirements for UNC universities must complete two credits of a single world language.

3. Future-Ready Core Course of Study Credits Required for Students Entering Ninth Grade for the First Time in 2021-2022

Courses Required	State Requirements	Local
-		Requirements
English	4 sequential (English I, II, III, and IV)	
Mathematics	4 (NC Math 1, 2, and 3 and a fourth math course	
	aligned with the student's post-high school plans.)**	
	(A principal may exempt a student from this math	
	sequence. Exempt students will be required to pass	
	NC Math 1 and 2 and two other application-based	
	math courses or selected CTE courses, as identified	
	on the NC DPI math options chart.)***	
Science	3 (a physical science course, Biology, and	
	earth/environmental science)	
Social Studies	4 (including: Founding Principles of the United States	
	of America and North Carolina: Civic Literacy;†	
	Economics and Personal Finance; <sup>±</sup> American History;	
	and World History)	
Health/P.E.	1	
Electives	6 (2 electives must be any combination of Career and	6
	Technical Education, Arts Education, or World	
	Language; 4 must be from one of the following:	
	Career and Technical Education, J.R.O.T.C., Arts	
	Education, or any other subject area or cross	
	disciplinary course. A four-course concentration is	
	recommended.)‡	
Other	<ul> <li>Completion of IEP objectives</li> </ul>	
Requirements	Career Portfolio	
Total Credits	22	28

- \* Certain International Baccalaureate (IB), Advanced Placement (AP), and Cambridge International Examination (CIE) courses will satisfy specific graduation requirements. See SBE Policy GRAD-008.
- \*\* Students who are learning disabled in math may have other options for meeting the four mathematics credits requirement. See DPI memo of August 24, 2016 available at http://bit.ly/DPIMemo, and the math options chart linked below.
- \*\*\* Students seeking to complete minimum course requirements for UNC universities must complete four mathematics courses, including a fourth math course with Math 3 as a prerequisite. The math options chart is available at https://sites.google.com/dpi.nc.gov/k-12-mathematics/resources/hs-mathematics/math-optionscharts?authuser=0.
- <sup>+</sup> This course must follow the North Carolina Standard Course of Study (NCSCOS) in its entirety and may not be satisfied by any other courses, except as provided in SBE Policy GRAD-008. See also SBE Policies CCRE-001 and GRAD-004.
- ± This course must, at a minimum, include the standards established by the second edition of the Voluntary National Content Standards in Economics and the 2013 National Standards for Financial Literacy, as developed by the Council for Economic Education.
- Students seeking to complete minimum course requirements for UNC universities must complete two credits of a single world language.

4. Future-Ready Occupational Course of Study Credits Required for Students Entering Ninth Grade prior to 2020-2021 (only available to certain students with disabilities who have an IEP)

<b>Courses Required</b>	State Requirements	Local
		Requirements
English	4 (including English I, II, III, and IV)	
Mathematics	3 (including Introduction to Math, NC Math I, and	
	Financial Management)	
Science	2 (including Applied Science and Biology)	
Social Studies	2 (including American History I and American History	
	II* OR (1) American History: Founding Principles,	
	Civics and Economics or Founding Principles of the	
	United States of America and North Carolina: Civic	
	Literacy; and (2) American History I or American	
	History II or American History)**	
Health/P.E.	1	
Career/Technical	4 (Career/Technical Education electives)	
Occupational	6 (including (1) Occupational Preparation I or	
Preparation	Employment Preparation I: Science; (2) Occupational	
	Preparation II or Employment Preparation II:	
	Citizenship IA and Employment Preparation II:	
	Citizenship IB; (3) Occupational Preparation III or	
	Employment Preparation III: Citizenship IIA and	
	Employment Preparation III: Citizenship IIB; and (4)	
	Occupational Preparation IV or Employment	
	Preparation IV: Math	
Work Hours***	600	
Electives	0	6
Other	Completion of IEP objectives	
Requirements	Career Portfolio	
Total Credits	22	28

\* Applicable only to students entering the ninth grade for the first time prior to 2017-18.

\*\* Applicable only to students entering the ninth grade for the first time between 2017-2018 and 2019-2020.

\*\*\* The work hours must include: (1) 150 hours of school-based training with work activities and experiences that align with the student's post-school goals; (2) 225 hours of community-based training; and (3) 225 hours of paid employment or 225 hours of unpaid vocational training, unpaid internship, paid employment at community rehabilitation facilities, and volunteer and/or community services hours, for a total of 600 required work hours. 5. Future-Ready Occupational Course of Study Credits Required for Students Entering Ninth Grade for the First Time in 2020-2021 (only available to certain students with disabilities who have an IEP)

Courses Required	State Requirements	Local
•		Requirements
English	4 (including English I, II, III, and IV)	
Mathematics	3 (including Introduction to Math, NC Math I, and	
	Financial Management)	
Science	2 (including Applied Science and Biology)	
Social Studies	2 (including (1) a founding principles course which	
	shall be either American History: Founding	
	Principles, Civics and Economics or Founding	
	Principles of the United States of America and North	
	Carolina: Civic Literacy and (2) Economics and	
	Personal Finance)	
Health/P.E.	1	
Career/Technical	4 (Career/Technical Education electives)	
Occupational	6 (including (1) Occupational Preparation I or	
Preparation	Employment Preparation I: Science; (2) Occupational	
	Preparation II or Employment Preparation II:	
	Citizenship IA and Employment Preparation II:	
	Citizenship IB; (3) Occupational Preparation III or	
	Employment Preparation III: Citizenship IIA and	
	Employment Preparation III: Citizenship IIB; and (4)	
	Occupational Preparation IV or Employment	
	Preparation IV: Math	
Electives	0	6
Other	Completion of IEP objectives	
Requirements	Career Portfolio	
Total Credits	22	28

\* The work hours must include: (1) 150 hours of school-based training with work activities and experiences that align with the student's post-school goals; (2) 225 hours of community-based training; and (3) 225 hours of paid employment or 225 hours of unpaid vocational training, unpaid internship, paid employment at community rehabilitation facilities, and volunteer and/or community services hours, for a total of 600 required work hours.

6. Future-Ready Occupational Course of Study Credits Required for Students Entering Ninth Grade for the First Time in 2021-2022 (only available to certain students with disabilities who have an IEP)

<b>Courses Required</b>	State Requirements	Local
•		Requirements
English	4 (including English I, II, III, and IV)	
Mathematics	4 (including Introduction to Math, NC Math I, and	
	Financial Management and Employment Preparation	
	IV: Math (to include 150 work hours))	
Science	3 (including Applied Science, Biology, and	
	Employment Preparation I: Science (to include 150 work hours))	
Social Studies	4 (including Founding Principles of the United States	
	of America and North Carolina: Civic Literacy,	
	Economics and Personal Finance, Employment	
	Preparation II: Citizenship IA (to include 75 work	
	hours), and Employment Preparation II: Citizenship	
	IB (to include 75 work hours))	
Health/P.E.	1	
Career/Technical	4 (Career/Technical Education electives)	
Additional	2 (including Employment Preparation III: Citizenship	
Employment	IIA (to include 75 work hours) and Employment	
Preparation*	Preparation III: Citizenship IIB (to include 75 work	
	hours))	
Electives	0	6
Other	<ul> <li>Completion of IEP objectives</li> </ul>	
Requirements	Career Portfolio	
Total Credits	22	28

\* The work hours included in Employment Preparation I, II, III, and IV are as follows: (1) 150 hours of school-based training with work activities and experiences that align with the student's post-school goals; (2) 225 hours of community-based training; and (3) 225 hours of paid employment or 225 hours of unpaid vocational training, unpaid internship, paid employment at community rehabilitation facilities, and volunteer and/or community services hours, for a total of 600 required work hours.

# B. HIGH SCHOOL END -OF-COURSE AND OTHER TESTING

High school students must take all end-of-course (EOC) tests and Career and Technical Education (CTE) State Assessments required by the State Board of Education and pursuant to policy 3410, Testing and Assessment Program.

# C. SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES

The board adopts the following policies with regard to graduation.

1. Honor Graduates

Honor graduates may be designated by principals on the basis of criteria established by the superintendent. Recognition of honor graduates may be included in graduation programs.

2. Students with Disabilities

Graduation requirements must be applied to students with disabilities to the extent required by state and federal law and State Board policy.

3. Children of Military Families

In order to facilitate the on-time graduation of children of military families, the board adopts the following policy provisions for students to whom the Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children applies.

a. Waiver Requirements

Specific course work required for graduation will be waived if similar course work has been satisfactorily completed in another school system. If a waiver is not granted, school administrators shall provide the student with reasonable justification for the denial. If a waiver is not granted to a student who would qualify to graduate from the sending school, the superintendent or designee shall provide the student with an alternative means of acquiring the required course work so that the student may graduate on time.

b. Testing Requirements for Graduation

The superintendent shall accept the following in lieu of any local testing requirements for graduation: (1) the end-of-course exams required for graduation from the sending state; (2) national norm-referenced achievement tests; or (3) alternative testing. If these alternatives are not feasible for a student who has transferred in his or her senior year, subsection c below will apply.

c. Transfers During Senior Year

If a child of a military family who has transferred at the beginning of or during his or her senior year is ineligible to graduate from the school system after all of the alternatives listed above have been considered and the student meets the graduation requirements at his or her sending school, then school officials from the school system shall collaborate with the sending school system to ensure that the student will receive a diploma from the sending board of education. 4. Early Graduation

Graduation prior to that of one's class may be permitted on the basis of criteria approved by the board upon recommendation by the superintendent upon recommendation by the principal.

Students seeking to graduate with fewer than 28 credits may be permitted to do so under criteria approved by the superintendent upon recommendation by the principal. These students shall meet all state graduation requirements.

5. Graduation Certificates

Graduation certificates will be awarded to eligible students in accordance with the standards set forth in State Board policy GRAD-010.

6. Diploma Endorsements

Students have the opportunity to earn one or more of the following diploma endorsements identifying a particular area of focused study including: (1) Career Endorsement, (2) College Endorsement (two options), (3) North Carolina Academic Scholars Endorsement, and/or (4) a Global Languages Endorsement. No endorsement is required to receive a diploma.

Legal References: G.S. 115C-12(40), -47, -81.25(c)(10)(c), -81.45(d), -81.65, -174.11, -276, -288, -407.5; 16 N.C.A.C. 6D.0309; State Board of Education Policies CCRE-001, GRAD-004, GRAD-007, GRAD-008, GRAD-010, TEST-003

Cross References: Goals and Objectives of the Educational Program (policy 3000), Dual Enrollment (policy 3101), Testing and Assessment Program (policy 3410), Student Promotion and Accountability (policy 3420), Citizenship and Character Education (policy 3530), Children of Military Families (policy 4050)

Adopted: January 9, 2014

Revised: August 14, 2014, May 12, 2016, March 9, 2017, March 8, 2018, July 9, 2020, January 14, 2021, July 15, 2021

The board recognizes the unique circumstances faced by children of military families who are often required to transfer to a new school system because their parents or guardians have a new military assignment. The board also recognizes that children whose immediate family members are deployed by the military may be at increased risk of emotional, psychological, or other harm. The board is committed to supporting these children in the school system and undertaking to serve their unique needs.

#### A. IDENTIFICATION OF MILITARY-CONNECTED STUDENTS

Each principal shall annually identify all military-connected students enrolled in the school and shall develop a means for serving their unique needs. For purposes of this section, a military-connected student is defined as a student who has a parent, step-parent, sibling, or any other person who resides in the same household serving in the active or reserve components of the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, or National Guard.

The identification of military-connected students is not a public record subject to public records law.

#### B. COMPLIANCE WITH THE INTERSTATE COMPACT ON EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR MILITARY CHILDREN

In order to promote flexibility and cooperation among the school system, parents and guardians, and children of military families, to promote the children's well-being, and to assist these children in achieving educational success in their new schools, the superintendent shall adopt procedures necessary to ensure compliance with the Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children (hereinafter "Compact") and to educate employees about the unique needs of children of military families.

#### 1. Definitions

The following definitions apply to all policies and procedures adopted in compliance with the Compact.

a. Active Duty

Active duty is full-time duty status in the active uniformed service of the United States, including members of the National Guard and Reserve on active duty orders pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 12301 *et seq*. and 10 U.S.C. 12401 *et seq*.

b. Children of Military Families

Children of military families are school-aged children, enrolled in kindergarten through twelfth grade, in the household of an active duty member.

c. Deployment

Deployment is the period one month prior to the service members' departure from their home station on military orders through six months after their return to their home station.

d. Education Records

Education records are those official records, files and data directly related to a student and maintained by the school or school system, including but not limited to records encompassing all the material kept in the student's cumulative folder, such as general identifying data, records of attendance and of academic work completed, records of achievement and results of evaluative tests, health data, disciplinary status, test protocols, and individualized education programs.

e. Extracurricular Activities

Extracurricular activities are voluntary activities sponsored by the school or school system or an organization sanctioned by the school system. Extracurricular activities include, but are not limited to, preparation for and involvement in public performances, contests, athletic competitions, demonstrations, displays, and club activities.

f. Member State

A member state is a state that has enacted the Compact.

g. Non-Member State

A non-member state is a state that has not enacted the Compact.

h. Receiving State

The receiving state is the state to which a child of a military family is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or brought.

i. Rule

A rule is a written statement by the Interstate Commission promulgated pursuant to Article XII of the Compact that is of general applicability, implements, interprets or prescribes a policy or provision of the Compact, or an organizational, procedural, or practice requirement of the Interstate Commission, and has the force and effect of rules promulgated under the Administrative Procedures Act as found in Chapter 150B of the North Carolina General Statutes, and includes the amendment, repeal, or suspension of an existing rule.

j. Sending State

The sending state is the state from which a child of a military family is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or brought.

k. Student

The student is the child of a military family for whom the school system receives public funding and who is formally enrolled in kindergarten through twelfth grade.

I. Transition

The transition is (1) the formal and physical process of transferring from school to school or (2) the period of time in which a student moves from one school in the sending state to another school in the receiving state.

m. Uniformed Services

The uniformed services are the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard, as well as the Commissioned Corps of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and the Public Health Services.

n. Veteran

A veteran is a person who served in the uniformed services and who was discharged or released therefrom under conditions other than dishonorable.

2. Those to Whom Adopted Policies and Procedures Apply

Policies and procedures that are adopted to comply with the Compact apply to the children of:

- a. active duty members of the uniformed services as defined in section A of this policy, including members of the National Guard and Reserve on active duty orders pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 12301 *et seq*. and 10 U.S.C. 12401 *et seq*.;
- b. members or veterans of the uniformed services who are severely injured and medically discharged or retired for a period of one year after medical discharge or retirement; and
- c. members of uniformed services who die on active duty or as a result of injuries sustained on active duty for a period of one year after death.
- 3. Those to Whom Adopted Policies and Procedures Do Not Apply

The policies and procedures adopted to comply with the Compact do not apply to the children of:

- a. inactive members of the National Guard and Military Reserves;
- b. members of the uniformed services now retired, except as provided in section B of this policy; and
- c. veterans of the uniform services, except as provided in section B of this policy, and other U.S. Department of Defense personnel and other federal agency civilians and contract employees not defined as active duty members of the uniformed services.

#### C. RESOLUTION OF ISSUES

The grievance procedure provided in policy 1740/4010, Student and Parent Grievance Procedure, may be utilized by parents or guardians who disagree with a decision pertaining to education records, enrollment or eligibility for enrollment, placement, attendance, extracurricular activities, or graduation of a child of a military family, or a rule, as defined in this policy. In addition, parents or guardians may seek informal resolution of such decisions at any time by contacting the office of the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction (NCDPI) Military Liaison or the North Carolina Commissioner of the North Carolina State Council for the Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children. Specific contact information may be found online at www.dpi.nc.gov/students-families/student-support/nc-supports-militarychildren or by calling NCDPI at (984) 236-2100.

Legal References: G.S. 115C-12(18)(f), -288(m), -407.5

Cross References: Student and Parent Grievance Procedure (policy 1740/4010), Student Promotion and Accountability (policy 3420), Graduation Requirements (policy 3460), Extracurricular Activities and Student Organizations (policy 3620), Immunization and Health Requirements for School Admission (policy 4110), Domicile or Residence Requirements (policy 4120), Assignment to Classes (policy 4155), Attendance (policy 4400), Student Records (policy 4700)

Adopted: April 11, 2013

Updated: May 14, 2015, October 14, 2021

A student who is domiciled within the geographic area served by the school system, who is under age 21 (22 for students entitled to special education services), who has not completed the prescribed courses for high school graduation and who otherwise qualifies for admission, is entitled to be admitted without payment of tuition. Under certain circumstances specified by law, a student who resides in the area served by the school system and who otherwise qualifies for admission to its schools also is entitled to be admitted without payment of tuition. In addition, students who are homeless or in foster care may be entitled to continue attending their school of origin without payment of tuition regardless of a change in their domicile or residency status.

Children with disabilities are required to meet state domicile requirements to be entitled to admission to school without payment of tuition unless they are "grandfathered" into the system under subsection C.5, below, or unless they otherwise meet one of the circumstances that entitle them to admission without payment of tuition. (See Section C, below.)

# A. DOMICILE AND RESIDENCE DEFINED

Domicile requires the intent to abandon one's prior home and remain in the new location as a permanent home for an indefinite period. In contrast, a residence need not be one's exclusive home and does not require an intention that the residence be the permanent home.

#### B. MEETING DOMICILE REQUIREMENTS

1. Domicile of Students Generally

The domicile of a student under 18 years of age is presumed to be the domicile of his or her parents, legal guardian, or legal custodian as defined by the General Statutes of North Carolina.

2. Domicile of Emancipated Students

If a student is at least 18 years of age, is married, or has been abandoned by his or her parents, or if the court declares a student to be emancipated, the student may establish a domicile independent from that of his or her parents, legal guardian, or legal custodian. A student who establishes domicile as a result of being emancipated is a domiciliary of the school system and is entitled to the same rights and privileges of other students domiciled in the school system.

3. Domicile of Students with Divorced or Separated Parents

Domicile for the purpose of school admission and assignment will be determined by the following criteria.

- a. In the event that a student's parents are divorced or separated and physical custody has been given to only one parent, the student's domicile follows that of the parent who has been granted physical custody.
- b. If physical custody has not been determined or has been granted jointly to both parents, or if the custodial parent wishes the student to attend school in the non-custodial parent's system of residence, then the parents must jointly agree on which residence will be used to determine the student's domicile. The selected residence must be submitted in writing to the superintendent.
- c. The selection may not be changed during the school year unless the parents satisfy the board's policies on transfers and releases.
- d. In the event that the parents cannot agree on which residence will be used to determine the student's domicile for school assignment purposes, school officials shall assign the student according to the residence of the parent with physical custody of the student at the beginning of each school year.

#### C. MEETING RESIDENCE REQUIREMENTS

A student who resides in the system in any of the following circumstances will be admitted without payment of tuition.

- 1. The student is homeless as defined in state and federal law and policy 4125, Homeless Students. A student living with a friend or relative is not a homeless student unless he or she lives there due to conditions that constitute homelessness under state and federal statutes. A homeless student will be assigned in accordance with policy 4125, Homeless Students.
- 2. The parent, guardian, or legal custodian residing in the school system attendance area is a student, employee, or faculty member of a college or university or is a visiting scholar at the National Humanities Center.
- 3. The student resides in a group home, foster home, or other similar facility or institution.
- 4. The student resides in a pre-adoptive home following placement by a county department of social services or a licensed child-placing agency.

- 5. The parent, guardian, or legal custodian residing in the school system attendance area is on active military duty and is assigned by official military order to a military installation or reservation in North Carolina.
- 6. The student is considered a child with a disability by the General Statutes and the North Carolina *Policies Governing Services for Children with Disabilities* and the child was (a) enrolled in the school system on the last day of school for the previous school year or (b) enrolled in and attending a school in the school system on August 1 for the current school year, so long as the child lives within and is continuously enrolled in the system.
- 7. The student resides with an adult who is a domiciliary of the school system as a result of any of the following.
  - a. The death, serious illness, or incarceration of the child's parent or legal guardian.
  - b. The abandonment by the child's parent or legal guardian of the complete control of the student as evidenced by the failure to provide substantial financial support and parental guidance.
  - c. Abuse or neglect by the parent or legal guardian.
  - d. The physical or mental condition of the parent or legal guardian is such that he or she cannot provide the student with adequate care and supervision.
  - e. The relinquishment of physical custody and control of the student by the student's parent or legal guardian upon the recommendation of the department of social services or the Division of Mental Health.
  - f. The loss or uninhabitability of the student's home as the result of a natural disaster.
  - g. The parent or legal guardian is one of the following: (1) a member or veteran of the uniformed services who is severely injured and medically discharged or retired (but only for a period of one year after the medical discharge or retirement of the parent or guardian); or (2) a member of the uniformed services who has died while on active duty or as a result of injuries sustained on active duty (but only for a period of one year after the death of the parent or guardian). Assignment under this subsection is only available if some evidence of the, medical discharge, retirement, or death is tendered with the affidavits required under G.S. 115C-366.

h. The parent or legal guardian is on active military duty, not including periods of active duty for training for less than 30 days, and the commanding officer of the parent or legal guardian provides in a signed letter that the parent or legal guardian's military orders prevent him or her from physically residing with the student. Assignment under this subsection is only available if the signed letter from the commanding officer is included with the affidavits required under G.S. 115C-366, and the commanding officer indicates the time period that such military orders will be in effect.

In order to be admitted under this provision, the student may not be currently under a term of suspension or expulsion from a school for conduct that could have led to a suspension or an expulsion from the local school administrative unit, unless the student is identified as eligible for special education and related services under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400, *et seq.*, and evidence of such eligibility is tendered with the affidavits described below.

The adult with whom the student resides and the student's parent, guardian, or legal custodian, if available, must complete and sign separate affidavits available from the superintendent's office attesting to information required by G.S. 115C-366(a3). If it is found that a person willfully and knowingly provided false information in the affidavit, the maker of the affidavit will be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor and will pay to the board an amount equal to the cost of educating the student during the period of enrollment. Repayment will not include state funds.

#### D. REMOTE ENROLLMENT OF CHILDREN OF MILITARY FAMILIES

A student who is not domiciled in the school system attendance area is permitted to enroll by remote means, including electronic means, prior to commencement of the student's residency in the school system attendance area if all of the following apply.

- 1. The student's parent or legal guardian is on active military duty and is transferred or pending transfer pursuant to an official military order to a military installation or reservation in North Carolina.
- 2. Upon request by the school system, the parent or legal guardian provides a copy of the official military order transferring to the military installation or reservation.
- 3. The parent or legal guardian completes and submits the school system's enrollment forms and documentation, except that proof of residency and documentation related to disciplinary actions required under policy 4115,

Behavior Standards for Transfer Students, will not be required until the student transfers into the school system.

The school system will make available to a student who registers to enroll pursuant to this section the same opportunities available to a domiciled student, such as requesting or applying for school assignment, registering for courses, and applying for any other programs that require additional request or application. A student enrolled pursuant to this section may not attend school until proof of residency is provided.

# E. PARTICIPATION IN JROTC BY HOME SCHOOL STUDENTS

A home school student who resides within the assignment area of a school that maintains a Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps (JROTC) unit shall be permitted membership in the JROTC unit of the school without regard to domicile if the student is otherwise qualified for membership but for lack of enrollment in the school.

# F. STUDENTS PARTICIPATING IN THE NORTH CAROLINA ADDRESS CONFIDENTIALITY PROGRAM

In determining whether a student meets the domicile or residence requirements of this policy, school personnel shall consider the actual address of a participant in the North Carolina Address Confidentiality Program established by G.S. Chapter 15C, but such address will remain confidential in accordance with law and policy 4250/5075/7316, North Carolina Address Confidentiality Program.

#### G. APPEAL OF ADMISSION DECISIONS

Within 10 working days of receiving all of the information required under this policy, the superintendent or designee shall provide a written decision to the applicant for admission to the school system. The superintendent's decision regarding admission of the student may be appealed to the board in accordance with subsection E.5 in policy 1740/4010, Student and Parent Grievance Procedure.

Legal References: 10 U.S.C. 2031(g); Elementary and Secondary Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 6303 *et seq.*; Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400 *et seq.*, 34 C.F.R. pt. 300; McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 11431 *et seq.*; *Non-Regulatory Guidance: Ensuring Educational Stability for Children in Foster Care*, U.S. Department of Education and U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (June 2016); *Non-Regulatory Guidance on Education for Homeless Children and Youths Program*, U.S. Department of Education (July 2016); G.S. 7B art. 35; 35A art. 6; 15C-8(i); 50-13.1 to 13.3; 115C-106.2, -106.3, -107.6, -108.1(a), -366, -407.5; *Policies Governing Services for Children with Disabilities*, State Board of Education Policy EXCP-000, available at http://ec.ncpublicschools.gov/policies/nc-policies-governing-services-for-children-with-disabilities

Cross References: Student and Parent Grievance Procedure (policy 1740/4010), Children of Military Families (policy 4050), Behavior Standards for Transfer Students (policy 4115), Homeless Students (policy 4125), North Carolina Address Confidentiality Program (policy 4250/5075/7316)

Adopted: April 9, 1998 to become effective July 1, 1998

Revised: March 9, 2000, January 10, 2008, May 14, 2009, June 10, 2010, April 10, 2014, May 14, 2015, April 6, 2017, September 14, 2017, August 13, 2020

The Asheboro City Board of Education believes that in almost all cases the child should attend the school that serves his/her domicile. Exceptions to this will be made in limited circumstances within the criteria provided below and any administrative procedures established by the superintendent.

#### A. Assignment Areas

The superintendent shall recommend to the board school assignment areas for the schools in the district.

The assignment areas will be developed in accordance applicable Legal Requirements, the need to serve all school-age children who live in the school district; and the effective use of each school facility. Assignments will be made in a non-discriminatory manner.

The superintendent shall review periodically the assignment areas and submit recommendations for revisions to the board when necessary.

#### **B.** Assignment of Students

The superintendent or designee shall assign students to particular schools in accordance with the following standards.

1. Students Admitted Based on Domicile

Except as otherwise provided in this policy, students admitted to the school system based on domicile will be assigned to the school of the appropriate grade span within the assignment area of the student's domicile (or residence location if the student is exempted from the domicile requirement, as described in policy 4120, Domicile or Residence Requirements).

2. Students Accepted for Discretionary Admission

Students who are accepted for discretionary admission under policy 4130, Discretionary Admission, will be assigned to a school that meets the best interest of the student and the orderly and efficient administration of the school system.

3. Homeless Students and Students in Foster Care

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this policy, the superintendent or designee shall (1) assign homeless students in a manner consistent with state and federal law and policy 4125, Homeless Students; and (2) assign students in foster

care to their school of origin unless contrary to their best interest, as required by federal law and as feasible.

4. Students Participating in the Address Confidentiality Program

Students who are participating in or whose parent is participating in the North Carolina Address Confidentiality Program established by G.S. Chapter 15C will be assigned on the basis of their actual address, but such address will remain confidential in accordance with law and policy 4250/5075/7316, North Carolina Address Confidentiality Program.

5. Students with Disabilities

Students with disabilities receiving services under an Individualized Education Program (IEP) or Section 504 plan will be assigned to schools in accordance with this policy unless the superintendent or designee determines the student needs a different assignment to provide access to a program or service required under the IEP or Section 504 plan, as determined by the student's IEP or Section 504 team.

6. Administrative Assignment

The superintendent or designee may administratively assign a student to a school other than the one to which the student would otherwise be assigned under this policy when deemed in the best interest of the student and/or the effective administration of the schools, such as for reasons related to student safety, discipline, or programmatic issues, or when required by law.

7. Assignment to Alternative Program or School

Students will be assigned to an alternative education program or school in accordance with policy 3470/4305, Alternative Learning Programs/Schools.

#### C. APPLICATIONS FOR REASSIGNMENT

A parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian may request reassignment to a school outside of their regular attendance area. Such an application must be submitted in writing to the office of the superintendent by June 1. A decision will be made by the Superintendent or designee and notice mailed by June 30. In instances where there are extraordinary, compelling and specific circumstances that make the June 1 deadline impossible to comply with, the superintendent may accept the application after June 1. In such cases, a decision will be made and notice mailed within 20 working days. The superintendent or designee may approve the application if space is available and one or more of the following criteria are met: 1. Employee of a Public School System

A student whose parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian is a permanent employee of the Asheboro City Schools may be reassigned.

2. Change of Domicile

A student whose parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian plan to move within 90 days of the beginning of the school year may be reassigned at the beginning of the school year to the school serving the student's new domicile. A student who changes his/her domicile during the course of the school year may be reassigned to the school previously attended for the remainder of the school year. However, the student will be assigned according to the area in which they live at the beginning of the next school year.

3. Exceptional Student Program Transfers

A student in the exceptional student program may be reassigned upon the recommendation of the IEP Team.

4. Hardship

A student may be reassigned because of undue hardship, or extraordinary, compelling, specific circumstances.

5. School Utilization

A student may be reassigned when it would provide for the more orderly and efficient administration and operation of the schools in the district.

6. Transfer of Homeless Students

Students who become homeless between academic years or during an academic year may request to remain at the school of origin for the duration of their homelessness or may request to be enrolled in any public school that other students living in the same attendance area are eligible to attend. Any decision about the transfer or reassignment of a homeless student will be consistent with legal requirements and based on the student's best interest. (See policy 4126, Homeless Students.)

7. Transfer of Students in Foster Care

Students who are assigned to foster care between academic years or during an academic year will remain in their school of origin unless remaining in the school of origin is not in the best interest of the student. The best interest of the student will be decided based on all relevant factors, including consideration of the appropriateness of the educational setting, feasibility, and proximity to the school in which the child is enrolled at the time of placement in foster care.

#### D. CONDITIONS FOR REASSIGNMENT

The following conditions apply to any reassignment granted pursuant to this policy:

- 1. The parent or guardian is responsible for transportation (except for reassignments or transfers of homeless students or students in foster care based on the student's best interest, for which the system will provide transportation in a manner consistent with legal requirements and policy 4125).
- 2. The transfer or reassignment is valid for no more than one school year (except for homeless student transfers or reassignments for which the length of reassignment will be consistent with legal requirements and policy 4125 and transfers or reassignment of students in foster care, for which the length or reassignment will be consistent with legal requirements).
- 3. Any transfer or reassignment request that is approved based upon false or misleading information will be declared void and will be rescinded.

The superintendent may issue administrative regulations necessary for the implementation of this policy.

#### E. APPEAL OF REASSIGNMENT DECISIONS

A decision of the superintendent's designee may be appealed to the superintendent. An appeal to the superintendent must be received in writing no later than five working days following receipt of the decision of the superintendent's designee. The superintendent will review the appeal and make a written determination within 30 days of receiving the appeal.

A final decision regarding reassignment may be appealed to the board of education. An appeal to the board of education must be received in writing no later than five working days following receipt of the decision of the superintendent. The board or a panel of the board will hear the appeal. If a panel hears the appeal, the panel's recommendation will be submitted to the full board for a final determination. The board will make a written determination within 30 days of receiving the appeal.

Legal References: McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 11431 et seq.; Elementary and Secondary Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 6301 *et seq.; Non-Regulatory Guidance: Ensuring Educational Stability for Children in Foster Care,* U.S. Department of Education and U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (June 2016) and *Non-Regulatory Guidance on Education for Homeless Children and Youths Program,* U.S. Department of Education (July 2016), both available at https://www2.ed.gov/policy/elsec/leg/essa/index.html; Unsafe School Choice Option Non-Regulatory Guidance, U.S. Department of Education (May 2004), available at https://www2.ed.gov/policy/elsec/guid/edpicks.jhtml?src=ln; G.S. 15C-8; 115C-36, -366, -367, -369; State Board of Education Policy SSCH-006

Cross References: Alternative Learning Programs (policy 3470/4305), Domicile or Residence Requirements (policy 4120) Homeless Students (policy 4126), Discretionary Admission (policy 4130), North Carolina Address Confidentiality Program (policy 4250/5075/7316)

Adopted: April 9, 1998 to become effective July 1, 1998

Revised: April 12, 2001, November 10, 2005, March 12, 2009, June 14, 2012, April 11, 2013, July 13, 2017

Administrative Procedure: Yes

The board is committed to providing an environment at each school that is safe, orderly, and inviting. The board believes that in most cases, a student should attend the school that serves his or her domicile. Under certain circumstances or conditions, however, the board provides parents the opportunity to request that their child attend a school outside of his or her attendance area (see policy 4150, School Assignment).

Pursuant to federal and State Board of Education requirements, the board will allow a student who attends a school designated as a persistently dangerous school or a student who becomes the victim of a violent criminal offense at his or her school to attend another school that the superintendent has identified as an eligible transfer school, if a transfer school is available.

# A. DEFINITIONS

For purposes of this policy, the following definitions apply:

1. Violent Criminal Offenses

Violent criminal offenses are the following crimes,:

- a. homicide;
- b. assault resulting in serious bodily injury;
- c. assault involving use of a weapon;
- d. rape;
- e. sexual offense;
- f. sexual assault;
- g. kidnapping;
- h. robbery with a dangerous weapon; and
- i. taking indecent liberties with a minor.
- 2. Persistently Dangerous School

A persistently dangerous school is a school in which:

- a. at least two violent criminal offenses were committed with a rate of five or more such offenses per 1000 students during each of the two most recent school years; and
- b. the conditions that contributed to the commission of such offenses are determined by the State Board of Education as being likely to continue into another school year.
- 3. Eligible Transfer School

An eligible transfer school is a school that is not designated as a persistently dangerous school, that offers instruction at the student's grade level, and that the superintendent has identified as eligible for unsafe school choice transfer.

#### B. IDENTIFICATION OF SCHOOLS AS PERSISTENTLY DANGEROUS

1. Conditions Contributing to the Commission of Violent Criminal Offenses

For any school in which at least two violent criminal offenses and five or more such offenses per 1000 students were committed on school property during each of the two most recent school years, the superintendent or designee will determine whether any changes need to be made in the school- or system-level school safety procedures. The superintendent shall report to the State Board of Education any conditions in the school that may have contributed to the commission of the violent criminal offenses and any plans that the board has to eliminate such conditions.

2. Probationary Schools

If the State Board of Education determines that a school should be placed on probation, during the probationary year the principal and school improvement team shall implement strategies to protect students from violent criminal offenses and to deter future offenses from occurring. Such strategies must be incorporated into the school improvement plan. As necessary, the superintendent may request assistance from the Department of Public Instruction to help identify strategies for implementation.

3. Persistently Dangerous Schools

The superintendent shall assign a central office team to assist a school, designated a persistently dangerous, with creating and implementing a corrective action plan for the school. The corrective action plan should be based on an analysis of the problems at the school, should include strategies to improve safety at the school, and should identify any system-level policies and procedures that need to be modified. Any strategies identified for the corrective action plan should be incorporated into the school improvement plan.

Pursuant to the unsafe school choice transfer procedures provided below, a student who attends a persistently dangerous school will be allowed to transfer to another school that the superintendent has designated as an eligible transfer school.

As deemed appropriate, the board will pursue any appeals process available for review of a school's designation as probationary or persistently dangerous.

#### C. VICTIM OF A VIOLENT CRIMINAL OFFENSE

A student shall be considered the victim of a violent criminal offense when the following criteria are met:

- 1. the principal determines, based upon reasonable evidence, that the student has been the victim of any of the applicable offenses identified in this policy; and
- 2. the offense occurred while the student was on the grounds of the public school that he or she attends.

Pursuant to the unsafe school choice transfer procedures provided below, a student who is a victim of a violent criminal offense shall be allowed to transfer to another school that the superintendent has designated as eligible for transfer.

#### D. TRANSPORTATION

Parents who decide to transfer their child pursuant to this policy are responsible for transportation of their child to the receiving school.

Legal References: Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, as amended by the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA), 20 U.S.C. 7912; Unsafe School Choice Option Non-Regulatory Guidance, Education 2004), U.S. Department of (May available at https://www2.ed.gov/policy/elsec/guid/unsafeschoolchoice.doc; G.S. 14-17, -18, -27.21, -27.22, -27.24 through -27.27, -27.29, -27.30, -27.33, -32 through -34.10, -39, -87, -202.1, -202.2, -202.4; 115C-36, -105.27, -366, -367; 16 N.C.A.C. 6E .0107; State Board of Education Policy SSCH 006 Cross References: School Safety (policy 1510/4200/7270), School Improvement Plan (policy 3430), Conflict Resolution (policy 3431), School Assignment (policy 4150)

Adopted: December 10, 2020

4300

All decisions related to student behavior are guided by the board's educational objectives to teach responsibility and respect for cultural and ideological differences and by the board's commitment to create safe, orderly and inviting schools. Student behavior policies are provided in order to establish (1) expected standards of student behavior; (2) principles to be followed in managing student behavior; (2) consequences for prohibited behavior; and (4) required procedures for addressing misbehavior.

# A. PRINCIPLES

The reasons for managing student behavior are to (1) create an orderly environment where students can learn; (2) teach expected standards of behavior; (3) help students learn to accept the consequences of their behavior; and (4) provide students with the opportunity to develop self-control. The following principles apply in managing student behavior:

- 1. Student behavior management strategies should complement other efforts to create a safe, orderly and inviting environment.
- 2. Positive behavioral interventions will be employed as appropriate to improve student behavior.
- 3. Responsibility, respect, honesty, self-discipline, courage, kindness, citizenship and other standards of behavior should be integrated into the curriculum.
- 4. Disruptive behavior in the classroom will not be tolerated.
- 5. Consequences for unacceptable behavior should help a student learn to comply with rules, to be respectful, to learn to accept responsibility for his or her behavior and to develop self-control.
- 6. Strategies and consequences will be age and developmentally appropriate.
- 7. When feasible, consequences for unacceptable behavior should take into account differences in how individual students respond to discipline strategies.

#### B. COMMUNICATION OF POLICIES

Board policies related to student behavior are codified mainly in the 4300 series. The superintendent shall incorporate information from such policies into a Code of Student Conduct that notifies students of the behavior expected of them, conduct that may subject them to discipline and the range of disciplinary measures that may be used by school officials. At the discretion of the superintendent, the Code of Student Conduct may include additional rules needed to implement the board's student behavior policies. To elaborate further on processes for addressing student misbehavior and the use of intervention strategies and consequences, each school will create a student behavior management plan that is consistent with the law, board policies, and the Code of Student Conduct (see policy 4302, School Plan for Management of Student Behavior). The Code of Student Conduct must incorporate by reference any additional student behavior standards, prohibited conduct, or disciplinary measures identified in student behavior management plans developed by individual schools. The Code of Student conduct must not impose mandatory long-term suspension or expulsion for specific violations unless otherwise provided in state or federal law.

At the beginning of each school year, principals shall make available to each student and parent all of the following: (1) the Code of Student Conduct; (2) any board policies related to behavior that are not part of the Code of Conduct; (3) any related administrative procedures; (4) any additional discipline-related information from the school's student behavior management plan, including behavior standards, prohibited conduct or disciplinary measures; and (5) any other school rules. This information must be available at other times upon request and must be made available to students enrolling during the school year and their parents.

For the purpose of board policies related to student behavior, all references to "parent" include a parent, a legal guardian, a legal custodian or another caregiver adult authorized to enroll a student under policy 4120, Domicile or Residence Requirements.

#### C. APPLICABILITY

Students must comply with the Code of Student Conduct in the following circumstances:

- 1. while in any school building or on any school premises before, during or after school hours;
- 2. while on any bus or other vehicle as part of any school activity;
- 3. while waiting at any bus stop;
- 4. during any school function, extracurricular activity or other activity or event;
- 5. when subject to the authority of school personnel; and

6. at any other time or place-when the student's behavior has or is reasonably expected to have a direct and immediate impact on orderly and efficient operation of the schools or the safety individuals in the school environment.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, students will not be disciplined for constitutionally protected behavior. School officials are encouraged to consult with senior administrators before regulating student expression that may be protected by the First Amendment to the U.S. Constitution.

#### D. CONSEQUENCES FOR VIOLATIONS

Violations of the Code of Student Conduct must be dealt with in accordance with the guidelines established in the school's behavior management plan (see policy 4302, School Plan for Management of Student Behavior).

1. Minor Violations

Minor violations of the Code of Student Conduct are those less severe infractions involving a lower degree of dangerousness and harm. Examples of minor violations include the use of inappropriate or disrespectful language, noncompliance with a staff directive, dress code violations and minor physical altercations that do not involve a weapon or an injury. Aggravating circumstances, however, may justify treating an otherwise minor violation as a serious violation.

Minor violations of the Code of Student Conduct may result in disciplinary measures or responses up to and including short-term suspension. Further information regarding the procedures for short-term suspensions is provided in policy 4351, Short-Term Suspension. Other disciplinary measures or responses may include, but are not limited to, the following:

- a. parental involvement, such as conferences;
- b. isolation or time-out for short periods of time;
- c. behavior improvement agreements;
- d. instruction in conflict resolution and anger management;
- e. peer mediation;
- f. individual or small group sessions with the school counselor;
- g. academic intervention;

- h. in-school suspension;
- i. detention before and/or after school or on Saturday;
- j. community service;
- k. exclusion from graduation ceremonies;
- I. exclusion from extracurricular activities;
- m. suspension from bus privileges;
- n. out-of-school suspension; and
- o. placement in an alternative school.

The student's parent or guardian is responsible for transportation that may be required to carry out a consequence. With the exception of suspension from bus privileges, if a parent or guardian is unable to provide transportation, another consequence may be substituted.

2. Serious Violations

Serious violations of the Code of Student Conduct may result in any of the consequences that may be imposed for minor violations. In addition, serious violations that threaten to substantially disrupt the educational environment may result in long-term suspension, and serious violations that threaten the safety of students, school employees or school visitors may result in long-term suspension or expulsion. Certain violations involving firearms or explosive devices may result in a 365-day suspension. Further information regarding the standards and procedures for long-term suspensions, 365-day suspensions and expulsions is provided in policies 4351, Short-Term Suspension, and 4353, Long-Term Suspension, 365-Day Suspension, Expulsion. (See also policy 4333, Weapons, Bomb Threats, Terrorist Threats and Clear Threats to Safety, for information regarding 365-day suspensions for certain violations involving firearms or explosive devices.)

#### E. ENFORCEMENT

The superintendent or designee is responsible for supervising the enforcement of the Code of Student Conduct to ensure that school disciplinary policies are uniformly and fairly applied throughout the school system.

Legal References: U.S. Const. amend. I; Mahanoy Area School Dist. v. B.L., 594 U.S. , 141 S. Ct. 2038 (2021); G.S. 115C-47, -276(r), -288, -307, -390.1, -390.2

Cross References: Goals and Objectives of the Educational Program (policy 3000), Counseling Program (policy 3610), Domicile or Residence Requirements (policy 4120), Student Behavior Policies (all policies in the 4300 series)

Adopted: April 9, 1998 to become effective July 1, 1998

Updated: May 11, 2000, September 9, 2004, October 13, 2011, June 11, 2015

The board believes that the dress and personal appearance of students greatly affect their academic performance and their interaction with other students. The board requests that parents outfit their children in clothing that is conducive to learning. Generally, dress and grooming standards as determined by the student and his or her parents will be deemed acceptable. However, the board prohibits any appearance or clothing that does the following:

- 1. violates the reasonable, nondiscriminatory dress code adopted and publicized by the district;
- 2. is substantially disruptive (for information on gang-related attire, see policy 4328, Gang-Related Activity);
- 3. is provocative or obscene; or
- 4. endangers the health or safety of the students or others.

It is the responsibility of the schools to foster good habits of dress and grooming just as it is their responsibility to maintain an atmosphere conducive to optimal learning. It is in the interest of pride in one's self, community, and school for the students in the Asheboro City Schools to be encouraged and expected to dress safely, cleanly, and decently.

Before receiving disciplinary consequences, a student who is not in compliance with this policy or a school dress code will be given a reasonable period of time to make adjustments so that he or she will be in compliance. Disciplinary consequences for a student who fails to comply after being offered this opportunity shall be consistent with Section D of policy 4300, Student Behavior Policies. The superintendent or designee shall list in the Code of Student Conduct the specific range of consequences that may be imposed on a student for violation of the dress code.

Legal References: G.S. 115C-47, -390.2

Cross References: Student Behavior Policies (policy 4300), School Plan for Management of Student Behavior (policy 4302), Disruptive Behavior (policy 4315), Gang-Related Activity (policy 4328)

Adopted: April 9, 1998 to become effective July 1, 1998

Revised: August 13, 2009, October 13, 2011, June 13, 2019

School attendance and class participation are an integral part of academic achievement and the teaching-learning process. Regular attendance develops patterns of behavior essential to professional and personal success in life. Regular attendance by every student is mandatory: The State of North Carolina requires that every child in the State between the ages of seven (or younger if enrolled) and 16 years attend school.

Parents or legal guardians have the responsibility for ensuring that students attend and remain at school daily. School administrators shall communicate attendance expectations to parents and guardians and work with students and their families to overcome barriers to attendance.

# A. ATTENDANCE RECORDS

School officials will keep an accurate record of attendance, including accurate attendance records in each class. Students will be considered in attendance if present at least half of the instructional day on-site in the school or at a place other than the school attending an authorized school-related activity.

To be in attendance during remote instruction days (with the exception of the initial enrollment day), students must:

- (1) complete their daily assignments, either online or offline; and/or
- (2) have a daily check-in through two-way communication with
  - (a) the homeroom teacher for grades K-5; or
  - (b) each course teacher, as scheduled, for all other grade levels.

School officials shall communicate the attendance procedures to students and their families before the first day remote instruction begins.

#### B. LATE ARRIVALS AND EARLY DEPARTURES

Students are expected to be at school on time and to remain at school until dismissed. During the school day, students are expected to be present at the scheduled starting time for each class and to remain until the class ends.

When a student must be late to school or leave school early, a written excuse signed by a parent or guardian should be presented upon the student's arrival at school. Tardies or early departures may be excused for any of the reasons listed below in Section C.

Any disciplinary consequences for unexcused tardiness or unexcused early departures from school or class will be consistent with Section D of policy 4300, Student Behavior Policies. The superintendent or designee shall list in the Code of Student Conduct the specific range of consequences that may be imposed on a student for such offenses. Consequences may not exceed a short-term suspension of two days.

#### C. EXCUSED ABSENCES

When a student must miss school, a written excuse signed by a parent or guardian must be presented to the teacher or principal designee within 2 days after returning from an absence. Absences due to extended illness may also require a statement from a health care practitioner. An absence may be excused for any of the following reasons:

- 1. personal illness or injury that makes the student physically unable to attend school;
- 2. isolation ordered by the local health officer or by the State Board of Health;
- 3. death in the immediate family;
- 4. medical or dental appointment;
- 5. attendance at the proceedings of a court or administrative tribunal is the student is party to the action or under subpoena as a witness;
- 6. observance of an event required or suggested by the religion of the students or the student's parent(s);
- 7. participation in a valid educational opportunity, such as travel or service as a legislative or Governor's page, with prior approval from the principal;
- 8. pregnancy and related conditions or parenting, when medically necessary;
- 9. a minimum of two days each academic year for visitation with the student's parent or legal guardian if the student is not identified as at risk of academic failure because of unexcused absences and the student's parent or legal guardian (a) is an active duty member of the uniformed services as defined by policy 4050, Children of Military Families, and (b) has been called to duty for, is on leave from, or has immediately returned from deployment to a combat zone or combat support posting.

Extended illnesses generally require a statement from a physician. Once a student has accumulated more than 15 absences in a school year (or more than five consecutive

absences), a doctor's note, or other documentation approved by the principal, will be needed to excuse further absences. This standard does not apply to medically fragile students as defined in the North Carolina School Attendance and Student Accounting Manual and approved by the principal.

### D. SCHOOL-RELATED ACTIVITIES

While recognizing the importance of classroom learning, the board also acknowledges that out-of-classroom, school-related activities can provide students with valuable experiences not available in the classroom setting. The following school-related activities will not be counted as absences from either class or school:

- 1. field trips sponsored by the school;
- job shadows and other work-based learning opportunities, as described in G.S.115C-47(34a);
- 3. school-initiated and scheduled activities;
- 4. athletic events requiring early dismissal from school;
- 5. Career and Technical Education student organization activities approved in advance by the principal.

In addition, students participating in disciplinary techniques categorized as in-school suspensions will not be counted as absent.

### E. MAKEUP WORK

In the case of excused absences, short-term out-of-school suspensions, and absences under G.S. 130A-440 (for failure to submit a school health assessment form within 30 days of entering school), the student will be permitted to make up his or her missed work. (See also policies 4110, Immunization and Health Requirements for School Admission, and 4351, Short-Term Suspension.) Assignments missed due to participation in school-related activities also are eligible for makeup by the student. The teacher shall determine when work is to be made up. The student is responsible for finding out what assignments are due and completing them within the specified time period.

### F. UNEXCUSED ABSENCES

The principal will notify parents and take all other steps required by G.S. 115C-378 for excessive, unexcused absences.

Any school disciplinary consequences for unexcused absences will be consistent with

Section D of policy 4300, Student Behavior Policies. The superintendent or designee shall list in the Code of Student Conduct the specific range of consequences that may be imposed on a student for such offenses. Consequences may not exceed a short-term suspension of two days.

### G. CHRONIC ABSENTEEISM

Because class attendance and participation are critical elements of the educational process, any absences, whether excused or unexcused, can have a negative impact on a student's academic achievement. Regular attendance must be prioritized within each school and encouraged throughout the community. School administrators shall monitor and analyze attendance data to develop and implement strategies for reducing chronic absenteeism. Such strategies should involve engaging students and parents, recognizing good and improved attendance, providing early outreach to families of students missing school, and identifying and addressing barriers to attendance.

If a student is absent from school for five or more days in a semester, the principal or a committee established by the principal shall consider whether the student's grades should be reduced because of the absences. The principal or committee shall review other measures of academic achievement, the circumstances of the absences, the number of absences, and the extent to which the student completed missed work. A committee may recommend to the principal and the principal may make any of the following determinations:

- 1. the student will not receive a passing grade for the semester;
- 2. the student's grade will be reduced;
- 3. the student will receive the grade otherwise earned; or
- 4. the student will be given additional time to complete the missed work before a determination of the appropriate grade is made.

### H. SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES

1. Students with Chronic Health Problems

No penalties will be imposed for absences due to documented chronic health problems

2. Students Experiencing Homelessness

For students experiencing homelessness (see board policy 4125, Homeless Students), school officials must consider issues related to the student's homelessness, such as a change of caregivers or nighttime residence, before taking disciplinary action or imposing other barriers to school attendance based on excessive absences or tardies.

3. Attendance Requirements for Extracurricular Activities

Absences may impact eligibility for participation in extracurricular activities. Principals shall inform students and parents of the applicable attendance standards for the various types of extracurricular activities, including interscholastic athletics. Also see policy 3620, Extracurricular Activities and Student Organizations.

Legal References: McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 11431, et seq.; G.S. 115C-47, -84.2, -288(a), -375.5, -378 to -383, -390.2(d), -390.2(l), -390.5, -407.5; 130A-440; 16 N.C.A.C. 6E .0102, .0103, .0106; State Board of Education Policies ATND-000, -003

Cross References: Extracurricular Activities and Student Organizations (policy 3620), Education for Pregnant and Parenting Students (policy 4023), Children of Military Families (policy 4050), Immunization and Health Requirements for School Admission (policy 4110), Homeless Students (policy 4125), Student Behavior Policies (policy 4300), Short-Term Suspension (policy 4351)

Other Resources: NC DPI Multi-Tiered System of Support Implementation Guide, available at <u>https://www.livebinders.com/play/play/2052295?tabid=180c26e7-0236-1ff0-3f53-</u>291910458e28#anchor

Adopted: April 9, 1998 to become effective July 1, 1998

Revised: April 10, 2008, May 14, 2009, September 10, 2009, November 10, 2011, June 13, 2013, July 9, 2015, July 14, 2016, September 14, 2017, August 16, 2018, February 14, 2019, January 9, 2020, January 14, 2021, July 15, 2021

4400

students.

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### A. SURVEYS INVOLVING PROTECTED TOPICS

1. Definition of Protected Topics

For purposes of this policy, the following are considered "protected topics":

- a. political affiliations or beliefs of the student or the student's parent;
- b. mental or psychological problems of the student or the student's family;
- c. sex behavior or attitudes;
- d. illegal, antisocial, self-incriminating or demeaning behavior;
- e. critical appraisals of other individuals with whom respondents have close family relationships;
- f. legally recognized privileged or analogous relationships, such as those of lawyers, physicians, and ministers;
- g. religious practices, affiliations or beliefs of the student or the student's parent; or
- h. income (other than that required by law to determine eligibility for participation in a program or for receiving financial assistance under such program).
- 2. Rules Regarding Surveys Involving Protected Topics
  - a. Protection of Student Privacy

The school system will take measures to protect the identification and privacy of students participating in any survey concerning any of the protected topics. These measures may include limiting access to completed surveys and to survey results, as allowed by law. b. Parental Notification

The school system will notify parents at the beginning of each school year of the specific or approximate dates of administration of surveys concerning the protected topics. Parents have the right to review any survey that concerns one of the protected topics or any instructional materials used in any such survey.

c. Parental Consent

Before a student is required to participate in any Department of Educationfunded survey, analysis, or evaluation that reveals information concerning a protected topic, the parent or eligible student must provide prior written consent.

If prior written consent is not mandated for a survey involving a protected topic (because the survey either is not required or is not funded in whole or part by the Department of Education), the parent or eligible student must be given an opportunity to opt out.

### B. THIRD PARTY SURVEYS

Parents and eligible students have the right, upon request, to inspect any survey created by a third party before the survey is administered or distributed to a student.

### C. COLLECTION OF STUDENT DATA FOR MARKETING PURPOSES

The school district generally will not collect, disclose or use personal student information for the purpose of marketing or selling the information or otherwise providing the information to others for that purpose. However, in the event the board approves a collection, disclosure, or use of personal student information for one of those purposes, the school system will (1) notify parents at the beginning of each school year of the specific or approximate dates of such collection, disclosure, or use, (2) allow parents to inspect any instrument used to collect the information before the instrument is administered or distributed to a student, and (3) offer the parent the opportunity to opt out of the collection, disclosure, or use of the student's personal information.

The preceding rules for the collection, disclosure, and use of personal student information do not apply if the school system collects, discloses, or uses personal information from students for the exclusive purpose of developing, evaluating, or providing educational products or services for or to students or educational institutions, such as the following:

4720

- 1. college or other postsecondary education recruitment or military recruitment;
- book clubs, magazines, and programs providing access to low-cost literary products;
- curriculum and instructional material used by elementary schools and secondary schools;
- 4. tests and assessments used by elementary schools and secondary schools to provide cognitive, evaluative, diagnostic, clinical, aptitude, or achievement information about students (or to generate other statistically useful data for the purpose of securing such tests and assessments) and the subsequent analysis and public release of the aggregate data from such tests and assessments;
- 5. the sale by students of products or services to raise funds for school-related or education-related activities; and
- 6. student recognition programs.

#### D. OTHER RELEVANT POLICIES

In addition to this policy, the board, with parental and community input, has developed other policies concerning surveys and related matters as required by the Protection of Pupil Rights Amendment. These policies include: 1310/4002, Parental Involvement; 3210, Parental Inspection of and Objection to Instructional Materials; 4700, Student Records; and 5240, Advertising in the Schools.

Legal References: Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. 1232g, 34 C.F.R. pt. 99; Protection of Pupil Rights Amendment, 20 U.S.C. 1232h; G.S. 115C-36

Cross References: Student and Parent Grievance Procedure (policy 1740/4010), Parental Involvement (policy 1310/4002), Parental Inspection of and Objection to Instructional Materials (policy 3210), Student Discipline Records (policy 4345), Student Records (policy 4700), Advertising in the Schools (policy 5240)

Adopted: June 8, 2006

Updated: November 13, 2014



# Preparing Students for <u>Their</u> Future

### ACS Board Of Education Meeting February 10, 2022 Dr. Aaron Woody

## **SUSPEND CERTAINTY**



Real dialogue is where two or more people become willing to suspend their certainty in each other's presence.

David Bohn -

AZQUOTES



## **SUSPEND CERTAINTY**

### • **BIASES**

• OPINIONS

• VOCABULARY



## **SUSPEND CERTAINTY...**

### • OUR TERMS

When words are not clearly defined, people make up their own definitions.



# **SUSPEND CERTAINTY** ...Continued

- Often we can only move as fast as READINESS and TRUST will let us go
- The CHALLENGE to this notion is the TIME is now...with a sense of URGENCY

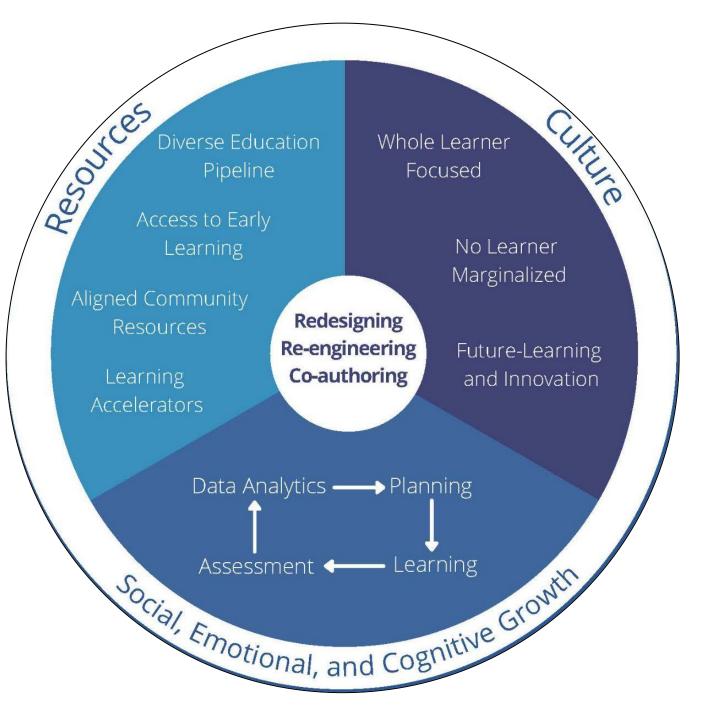


## **OUR CURRENT REALITY**











## Whole Learner Focused

# No Learner Marginalized



# A commitment to equity requires....

- Personalization
- Addressing our workforce design
- Focus on performance/growth rather than time







## Whole Learner Focused

## No Learner Marginalized



**Future Learning** 

# **Support and Guidance**

- Address Existing and Emerging Challenges
  - Stabilize the district from students to schools
- Build on what is working
- Where do WE want to be in 2026?



Asheboro CITY SCHOOLS

Most administrators and teachers do not have the luxury of being future focused because they have more pressing issues to address.

## **Kids are Different Now**

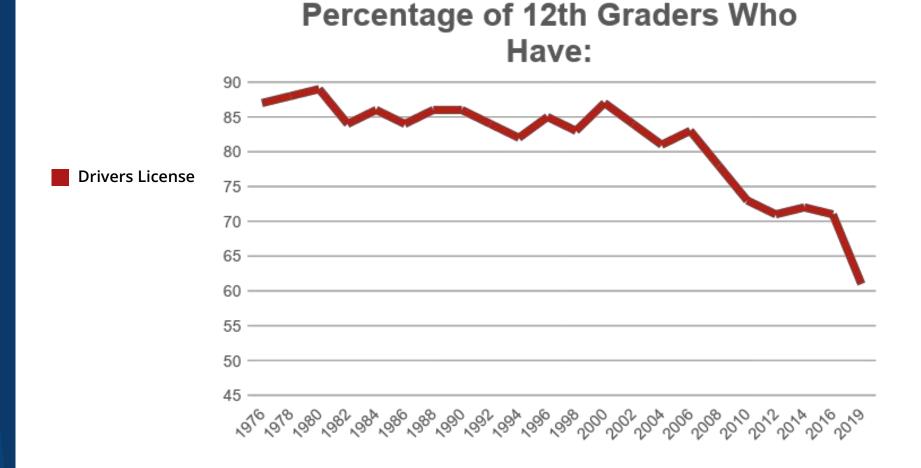




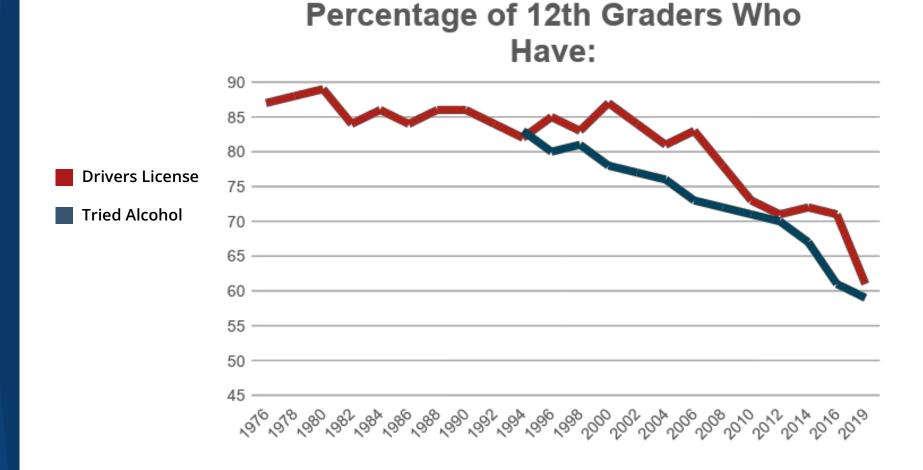




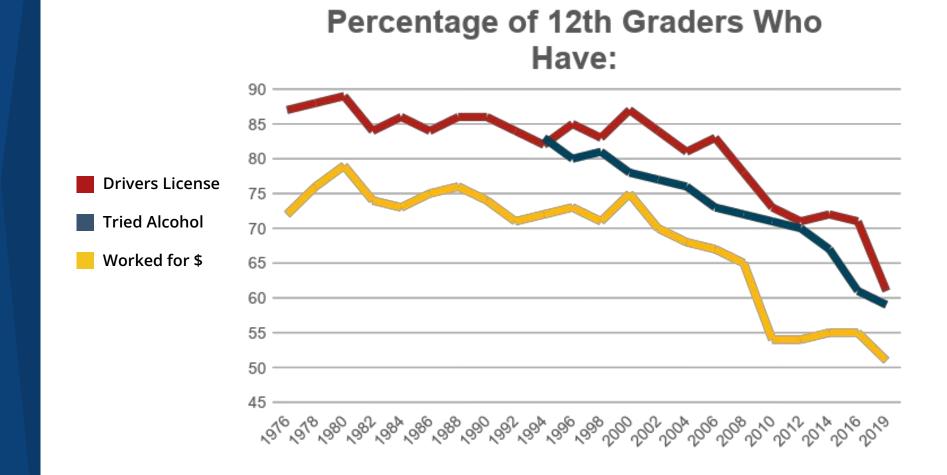




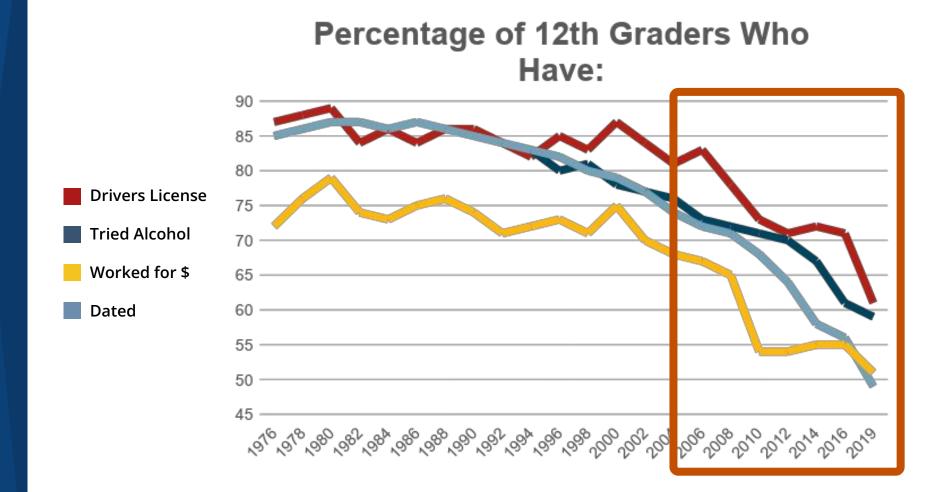














### **Kids Are Different Now**



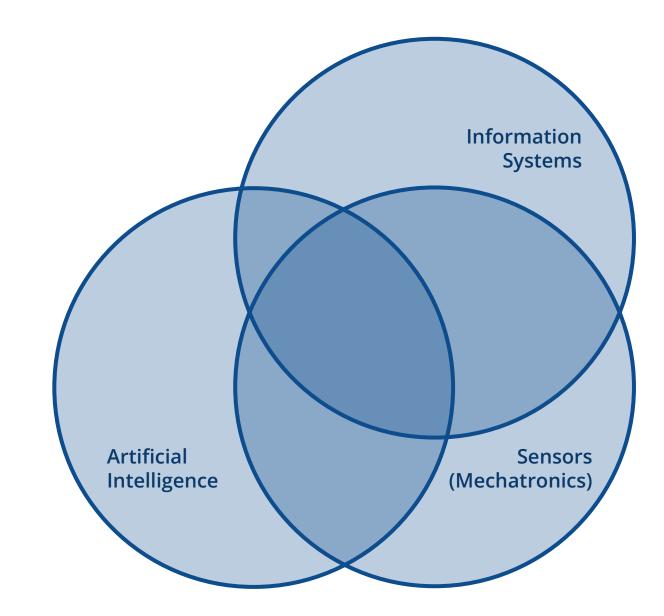


### Workplace, Home, and Society





### **Fundamental Transformation**



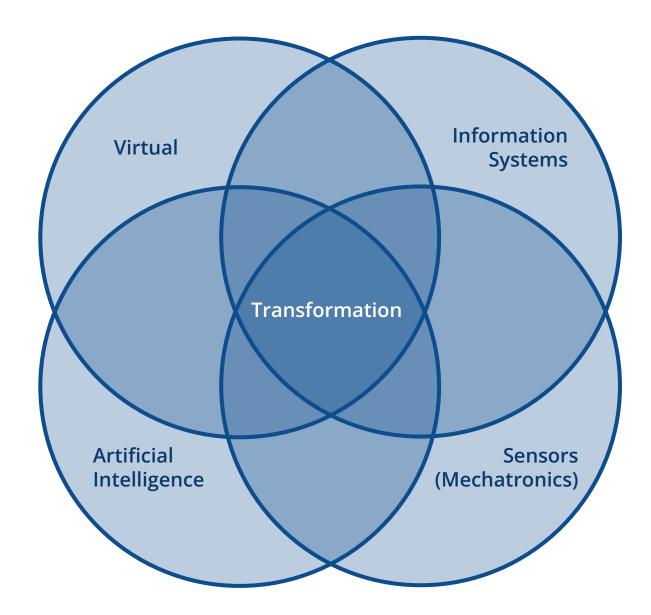


# Systems Know

- What you watch
- Websites you visit
- What you Google
- Where you go
- What you buy
- Who you communicate with
- Key words you use
- Your medical status



### **Fundamental Transformation**





### Retail



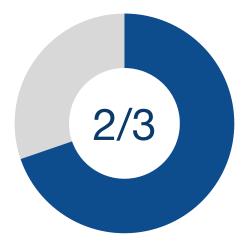








# **Finance/Banking**



### of the 7 billion shares traded daily are done via algorithms

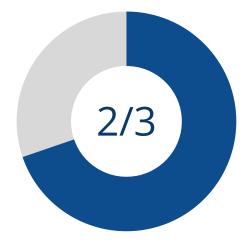






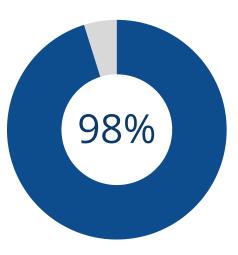
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EIVTf-C6oQo&t=133s

# **Finance/Banking**



### of the 7 billion shares traded daily are done via algorithms

### *By 2023 it will be at least*





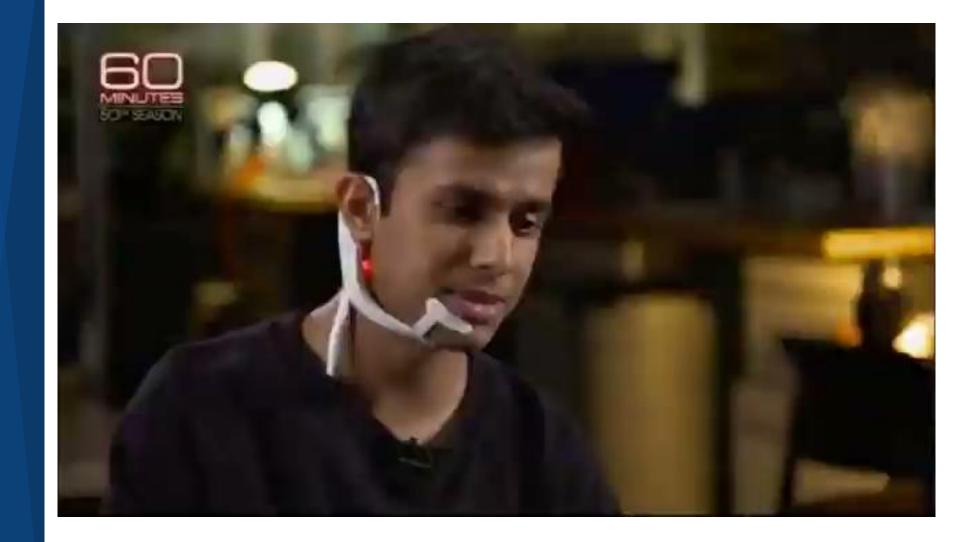
## **Medical Profession**

### Shift in Physician's Role:









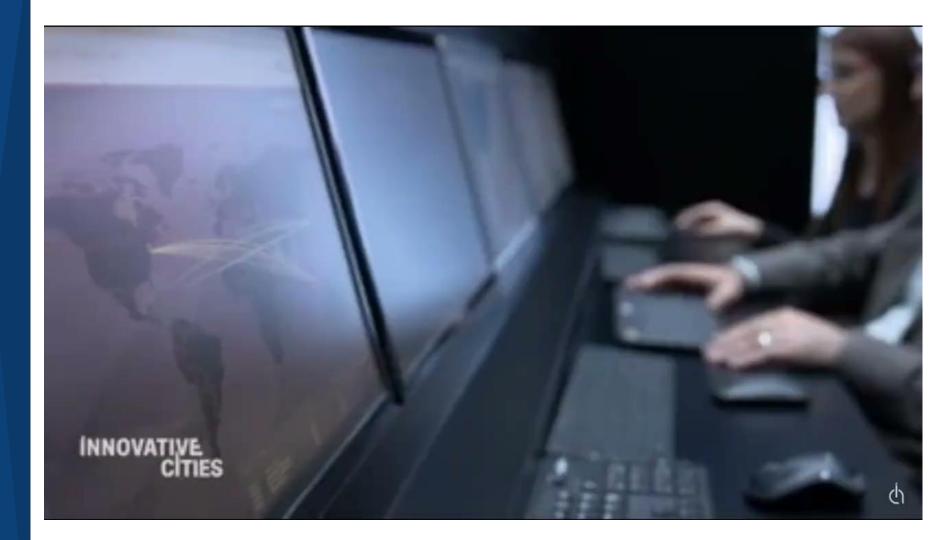


Students think and learn in different ways.

Our priority is to bridge this gap, so that all students have the opportunity to be seen, heard, valued, and given a high-quality education. Students are influenced by their families, friends, and society.











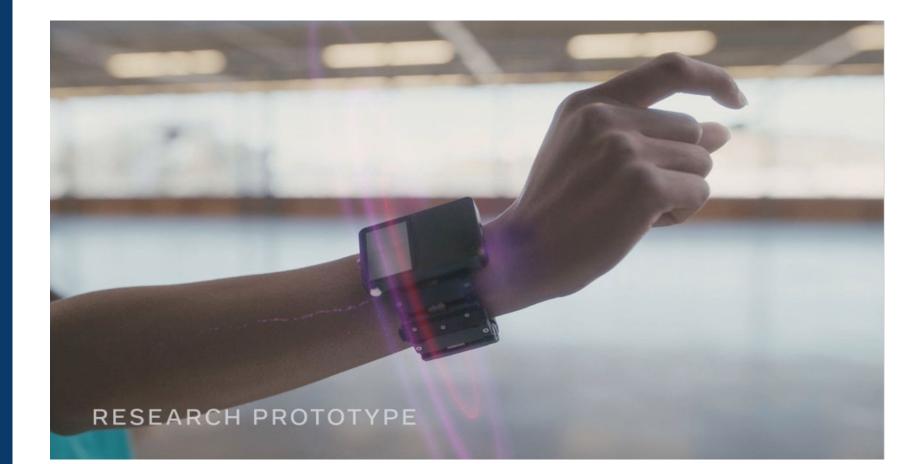
### STUDY LOTS OF EXAMPLES 0001



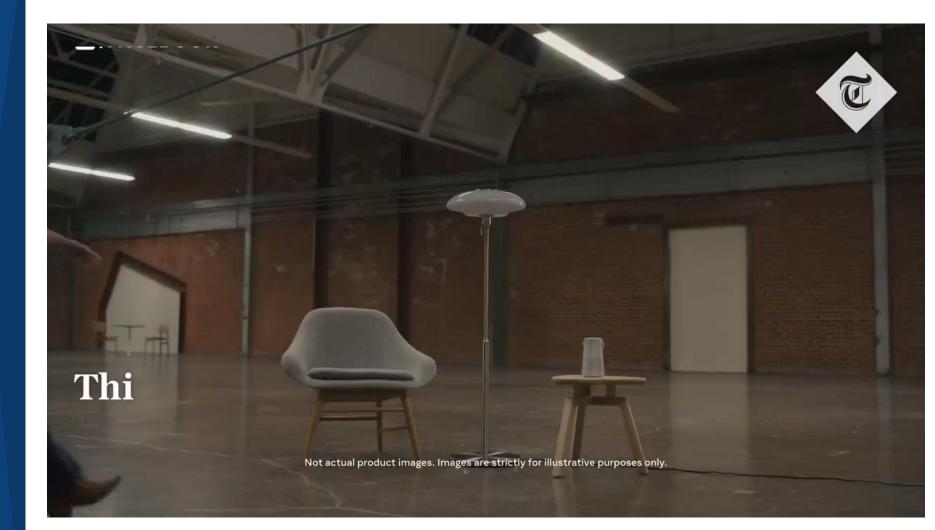














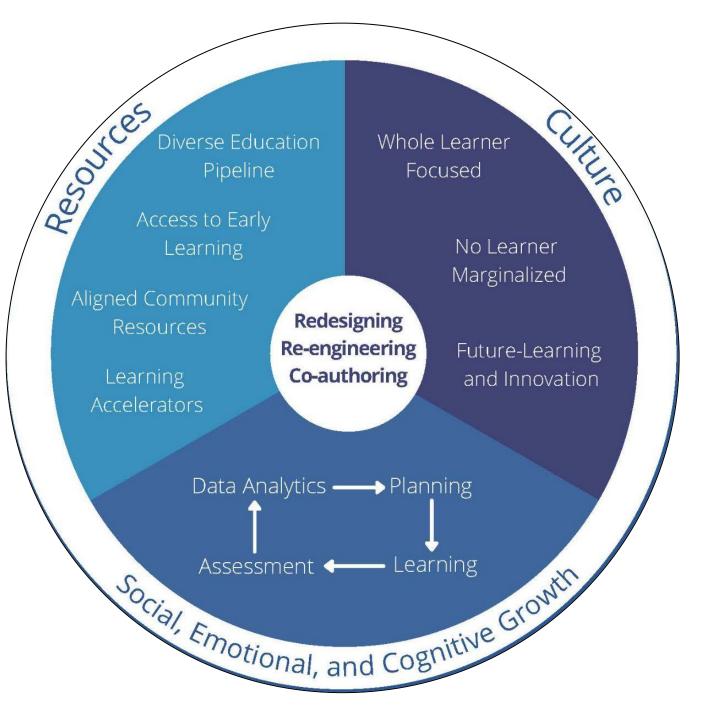




## **Brain Computer Interface and Artificial Intelligence**







## **Students Need:**

- Knowledge
- Skills
- Attributes



Physical and manual skills

SOURCE: McKinsey & Company, The future of work after COVID-19 (February 18, 2021, Report) <u>https://www.mckinsey.com/featured-in</u> <u>sights/future-of-work/the-future-of-wor</u> <u>k-after-covid-19</u>

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CITY SCHO

#### Lowest wage quintile

32

50

Highest wage quintile

12

18

50

Basic cognitive skills

Physical and manual skills

**SOURCE:** McKinsey & Company, The future of work after COVID-19 (February 18, 2021, Report) <u>https://www.mckinsey.com/featured-in</u> <u>sights/future-of-work/the-future-of-wor</u> k-after-covid-19

#### Lowest wage quintile

20

32

12

36

Highest wage quintile

6

9



13

18

50

19

20

32

24

12

36

Higher cognitive skills

Basic cognitive skills

Physical and manual skills

**SOURCE:** McKinsey & Company, The future of work after COVID-19 (February 18, 2021, Report) <u>https://www.mckinsey.com/featured-in</u> <u>sights/future-of-work/the-future-of-wor</u> k-after-covid-19

#### Lowest wage quintile

Highest wage quintile

25

6



Highest wage au

32

9

15

13

18

Social and emotional skills

**Higher cognitive skills** 

**Basic cognitive skills** 

Physical and manual skills

**SOURCE:** McKinsey & Company, The future of work after COVID-19 (February 18, 2021, Report) https://www.mckinsey.com/featured-in sights/future-of-work/the-future-of-wor k-after-covid-19

### 20 12 32 50 25 36 9 32 12

17

24

32

16

19

*Lowest wage quintile* 

*Highest wage quintile* 

39



**Technological skills** Social and emotional skills

**Higher cognitive skills** 

**Basic cognitive skills** 

Physical and manual skills

**SOURCE:** McKinsey & Company, The future of work after COVID-19 (February 18, 2021, Report) https://www.mckinsey.com/featured-in sights/future-of-work/the-future-of-wor k-after-covid-19

#### *Lowest wage quintile*



*Highest wage quintile* 

There are 56 foundational skills that will help citizens thrive in future workplaces.

56 DELTAS across 13 skill groups and four categories

**SOURCE:** Marco Dondi, Julia Klier, Frederic Panier, and Jorg Schubert; Defining the skills citizens will need in the future world of work; McKinsey

Cognitive		Interpersonal	
Critical thinking Structured problem solving Logical reasoning Understanding biases Seeking relevant information	<ul> <li>Planning and ways of working</li> <li>Work-plan development</li> <li>Time management and prioritization</li> <li>Agile thinking</li> </ul>	Mobilizing systems <ul> <li>Role modeling</li> <li>Win—win negotiations</li> <li>Crafting an inspiring vision</li> <li>Organizational awareness</li> </ul>	Developing relationships • Empathy • Inspiring trust • Humility • Sociability
Communication <ul> <li>Storytelling and public speaking</li> <li>Asking the right questions</li> <li>Synthesizing messages</li> <li>Active listening</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mental flexibility</li> <li>Creativity and imagination</li> <li>Translating knowledge to different contexts</li> <li>Adopting a different perspective</li> <li>Adaptability</li> <li>Ability to learn</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Teamwork effectiveness</li> <li>Fostering inclusiveness</li> <li>Motivating different personalities</li> <li>Resolving conflicts</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Collaboration</li> <li>Coaching</li> <li>Empowering</li> </ul>

Self-leadership	Digital	
Self-awareness and self-management	Digital fluency and citizenship	
<ul> <li>Understanding own emotions</li> <li>Integrity</li> <li>and triggers</li> <li>Self-motivation and</li> <li>wellness</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Digital literacy</li> <li>Digital collaboration</li> <li>Digital learning</li> <li>Digital ethics</li> </ul>	
Understanding own strengths     Self-confidence		
Entrepreneurship	Software use and development	
<ul> <li>Courage and risk-taking</li> <li>Driving change and innovation</li> <li>Breaking orthodoxies</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Programming literacy</li> <li>Data analysis and statistics</li> <li>Computational and algorithmic thinking</li> </ul>	
Goals achievement	Understanding digital systems	
Ownership and decisiveness     Grit and persistence     Achievement orientation     Coping with uncertainty     Self-development	Data literacy     Cybersecurity literacy     Smart systems     Tech translation and     enablement	



& Company, June 2021









### Kids are Different Now







### How do SCHOOLS Bridge the Gap?

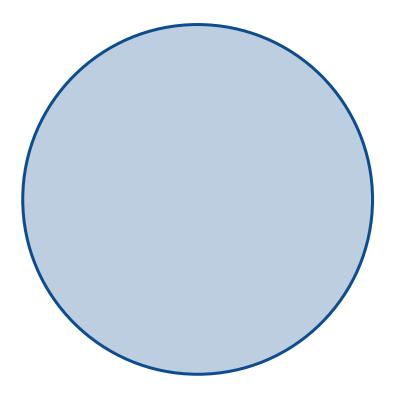


Workplace, Home, and Society



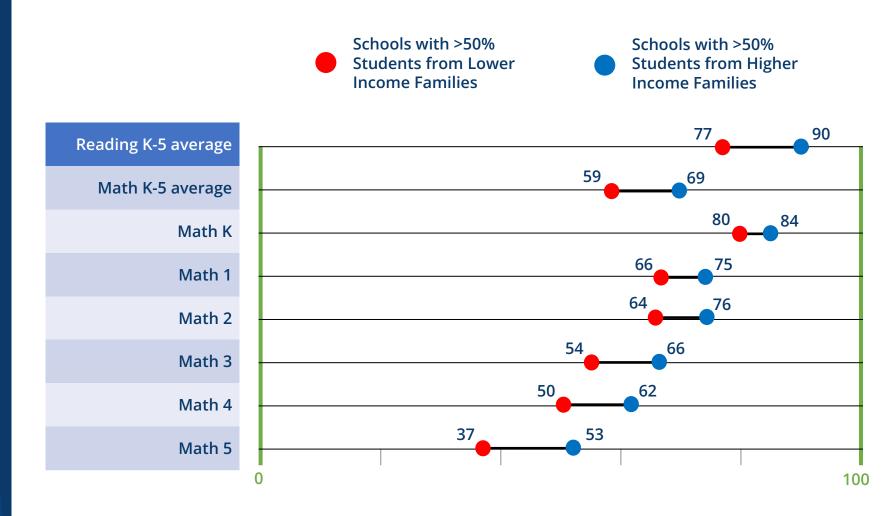


### **Basic Cognitive**





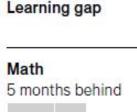
## **Academic Achievement**





**SOURCE:** McKinsey & Company, COVID-19 and learning loss—disparities grow, and students need help (Dec. 8, 2020) https://www.mckinsey.com/industries/public-and-social-sector/our-insights/covid-19-and-learning-loss-disparities-grow-and-students-need-help

Cumulative months of unfinished learning due to the pandemic by type of school, grades 1 through 6

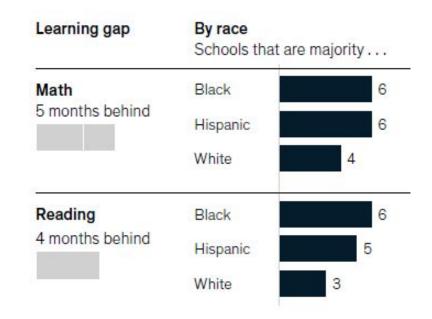


Reading 4 months behind



**SOURCE:** COVID-19 and education: The lingering effects of unfinished learning (July 27, 2021) – Exhibit 1. Primary source: Curriculum Associates i-Ready assessment data

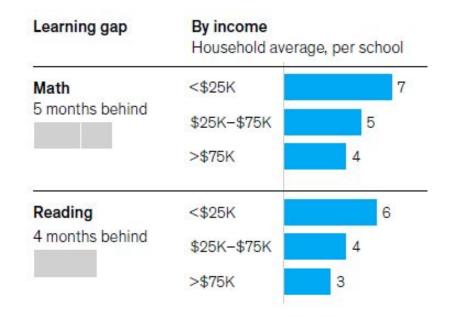
Cumulative months of unfinished learning due to the pandemic by type of school, grades 1 through 6



Asheboro City SCHOOLS

**SOURCE:** COVID-19 and education: The lingering effects of unfinished learning (July 27, 2021) – Exhibit 1. Primary source: Curriculum Associates i-Ready assessment data

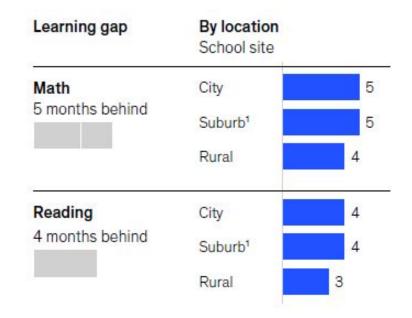
Cumulative months of unfinished learning due to the pandemic by type of school, grades 1 through 6



Asheboro C CITY SCHOOLS

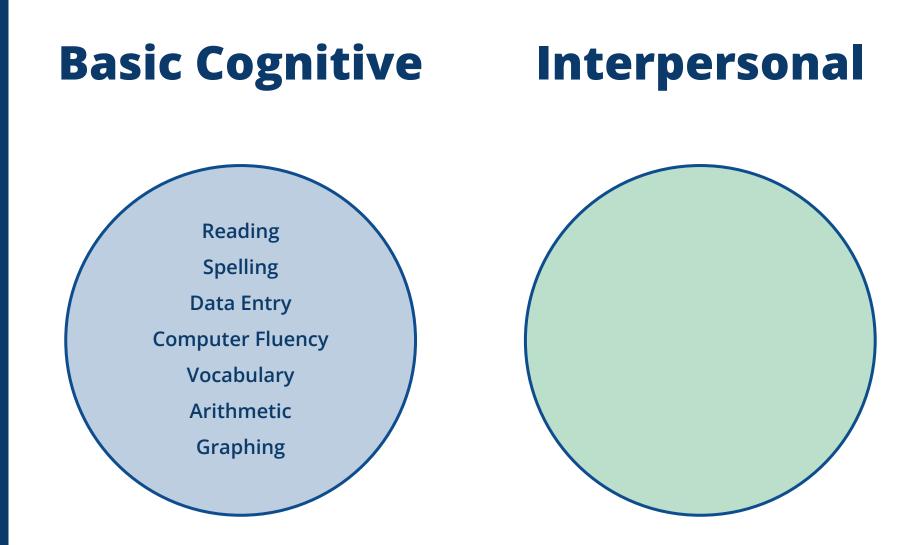
SOURCE: COVID-19 and education: The lingering effects of unfinished learning (July 27, 2021) – Exhibit 1. Primary source: Curriculum Associates i-Ready assessment data

Cumulative months of unfinished learning due to the pandemic by type of school, grades 1 through 6





**SOURCE:** COVID-19 and education: The lingering effects of unfinished learning (July 27, 2021) – Exhibit 1. Primary source: Curriculum Associates i-Ready assessment data





## **SEL vs. Interpersonal Skills**



There are 56 foundational skills that will help citizens thrive in future workplaces.

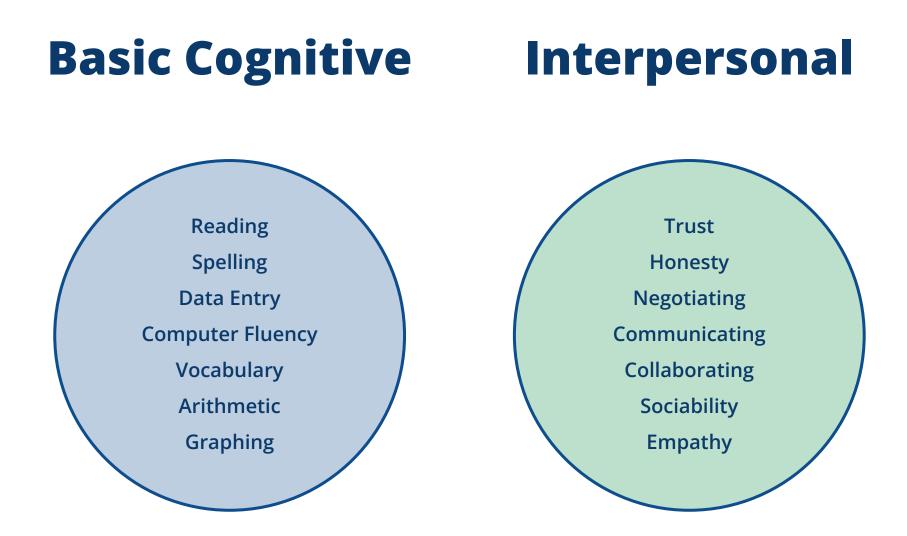
56 DELTAS across 13 skill groups and four categories

**SOURCE:** Marco Dondi, Julia Klier, Frederic Panier, and Jorg Schubert; Defining the skills citizens will need in the future world of work; McKinsey & Company, June 2021

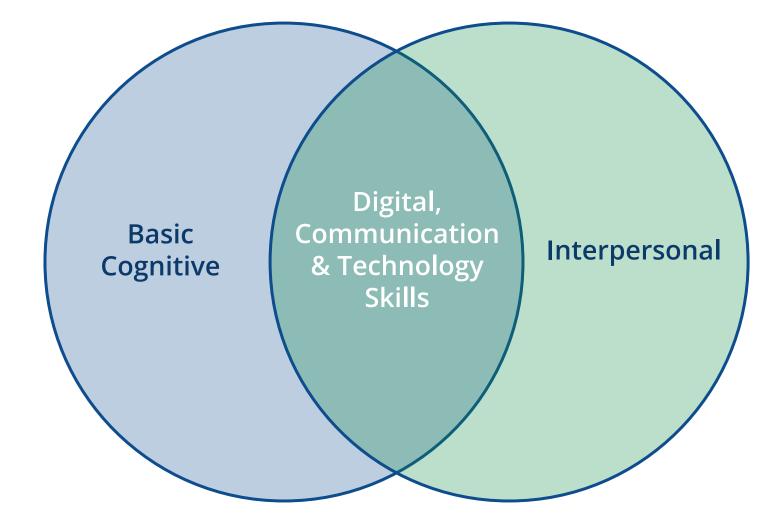
Cognitive		Interpersonal	
Critical thinking Structured problem solving Logical reasoning Understanding biases Seeking relevant information	<ul> <li>Planning and ways of working</li> <li>Work-plan development</li> <li>Time management and prioritization</li> <li>Agile thinking</li> </ul>	Mobilizing systems <ul> <li>Role modeling</li> <li>Win—win negotiations</li> <li>Crafting an inspiring vision</li> <li>Organizational awareness</li> </ul>	Developing relationships • Empathy • Inspiring trust • Humility • Sociability
<ul> <li>Communication</li> <li>Storytelling and public speaking</li> <li>Asking the right questions</li> <li>Synthesizing messages</li> <li>Active listening</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mental flexibility</li> <li>Creativity and imagination</li> <li>Translating knowledge to different contexts</li> <li>Adopting a different perspective</li> <li>Adaptability</li> <li>Ability to learn</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Teamwork effectiveness</li> <li>Fostering inclusiveness</li> <li>Motivating different personalities</li> <li>Resolving conflicts</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Collaboration</li> <li>Coaching</li> <li>Empowering</li> </ul>

Self-leadership Self-awareness and self-management		Digital Digital fluency and citizenship	
<ul> <li>Understanding own strengths</li> <li>Self-confidence</li> <li>Entrepreneurship</li> <li>Courage and risk-taking</li> <li>Driving change and innovation</li> <li>Breaking orthodoxies</li> </ul>		Software use and development         Programming literacy         Data analysis and statistics    Computational and algorithmic thinking	
Achievement orientation	<ul> <li>Grit and persistence</li> <li>Coping with uncertainty</li> <li>Self-development</li> </ul>	Understanding digital system Data literacy Smart systems	s <ul> <li>Cybersecurity literacy</li> <li>Tech translation and enablement</li> </ul>











There are 56 foundational skills that will help citizens thrive in future workplaces.

56 DELTAS across 13 skill groups and four categories

**SOURCE:** Marco Dondi, Julia Klier, Frederic Panier, and Jorg Schubert; Defining the skills citizens will need in the future world of work; McKinsey & Company, June 2021

Cognitive		Interpersonal	
Critical thinking Structured problem solving Logical reasoning Understanding biases Seeking relevant information	<ul> <li>Planning and ways of working</li> <li>Work-plan development</li> <li>Time management and prioritization</li> <li>Agile thinking</li> </ul>	Mobilizing systems Role modeling Win—win negotiations Crafting an inspiring vision Organizational awareness	Developing relationships • Empathy • Inspiring trust • Humility • Sociability
Communication <ul> <li>Storytelling and public speaking</li> <li>Asking the right questions</li> <li>Synthesizing messages</li> <li>Active listening</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mental flexibility</li> <li>Creativity and imagination</li> <li>Translating knowledge to different contexts</li> <li>Adopting a different perspective</li> <li>Adaptability</li> <li>Ability to learn</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Teamwork effectiveness</li> <li>Fostering inclusiveness</li> <li>Motivating different personalities</li> <li>Resolving conflicts</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Collaboration</li> <li>Coaching</li> <li>Empowering</li> </ul>

Self-leadership Self-awareness and self-management		Digital Digital fluency and citizenship	
Entrepreneurship  Courage and risk-taking  Driving change and innovation	<ul> <li>Energy, passion, and optimism</li> <li>Breaking orthodoxies</li> </ul>	Software use and development Programming literacy Data analysis and statistics	<ul> <li>Computational and algorithmic thinking</li> </ul>
Achievement orientation	<ul> <li>Grit and persistence</li> <li>Coping with uncertainty</li> <li>Self-development</li> </ul>	Understanding digital systems <ul> <li>Data literacy</li> <li>Smart systems</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Cybersecurity literac</li> <li>Tech translation and enablement</li> </ul>

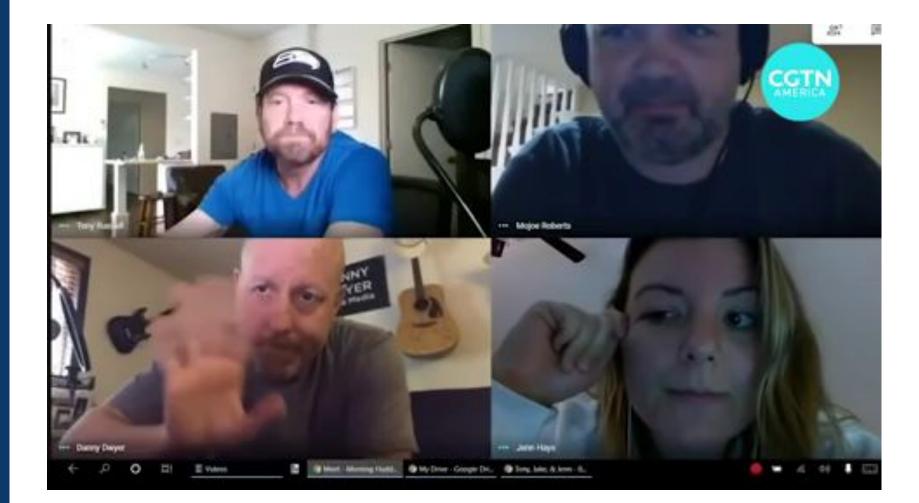


# Digital, Communication & Technology Skills

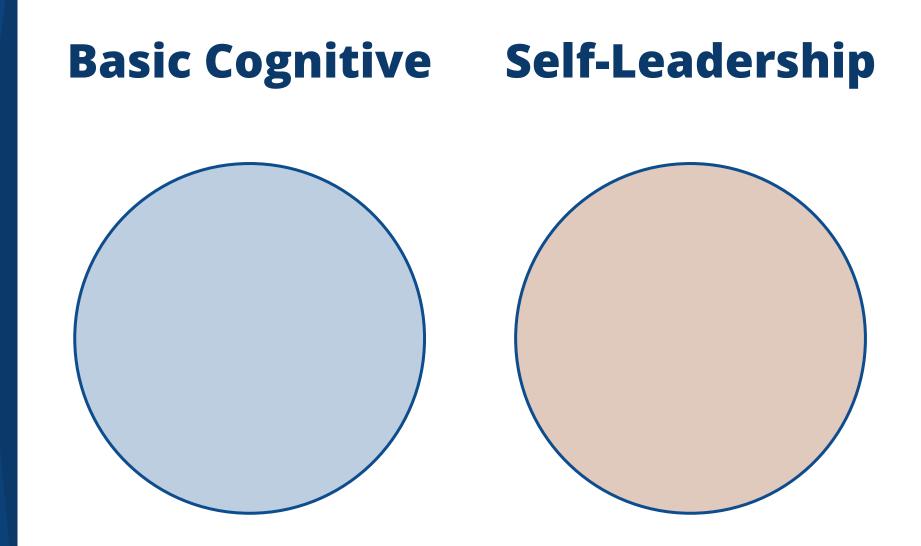
Basic Cognitive Digital Ethics Digital Literacy Digital Collaboration Virtual Communication Tech Translation Smart Devices Cybersecurity

Interpersonal











There are 56 foundational skills that will help citizens thrive in future workplaces.

56 DELTAS across 13 skill groups and four categories

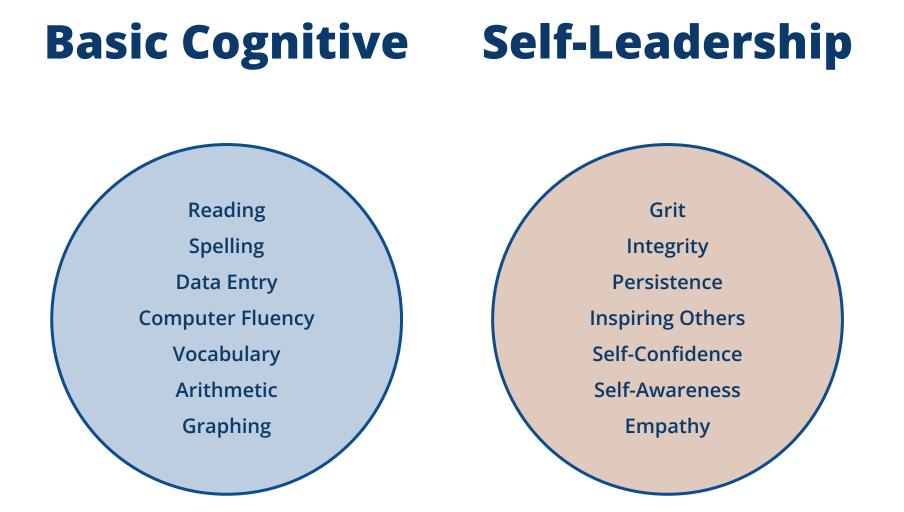
SOURCE: Marco Dondi, Julia Klier, Frederic Panier, and Jorg Schubert; Defining the skills citizens will need in the future world of work; McKinsey & Company, June 2021

Entrepreneurship

Cognitive		Interpersonal	
Critical thinking Structured problem solving Logical reasoning Understanding biases Seeking relevant information Communication Storytelling and public speaking Asking the right questions Synthesizing messages Active listening	<ul> <li>Planning and ways of working</li> <li>Work-plan development</li> <li>Time management and prioritization</li> <li>Agile thinking</li> <li>Mental flexibility</li> <li>Creativity and imagination</li> <li>Translating knowledge to different contexts</li> <li>Adopting a different perspective</li> <li>Adaptability</li> <li>Ability to learn</li> </ul>	Motivating different     personalities	Developing relationships • Empathy • Inspiring trust • Humility • Sociability • Collaboration • Coaching • Empowering
Self-leadership		Digital Digital fluency and citizenship	p (
Understanding own emotions     Integrity     and triggers     Self-motivation and     wellness		<ul> <li>Digital literacy</li> <li>Digital learning</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Digital collaboration</li> <li>Digital ethics</li> </ul>

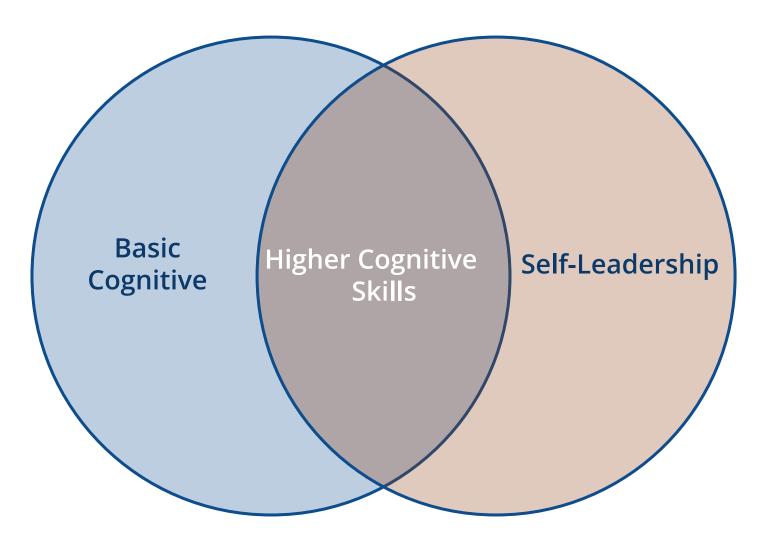
 Understanding own strengths
 Self-confidence Software use and development Courage and risk-taking Energy, passion, Computational and Programming literacy and optimism algorithmic thinking Driving change and innovation Data analysis and statistics Breaking orthodoxies **Goals** achievement Understanding digital systems Ownership and decisiveness Grit and persistence Data literacy Cybersecurity literacy • Coping with uncertainty Achievement orientation Smart systems Tech translation and Self-development enablement











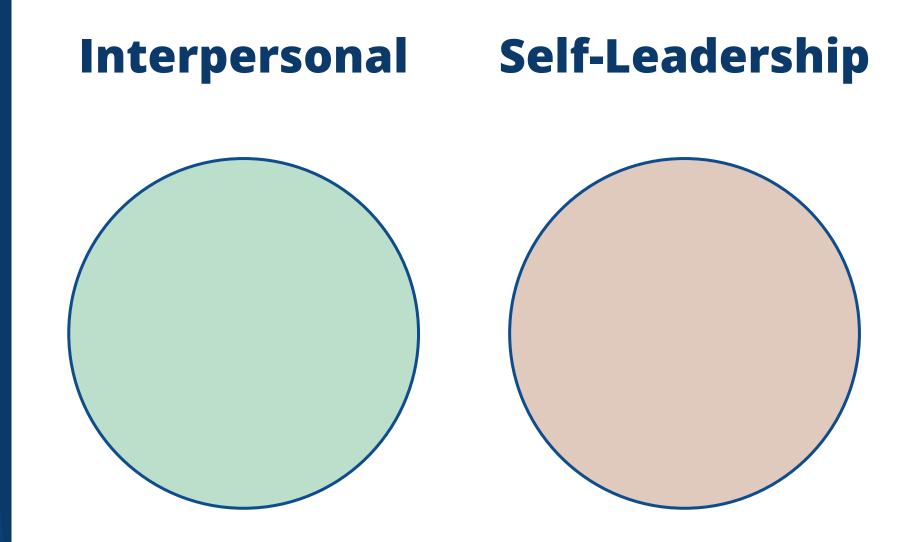
# **Higher Cognitive Skills**



Reasoning Organizing Time Management Synthesizing Messages Agile Thinking Adaptability Creativity

### Self-Leadership







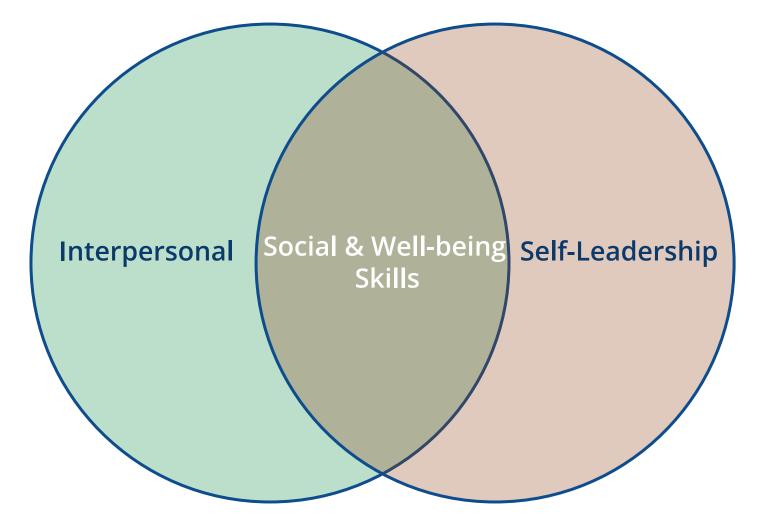


## **Self-Leadership**

Trust Honesty Negotiating Communicating Collaborating Sociability Empathy

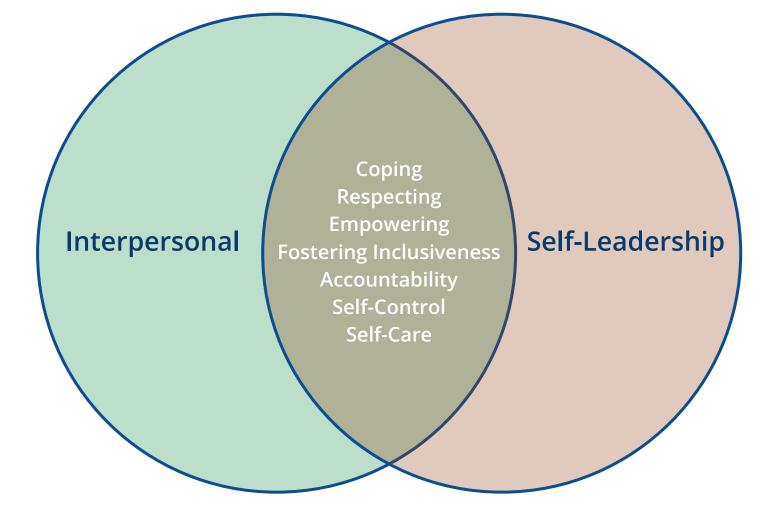
Grit Integrity Persistence Inspiring Others Self-Confidence Self-Awareness Empathy





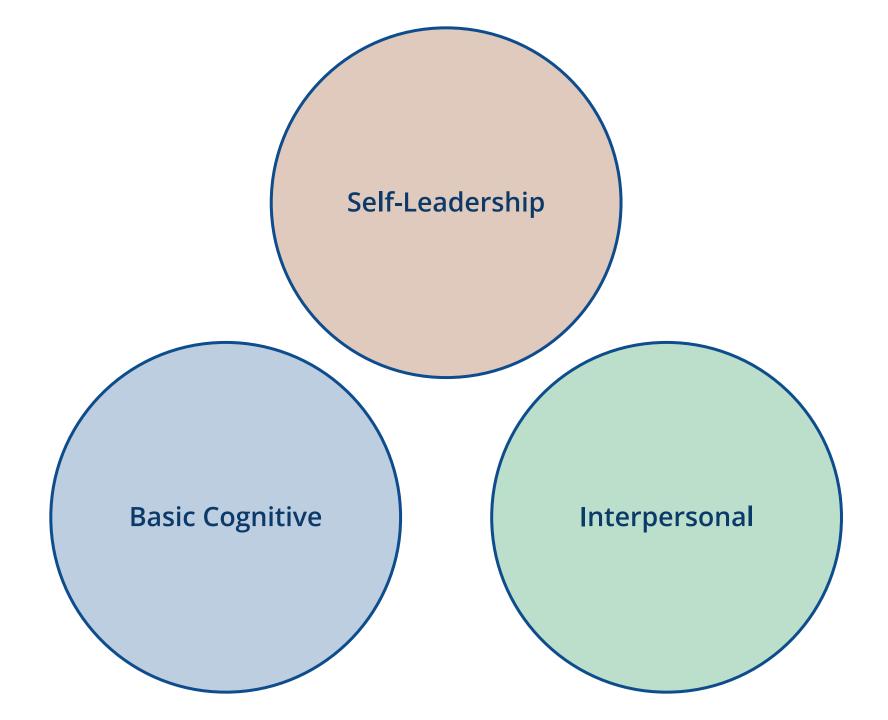


## **Social & Wellbeing Skills**

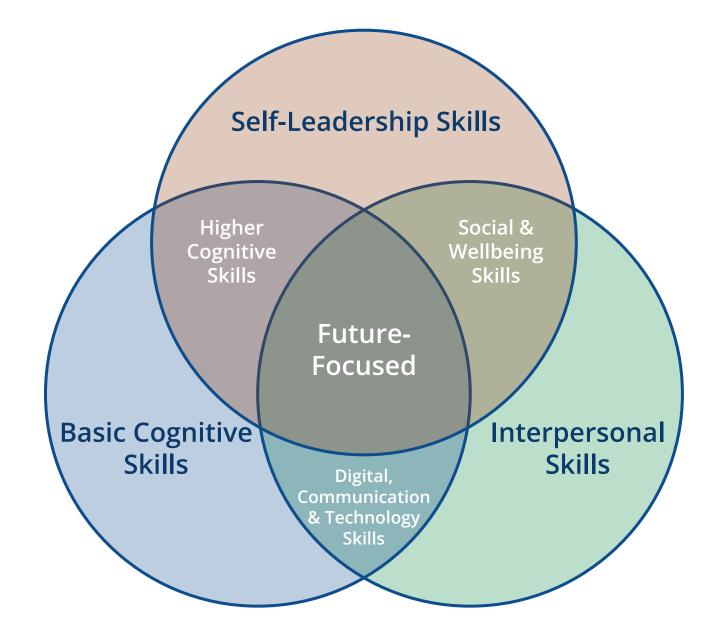






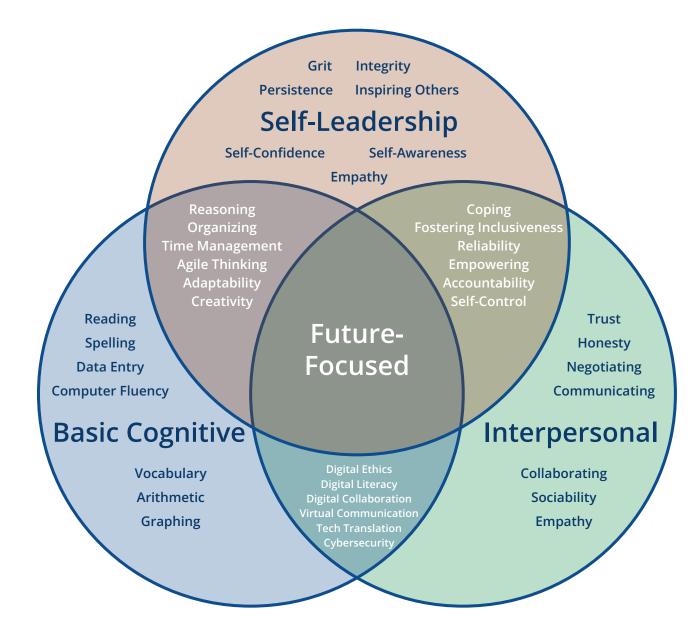


### **Future-Focused Success Framework**



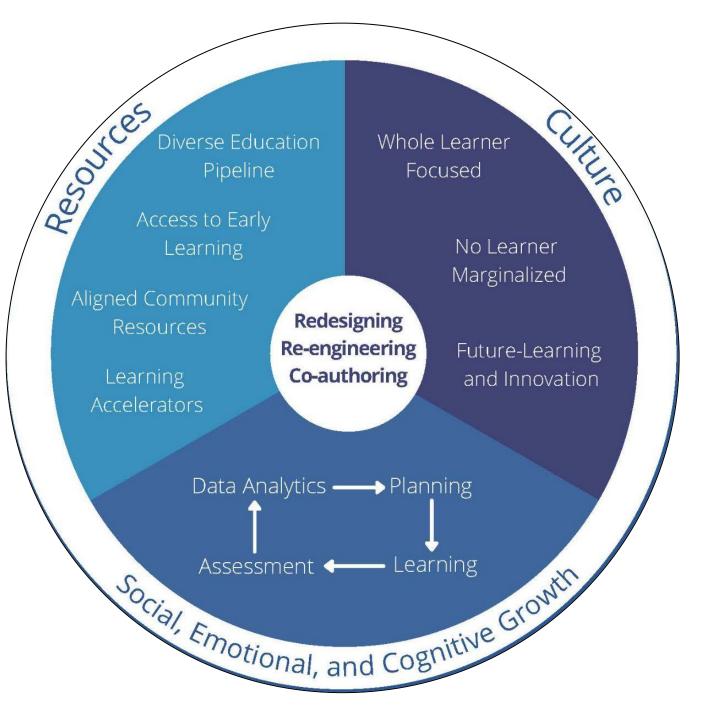


### **Future-Focused Success Framework**



Asheboro CITY SCHOOLS A learning community of excellence





# Addressing Needed Changes

- Creating a Culture
- Implications for Instruction
- How to Assess Student Performance
- Providing Support to Staff and Families



## **THE "WHY" -**Lighting the Path for the Rest of Us

- If we don't adapt and put all learners first the private sector will gain the edge!
- Others won't do it with an equity approach kids will be left behind.
- Cognitive approach (by itself) won't be enough - it can't just be about the market must be about relationships with neighbors, spouses, other humans.



## Next Steps -

- Review ACS Data to inform our action steps
- Discuss our tentative year 1 action steps
- Discuss how we will continue to meet the needs of our students and maximize opportunities (here in ACS) for all learners
- Approach how we target our fiscal resources to meet these needs
- Be clear in our communication and bold in our expectations.
- Engage our stakeholders, internal and external, as we implement, communicate, and promote this plan.

# **Questions:**

## Asheboro CITY SCHOOLS A learning community of excellence!

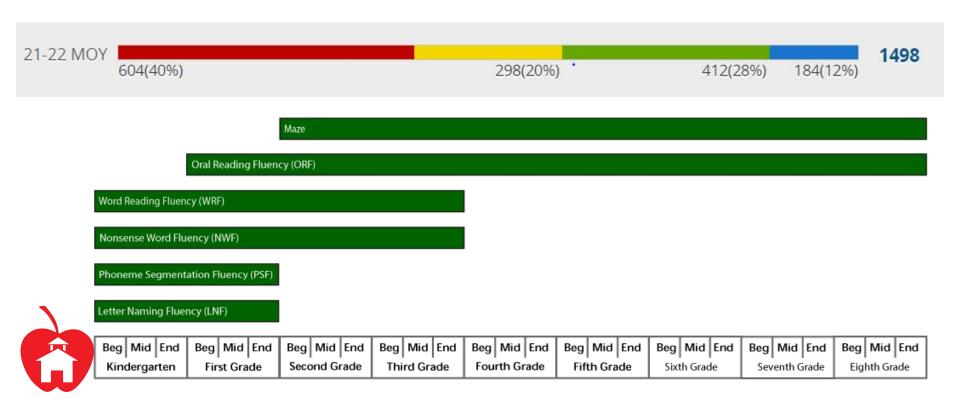
Ms. Deanna Wiles February 10, 2022



## **DIBELS** Data



### **MOY Data- DIBELS Composite**

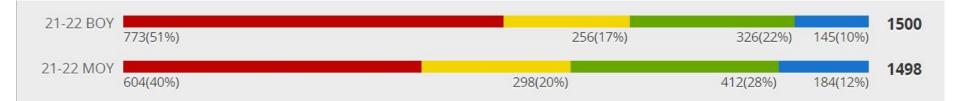


### **MOY Data- DIBELS Subtests**

À

Letter Names (LNF)	21-22 MOY	303(43%)		75(11%)	307(4	4%) 14(2%)	699
Phonemic Awareness (PSF)	21-22 MOY	267(39%)		140(20%)	198(28%) 14(2%)	80(11%)	699
Letter Sounds (NWF- CLS)	21-22 MOY	601(39%)		280(19%)	398(27%) 25(2%)	194(13%)	1498
Decoding (NWF-WRC)	21-22 MOY	638(43%)		240(16%)	426(28%) 25(2%)	169(11%)	1498
Word Reading (WRF)	21-22 MOY	<b>/</b> 10(1%)	579(37%)	267(18%)	427(29%) 24(2%)	191(13%)	<mark>1498</mark>
Reading Accuracy (ORF-Accu)	21-22 MOY	368(32%)	19	92(17%)		583(51%)	1143
Reading Fluency (ORF)	21-22 MOY	523(46%)		203(18%)	287(25%)	130(11%)	1143
Reading Comprehension (Maze)	21-22 MOY	443(56%)		94(12	2%) 195(249	%) 67(8%)	799

### **DIBELS Growth from BOY**









### iReady Growth from BOY- Reading

#### **Overall Placement**

Students Assessed/Total: 2,973/3,159



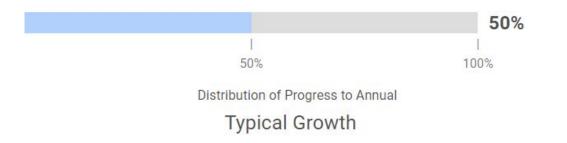
Overall Placement

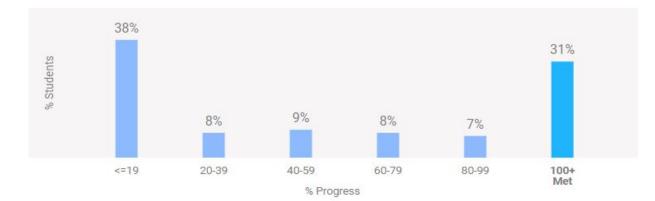
Students Assessed/Total: 3,025/3,159



### iReady Growth from BOY- Reading

Progress to Annual Typical Growth (Median)

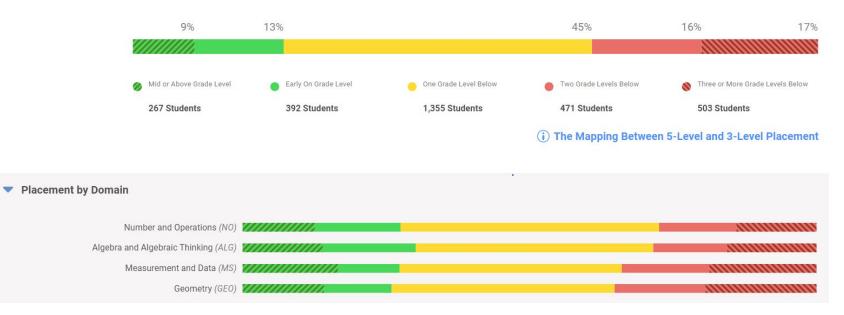




### iReady MOY Data- Math

#### **Overall Placement**

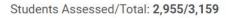
Students Assessed/Total: 2,988/3,159

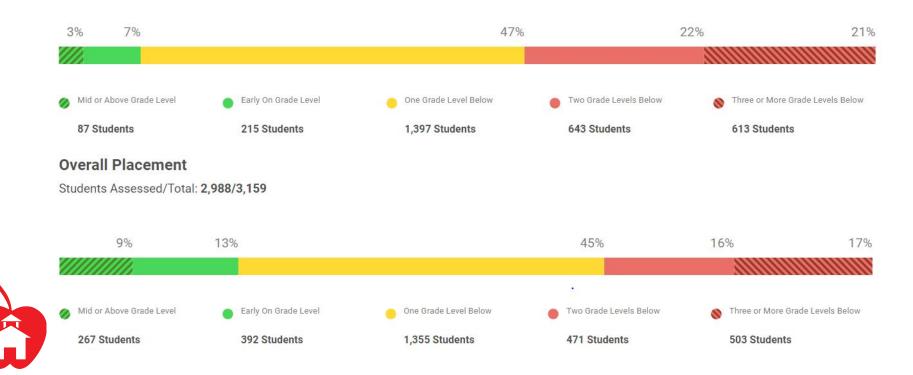




### iReady Growth from BOY- Math

#### **Overall Placement**





### **Next Steps**

- Adjusting CASA conversations to match the needs of the grade and school
- Using newly created Intervention matrices to address needs during intervention blocks
- Starting after school tutoring and peer tutoring
- Hiring additional interventionists and targeting the work of the existing interventionists
- Being creative with the schedule- using time before and after the bell that students are on campus, scheduling intervention across multiple grades for better groupings



#### UPDATED Asheboro City Schools Calendar 2022-2023 UPDATED

July					20	22		
S	М	Т	w	Т	F	S		
					1	2		
3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
10	11	12	13	14	15	16		
17	18	19	20	21	22	23		
24	25	26	27	28	29	30		
31								
Augu	ıst				20	22		
S	М	Т	w	Т	F	S		
	1	2	3	4	5	6		
7	8	9	10	11	12	13		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20		
21	22	23	24	25	26	27		
28	29	30	31					
Cont	ombor				20	22		
Sept	ember M	т	w	т	 F	<u>s</u>		
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4	Holiday
	August
18-25	Required Teacher Workday
26	Optional Teacher Workday
29	First Day for Students
	<u>September</u>
5	Holiday
14	PD Early Release
	<u>October</u>
12	PD Early Release
31	End of 1st Quarter
	November
1	Required Workday
11	Holiday
23	Optional Teacher Workday
24-25	Holiday
	December
20	Early Release Day
21-22	Vacation/Annual Leave
23-27	Holiday
28-30	Vacation/Annual Leave
	January
2	Holiday
16	Holiday
20	End of Semester/Quarter 2
23-24	Required Teacher Workday
	February
20	Required Teacher Workday
	March
15	PD Early Release
29	End of Quarter 3
	<u>April</u>
6	Required Workday
7	Holiday
10-14	Vacation/Annual Leave
	May
10	PD Early Release
29	Holiday
	<u>June</u>
9	Last School Day/Early Release
12-13	Required Teacher Workday
14	Optional Teacher Workday
	Holidays
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	Required Teacher Workdays
	Vacation/Annual Leave

Early Release

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## Asheboro CITY SCHOOLS A learning community of excellence!

### 2022-2023 Calendar Update Drew Maerz February 10, 2022



### Session Law 2021-8

Known as the "Excellent Public Schools Act of 2021"

Includes:

- Definition of the Science of Reading
- Overview of the Early Literacy Program
- Reading proficiency, grounded in the Science of Reading (G.S. 115C-83.3)
- Align Literacy Curriculum and Instruction with Read to Achieve
- Expands Literacy Interventions and Individual Reading Plans
- Facilitates early grade level reading proficiency
- Updates Reading Camp expectations
- Explains the Digital Children's Reading Initiative



"Science of Reading" means evidence-based reading instruction practices that address the acquisition of language, phonological and phonemic awareness, phonics and spelling, fluency, vocabulary, oral language, and comprehension that can be differentiated to meet the needs of individual students.



### **Professional Development Requirements**

SECTION 3.(c) requires that educators working with children in the NC Pre-K program and educators working with K-5 students participate in the Language Essentials for Teachers of Reading and Spelling training program contracted for as required by S.L. 2021-3. Completion of this training program satisfies the literacy continuing education credits for elementary school teachers.



Professional Development for Teachers and School Coaches

All NC Pre-K and K-5 teachers will participate in the NCDPI-sponsored Language Essentials for Teachers of Reading and Spelling (LETRS) professional development sessions. LETRS provides educators with a core understanding of language structure and helps them gain in- depth instructional information to complement their teaching practices. Rather than replacing the core basal reading program, LETRS brings deeper knowledge of reading instruction by addressing each component—phoneme awareness; phonics, decoding, spelling, and word study; oral language development; vocabulary; reading fluency; comprehension; and writing.



### **LETRS Responsibilities**

K-5 Professional Learning

- Complete 2 units per semester over 2 years
  - Each unit consists of 4 modules equaling over 75 hours of PD per year
- Attend all Professional Learning sessions
- Complete all online Professional Learning assignments, including Bridge to Practice case studies
- Pass each unit with the goal of 80% Mastery, anything below 80% receives a Certificate of Completion



### 2022-2023 Calendar Changes

To permit LETRS Training:

- Add workday on November 1, 2022
- Add a workday on April 6, 2023

Will remove two instructional days, resulting in 1068 instructional hours. We must have 1025 instructional hours,

thus we would have 31 banked hours or 5 days.



## Questions?



#### Budget Amendment Asheboro City Schools Administrative Unit Capital Outlay Fund

The Asheboro City Board of Education at a regular meeting on the 10th day of February, 2022 passed the following resolution.

Be it resolved that the following amendment be made to the budget resolution for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

<u>REVENUE</u> 4.4810.900	County Financing Proceeds	\$	1,000,000
4.4010.300	County I mancing I foceeds	* <u> </u>	· · ·
		\$	1,000,000
EXPENDITURE			
4.9118.900	Renovation - AHS	\$	1,000,000
		\$	1,000,000
Total Appropriation in Total Increase/Decrea	Current Budget se of above amendment	\$	27,357,845 1,000,000
Total Appropriation in	Current Amended Budget	\$	28,357,845

Passed by majority vote of the Board of Education of Asheboro City on the 10th day of February, 2022.

Chairman, Board of Education

Secretary

### **Asheboro City Schools**

### Asheboro High School - Project Budget Amendment February 10, 2022

Revenues	Total Project		
County of Randolph Appropriation	\$	30,826,477	
Total Revenues	\$	30,826,477	
Expenses	Т	otal Project	
Professional services - architect	\$	2,542,824	
Other services - surveying and testing		119,860	
Miscellaneous		586,221	
Noncapitalized equipment		1,060,000	
General construction		25,114,768	
Modular classrooms		1,402,804	
Total Asheboro High School Renovation	\$	30,826,477	

#### **Calendar of Upcoming Events**

February 10, 2022

Day	Date	Time	Event	Location
Tuesday	February 15	5:30 p.m.	Legislative Committee	Central Office
			Meeting	Boardroom
Friday	February 18	7:30 p.m.	All County Band	Journey Church
Thursday	February 24	6:00 p.m.	All County Chorus	Journey Church
Friday	February 25	12:00-4:00 p.m.	Visit from State Superintendent	TBD
Tuesday	March 1	4:00-6:00 p.m.	Unveiling Scoreboard Named After Lisa Robertson at AHS Softball Home Game	AHS
Tuesday	March 1	4:00-7:00 p.m.	Youth Art Month Reception	Randolph Arts Guild
Tuesday	March 1	10:00 a.m.	Middle School Battle of the Books Competition	North Asheboro Middle School
Wednesday	March 2	12:30 & 1:30 p.m.	Early Release Day for Professional Development	All Schools
Thursday- Friday	March 3-4	All Day	NCSBA Spring Law Conference	Virtual
Friday	March 4	7:00 p.m.	All County Band MAKEUP DATE if needed	Journey Church
Monday	March 7	6:00 p.m.	Randolph County Commissioners Meeting	Randolph County Old Courthouse
*Thursday	March 10	6:00 p.m.	Board of Education - Budget Work Session	TBD
*Thursday	March 10	7:30 p.m.	Board of Education Meeting	TBD
Tuesday	March 15	5:15 p.m.	Black Advisory Council Meeting	Central Office Boardroom
Thursday- Friday	March 17-18	10:00 a.m.	Greensboro Symphony Performance for 4 <sup>th</sup> Graders	Tanger Center, Greensboro
Monday	March 21	3:45 p.m.	Superintendent's Staff Advisory Council Meeting	Central Office Boardroom
Tuesday	March 22	9:30 a.m.	Elementary Battle of the Books Competition	Donna Lee Loflin Elementary School

Thursday	March 24	9:00-11:30 a.m.	PTEC Signature School	Koury Convention
			Breakfast Even	Center, Greensboro
*Friday	March 25	8:00-10:00 a.m.	Legislative Breakfast	South Asheboro
				Middle School
				Media Center
Tuesday	March 29	11:30 a.m.	Faith Based Advisory Council	Central Office
			Meeting	Boardroom
Tuesday	March 29	5:15 p.m.	Latino Advisory Council	Central Office
			Meeting	Boardroom
Thursday	March 31	6:00 p.m.	All County Chorus MAKEUP	Journey Church
			DATE if needed	