

My Asthma Action Plan For School

Name: DOB://	
Severity Classification: Intermittent Mild Persistent Moderate Persistent Severe Persistent	
Asthma Triggers (list):	
Peak Flow Meter Personal Best:	
Green Zone: Doing Well	
Symptoms: Breathing is good – No cough or wheeze – Can work and play – Sleeps well at night Peak Flow Meter (more than 80% of personal best)	
Flu Vaccine—Date received: Next flu vaccine due: COVID19 vaccine—Date received:	
Control Medicine(s) Medicine How much to take When and how often to take it Take at	
Home School	
Physical Activity Use Albuterol/Levalbuterol puffs, 15 minutes before activity with all activity when you feel you need it	
Yellow Zone: Caution	
Symptoms: Some problems breathing – Cough, wheeze, or tight chest – Problems working or playing – Wake at night	
Peak Flow Meter to (between 50% and 79% of personal best)	
Quick-relief Medicine(s) Albuterol/Levalbuterol puffs, every 20 minutes for up to 4 hours as needed	
Control Medicine(s) Continue Green Zone medicines	
Add Change to	
You should feel better within 20-60 minutes of the quick-relief treatment. If you are getting worse or are in the Yellow Zone for more than 24 hours, THEN follow the instructions in the RED ZONE and call the doctor right away!	
Red Zone: Get Help Now!	
Symptoms: Lots of problems breathing – Cannot work or play – Getting worse instead of better – Medicine is not helping Peak Flow Meter (less than 50% of personal best)	
Take Quick-relief Medicine NOW! Albuterol/Levalbuterol puffs, (how frequently)	
Call 911 immediately if the following danger signs are present: • Trouble walking/talking due to shortness of breath	
Lips or fingernails are blue Ciil in the red zero after 15 minutes	
Still in the red zone after 15 minutes	
School Staff: Follow the Yellow and Red Zone instructions for the quick-relief medicines according to asthma symptoms. The only control medicines to be administered in the school are those listed in the Green Zone with a check mark next to "Take at School".	
Both the Healthcare Provider and the Parent/Guardian feel that the child has demonstrated the skills to carry and self-administer their	
quick-relief inhaler, including when to tell an adult if symptoms do not improve after taking the medicine.	
Healthcare Provider	
Name Date Phone () Signature	
Parent/Guardian	
I give permission for the medicines listed in the action plan to be administered in school by the nurse or other school staff as appropriate.	
clinic providers necessary for asthma management and administration of this medicine.	
Name Date Phone () Signature	
School Nurse	
The student has demonstrated the skills to carry and self-administer their quick-relief inhaler, including when to tell an adult if symptoms do not improve after taking the medicine.	
Name Signature	
Please send a signed copy back to the provider listed above. 1-800-LUNGUSA Lung.org	

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1-800-LUNGUSA | Lung.org

MDI, DPI vs. Neb Inhalation Technique

Proper inhalation technique is important when using these medications.

Scan the QR Code to Access How-To Videos



Resources for Asthma

- https://www.nhlbi.nih.gov/files/docs/guidelines/asthma_grg.pdf Asthma Care Quick Reference
- American Lung Association www.lung.org/asthma

How to use your inhaler and spacer

Attach inhaler



1. Take the cap off the inhaler



Breathe **OUT** all the way 4



7. Breathe in **SLOWLY, DEEPLY**





2. Shake the inhaler for 5 seconds



off spacer



6. Press down here

5. Close lips around mouthpiece



if you can. Then breathe out slowly. 8. Hold your breath for 10 seconds



Lung Association's Lung HelpLine respiratory therapist for one-onone, free support the American You can also connect with a at 1-800-LUNGUSA.

visit Lung.org/asthma.

If you need another puff of medicine, wait 1 minute then repeat steps 5-9.

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handouts, tutorials and resources, For more asthma videos,

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9. Rinse with water and SPIT OUT